



Prince of Pontecorvo or Field Marshal Bernadotte of Paris



by Josef Kemény 18/04/2014



Swedish texts from the 19th century have been transferred into modern English throughout this document.

VILLE D'AJACCIO



It all started with **Napoleon I of France**, born on August 15, 1769, (his sign was Leo) in Ajaccio, Corsica (as **Napoleone Buonaparte**, later **Napoléon Bonaparte**). He was also called "Lion of Corsica". His greatest idol was the pagan Julius Caesar.

VILLE D'AJACCIO



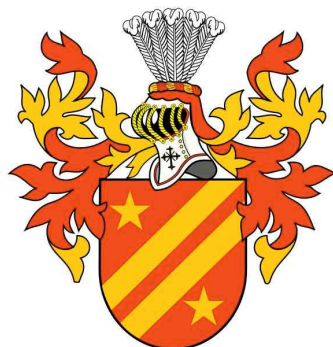
Note that I in this context use material which is also privately accessible and I interpret it according to my knowledge. I edited this material from a religious point of view, since religion governs and affects policy.

Napoleon maintained that it was in Brienne, at the age of nine, he lost his faith in God because his teachers and the clergy suggested that Julius Caesar burned in hell. Caesar was Napoleon's greatest idol. As early as at the age of nine, Napoleon decided to eliminate the Holy See. My view is that Napoleon was a reincarnation of Judah, the Lion of Judah, James's fourth son. Judah and Reuben, James's first-born son and Benjamin, his youngest son, got on well together. There are strong indications that Judah's reincarnation connect with Napoleon.

The Directory

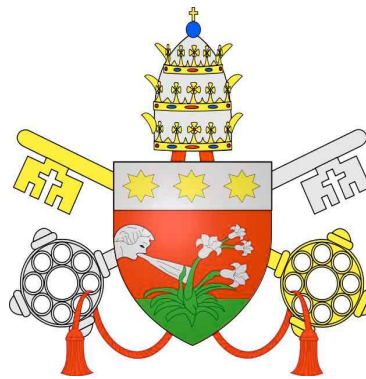
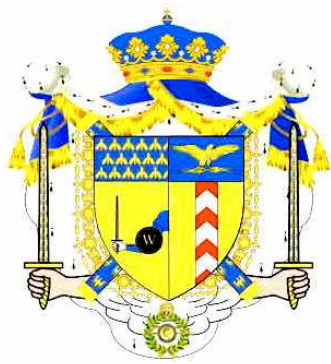
The Directory (French: *Le Directoire*), is a political term for the agency which possessed the executive power in France from the dissolution of the National Convention in October, 1795 to the Consulate assumption of power in November, 1799. Power was split between five directors in this last phase of the French revolution preceding Napoleon and the first empire.

The new political and military French situation kept Napoleon occupied. On March 27, 1796, the French with Napoleon as supreme commander entered Italy and defeated eternal Rome, where the pope has his headquarters and forced him into a peace agreement in Tolentino. The year after, on February 20, 1797, the French Marshal Louis Alexandre Berthier captured Pope Pius VI and imprisoned him until 1799, thereby paralyzing the Holy See to a certain extent. Napoleon and Berthier became life-long good friends.



Bonaparte, Napoleon
Supreme Commander of the Italian army 1796

Pius VI, (1775–1799), Giovanni Angelo Braschi
252, 96 Apostolic pilgrim



Louis Alexandre Berthier, Marshal of France 1797

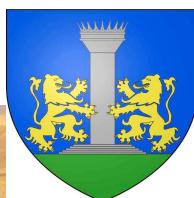
Pius VI, (1775–1799), Giovanni Angelo Braschi
252, 96 Apostolic pilgrim

Pope Pius VI died in prison in Valence on August 29, 1799. When the fatally ill pope asked to remain in Rome to die there, he received the answer: “You can die anywhere.” There was a war going on the Vatican was secretly very involved. At that time there was freedom of religion in France



If we analyze Pope Pius VI's coat of arms we find strange items. A youngster or a boy tries to blow away white lilies from the Catholic Church. Four white lilies are symbols of, among other things, Man's family members. More info at *Architects' Protector* and *Omnipotent Akhenaten*, p. 26. This young man is the Lion of Corsica/Judah symbolized by three six-pointed stars of David. The six-pointed star is transformed into an eight-pointed star, a change of identities. In other words: The Lion is killed and is replaced by the Lamb or the Bull at the End of Times. By removing the Catholic Church, all of Christianity falls apart. This weapon was directly aimed at France and those in power.

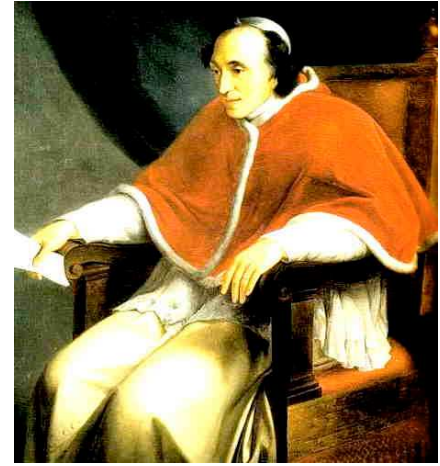
After this Napoleon, the Lion of Corsica, started to look towards Egypt. Apart from his army, Napoleon brought with him numerous scientists. After the French victory his followers could marvel at the traces of the ancient culture they encountered. The Frenchman Champollion was the man who, a few decades later managed to interpret the Egyptian hieroglyphs. He used the so-called Rosetta stone which displayed two texts with identical contents, one with Greek characters and one with hieroglyphs.



Napoleon, Lion of Corsica

The Lion of Corsica, Napoleon, before the Sphinx which illustrates Pharaoh Khufu, the Lion of Giza. Khufu's sons, Djedefra and Khafre built the Giza Sphinx to honor their father and wish him good luck on his long journey all the way to the end of time. Khufu was later on reincarnated as Tutankhamun with the name David in Judah's family tree. Napoleon was there to look back in time and make sure that Khufu's (Tibor E's) reincarnation at the end of times would take place without any involvement of the Church. It was vital for Napoleon to abolish the Catholic Church forever. More info at *Foundation Stone*, pp 56-57. He also visited Alexandria, Caesarion, the Lion of Alexandria.

Despite French success against the Mamluk army, the operation was a one-way-street and Napoleon's strength was needed elsewhere. Admiral Nelson had also managed to find the French fleet and defeated it naval battle. Napoleon decided to sail home. He was lucky again. Chased by the English navy he managed to get back to France where he seriously engaged in top-level politics.



Pius VII, (1800–1823), (Barnaba Niccolò Maria Luigi Chiaramonti)
253, 97 Rapacious eagle

After the death of Pope Pius VI, the new pope, Cardinal Chiaramonti, was elected on March 14, 1800. He chose the same name as his predecessor, Pius, Pius VII.



The pope's personal coat of arms which illustrates his program against Napoleon. The foundation was peace, three 6-pointed Stars of David, three black heads, Corsica's coat of arms.

Corsica's coat of arms, Lion of Corsica.

The pope's personal coat of arms which illustrates his program against Napoleon. The foundation was peace, three 8-pointed Stars, three black heads, Corsica's coat of arms.

This is an expressive coat of arms. The pope's coat of arms displayed **Corsica's** coat of arms, where Napoleon, Lion of Corsica/Judah was born. Note: In 1800 Napoleon was not the ruler of France, but in the pope's coat of arms we clearly see that his program was directed against Napoleon and his extinction. The Holy See knew who Napoleon was and that the Lion of Corsica was to rule in and outside France. The message is very cunning: peace (secret, dark diplomacy) was the pope's most important issue, the same strategy used by Pope Leo I against Attila.

The Coup of 18 Brumaire

In the month of Brumaire (November) he carried out a coup d'état against the National Assembly. It had two chambers and one of those, *Council of Ancients*, received his leadership offer with hesitant mumbling. Many disapproved of the way The Directory governed the realm and Napoleon's military success had made him popular. In the *Council of Five Hundred*, however, his offer aroused anger and several members attacked him. For once, Napoleon lost his head and fainted. The situation was saved by his brother, President of the Council. He managed to create order in the Assembly. Napoleon recovered, left the premises and returned with the grenadiers (an elite force) with whose help he carried out the coup d'état.

He appointed himself First Consul and was assisted by two provisional consuls. Later on Napoleon carried out a referendum concerning his new position. Three million French voters voted yes, only 1,500 were against. People generally wanted law and order to be restored and believed that Napoleon was the right man to do this.

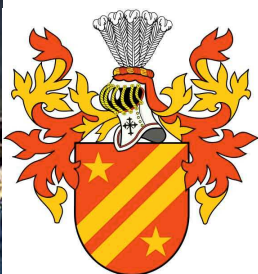
Domestic politics

Napoleon also took care of the task of organizing his realm. He created a hierarchic system of governing. At the top of each department was a prefect, the regions were led by sub prefects and each municipality had its *maire*. These officials were recruited from all estates, the revolutionary idea of equality was allowed to survive. He also expanded the road network and established a national unified code of law based on the ideas from the revolution on equality before the law. To raise the level of knowledge he established boarding schools, *lycées*. In 1802 Napoleon proclaimed a referendum which appointed him Consul for life. In order to control the opposition he initiated a police state. The church and clergy were excluded from all positions of power.

Concordat of July 15, 1801



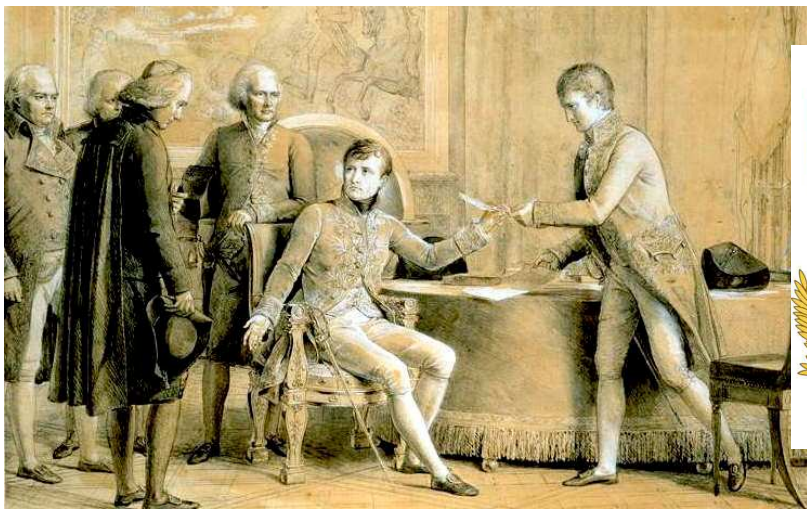
Bonaparte Napoleon, the first Consul, 1801



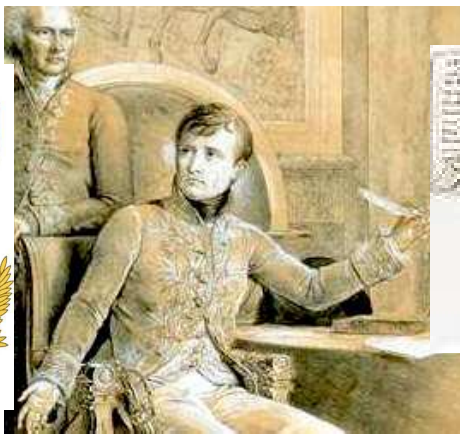
Pius VII, (1800–1823), (Barnaba Niccolò Maria Luigi Chiaramonti)
253, 97 Rapacious eagle



The concordat between France and the Vatican. The Holy See with Cardinals Encore Consalvi, Giovanni Caprara and Bartolomeo Pacca

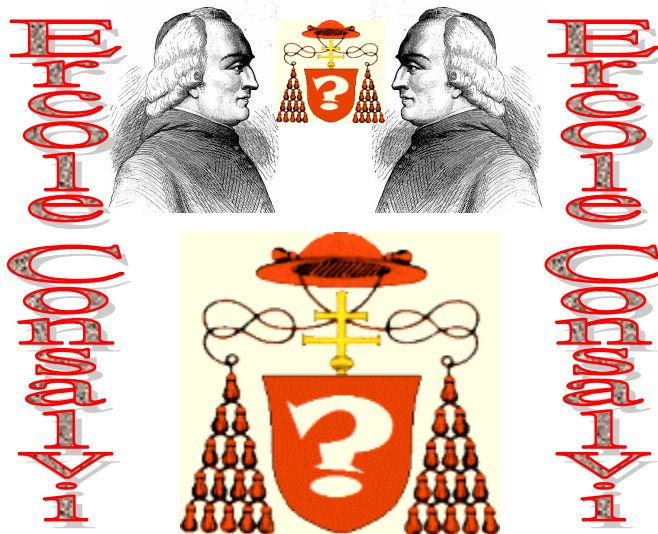


Principal characters were Napoleon representing France, his closest allies, and Pope Pius VII representing the Holy See, the Vatican and the Catholic religion. The pope with his advisor, Cardinal Consalvi.



On July 15, 1801, Napoleon and the pope signed the Concordat.

The concordat was mostly about strong restriction directed at the papal power. The French state assumed the rules of the religion, the basic structure to dissolve the Holy See and its power. Among other things, Napoleon introduced freedom of religion and democracy, no one was forced to believe in God. In other words: The pope was stripped of almost all his power.



Ercole Consalvi, cardinal and undersecretary of state 1800-24, a close advisor and confidant of the pope. Within the Vatican and the Catholic clergy the big question was: What will happen now? They were certainly afraid of Napoleon and he was not far from being the only one ruling France. "Knowledge" and silent diplomacy were the strength of the Roman clergy. Since the pope and his entourage knew who Napoleon was and were familiar with his final goals concerning the Holy See, they also knew that time was not yet ripe to abolish Christianity and papal power. Pius VII was number 91 out of 112 popes on St Malachy's list of popes. They were worried because Napoleon was only at the beginning of his career and power. The pope could only avoid provoking Napoleon and use silent diplomacy within his alliance. Cardinal Consalvi was an important tool in this context.



On December 2, 1804, Napoleon was crowned emperor of France. Pope Pius VII was invited to the coronation. Napoleon crowned himself before the pope, a demonstration which stated that he was the Ruler of Europe, not the pope, the Church and clergy.



A worried pope. Napoleon's way of crowning himself reduced the pope's power. It came as a bolt from the blue. Most kings of Europe were crowned by the current pope, demonstrating papal power. But in this case he just had to watch, powerless. One of his most important cardinals, Caprara, was at his side, to his right. He also looks sad. I wonder: What did the pope think about? Here Napoleon, the Lion of Corsica, really entered his program and coat of arms.

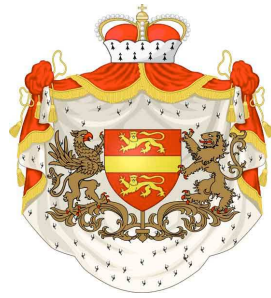


Giovanni Battista Caprara Montecuccoli

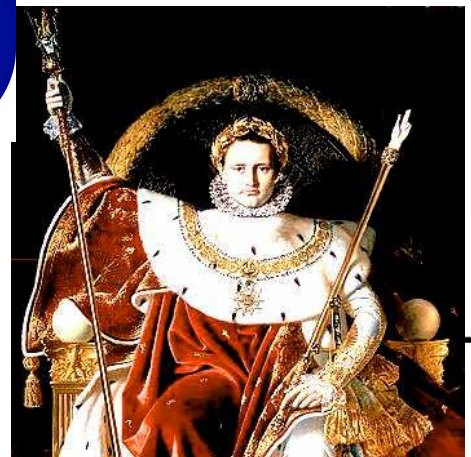
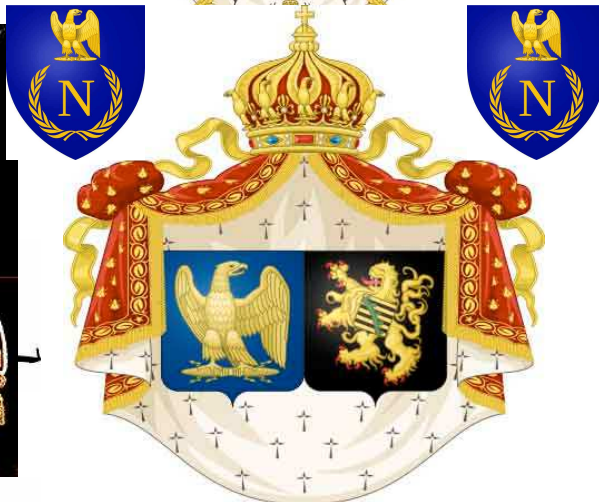




Cardinal Caprara was Pope Pius VII's important right hand, advisor and an excellent diplomat. He died in Paris on June 21, 1810. He was, among other things, a nuncio in the Austrian/Hungarian monarchy. He was elected cardinal by Pius VI. He was part of the conclave of March 13-14, 1800, where Pius VII was elected. He was also the archbishop of Milan and he transferred Pope Pius VI's remains from Valence to Rome. His coat of arms tells us how important he was to the pope.



Napoleon I, 1804-1814, 1815-1815



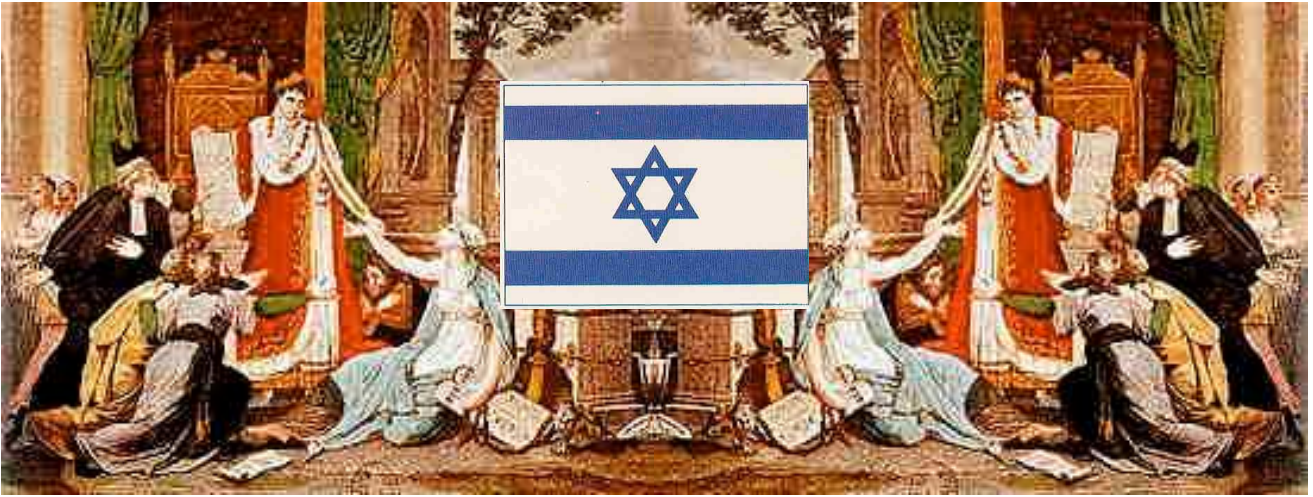
Napoleon

Napoleon I, 1804-1814, 1815-1815

Napoleon

Napoleon Bonaparte, Napoleon I and his coat of arms. The eagle is a symbol of Julius Caesar's eagle. The lion is a symbol of the Lion of Corsica and Judah. Napoleon's final goal was to permanently abolish the Holy See.

Napoleon and the Jews



Napoleon liberated the Jews and rumors suggested he was the promised Messiah

For the first time in his life, Napoleon visited a Jewish ghetto in Ancona on February 9, 1797. He ordered the inhabitants to throw away the yellow hats and replace them by the colors of the French flag. He did the same thing in several cities, e.g. Rome, Venice, Verona and Padua. He abolished inquisition. He believed in equality, regardless of nationality or religion. In 1806 the Jews founded a representative congregation elected by the Jewish community. It was named *Sanhedrin*, "The Great Council."

European reactions:

The first person to react against the Sanhedrin was the Russian tsar Alexander I and the Orthodox Church which protested against Napoleon's policy on religions. In a proclamation he called Napoleon Antichrist and God's enemy. The Most Holy Synod in Moscow stated that Napoleon founded a Jewish Sanhedrin which was equal to the tribunal which long ago crucified the Lord Jesus Christ.

In Austria Chancellor Metternich wrote: "I fear the Jews believe that Napoleon is their promised Messiah. In Prussia the Lutheran Church was extremely hostile. In Italy, in Rome, the reactions were not that strong. The Holy See knew exactly who Napoleon was, their level of knowledge surpassed the rest of Europe. The London reaction was unanimous and rejected the Sanhedrin doctrine. Historical documents confirm that the Christian church and its supporters were Judaism's worst enemy despite the fact that Jesus was never crucified.



1805-05-18

1805-05-18

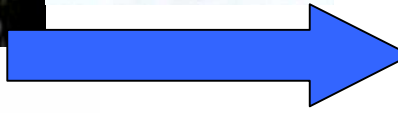


On May 26 he was crowned king of Italy with the iron crown of Lombardy and instituted the Order of the Iron Crown. The iron crown is a symbol of the fact that no Jesus was crucified since iron is a hard metal. The Order of the Iron Cross replaces The Society of Jesus and The Royal Order of the Seraphim. The iron crown is a symbol of hardness and that the emperor will not change his mind about the abolition of the Holy See.

06/07/1809



Napoleons



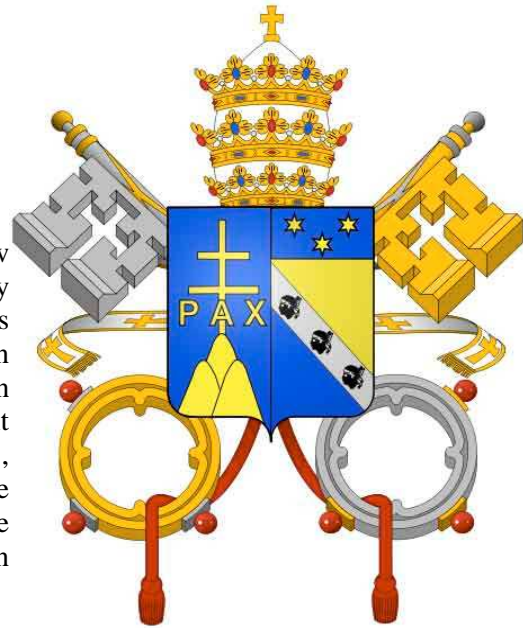
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Napoleon I, 1804-1814, 1815-1815



Napoleon's coat of arms in Italy,
Rome/The Vatican.

At the center is an illustration of how the Serpent eats and kills the Jewish boy the Lion of Judah and takes over his identity. It happened in Palestine, in Jerusalem to Joseph Jr, it happened in Hungary, in Esztergom to Vajk and it happened now, at the beginning of 1971, in Stockholm, to Tibor E. In all three cases the church, the clergy and the monarchy were manifestly involved in the change of identities.



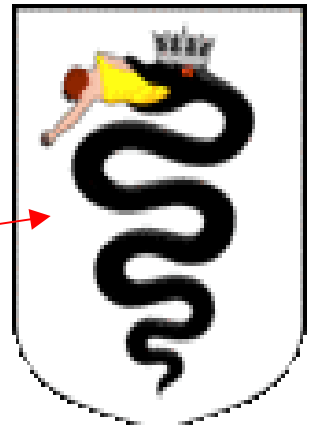
As I have already mentioned, Napoleon knew who he was and the nature of his assignment. His greatest and worst enemy was The Holy See.

Napoleon had a rough sketch of how to get rid of the Holy See. He knew exactly what to do.

Gregorius X, (1271–1276), Tedaldo Visconti

186, 23. Snaky man

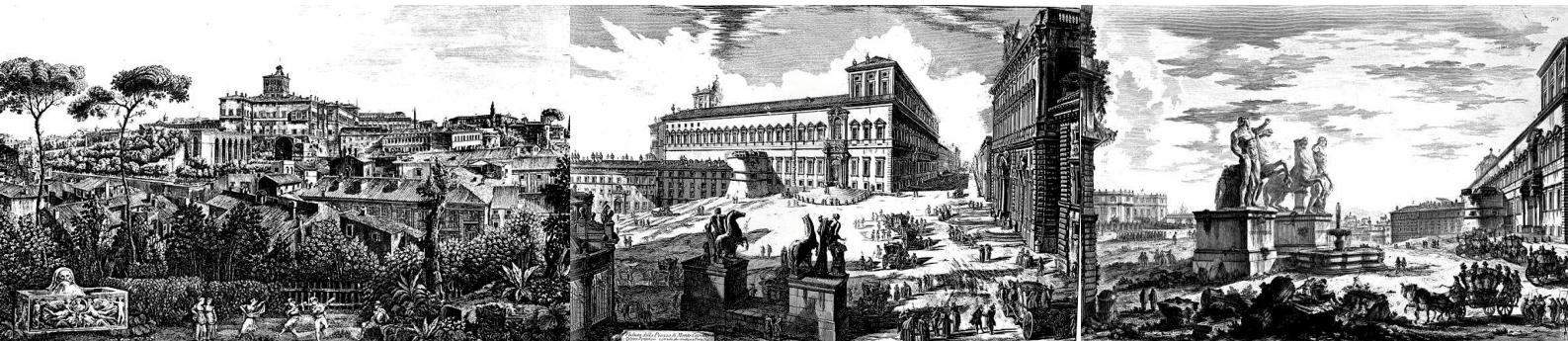
The Visconti family's coat of arms



Napoleon/France against Pius VII/the Vatican/Italy.
Napoleon in his imperial outfit, the iron crown and the Order of the Iron Crown against the pope.



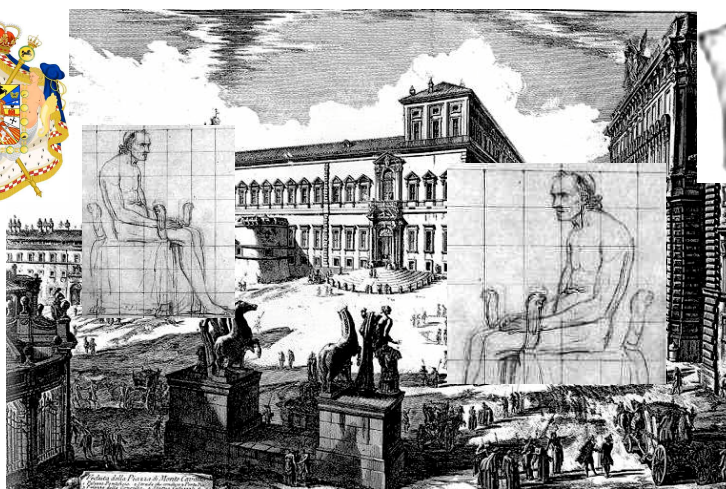
After the victory at Wagram in 1809, the power in Europe mainly belonged to France. Napoleon designated Rome to be an imperial city, incorporated the rest of the Vatican into France and declared the eternal end of papal power, the Vatican. The pope answered by a bull of excommunication in which he condemned everyone who opposed the Holy See. Napoleon's name was not to be found in the bull. He had it spread in secrecy by nailing it to the entry doors of the churches. When Napoleon learnt about its contents he said nothing at first, but after about a month he announced his final decision.



The Quirinal Palace on Quirinal Hill, one of Rome's seven hills, at the time of Napoleon and Pius VII



Joachim Murat. (1767-1815)
Marshal of France
King of Naples.

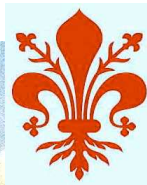
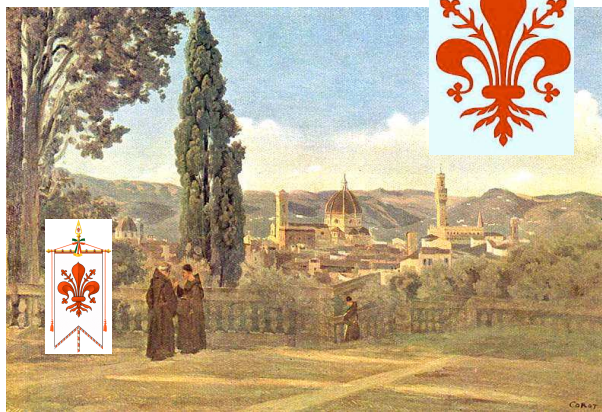


On July 6, 1809, at half past ten in the evening, the pope took a bath and then went to bed.



General Étienne, Baron Radet
(1762-1825)

At eleven o'clock in the evening of **July 6, 1809**, General Radet attacked the Quirinal Palace and the pope after orders by Marshal Murat, king of Naples. He was going to bed when the French troops surrounded the palace. General Radet learnt that the pope was in his bed and Cardinal Pacca on his way to bed. Radet directly entered the pope's bedroom and told him that his orders were to arrest him and the cardinal. Cardinal Pacca knew what it was about and asked the general about time to pack their things. "About an hour", Radet answered.



Consummatum est



In the middle of the night, in the dark, the pope and the cardinal were taken from the Quirinal Palace to Florence, surrounded by French troops commanded by General Radet.



After some time Pope Pius VII and Cardinal Pacca were taken from Florence to Savona. They were prisoners there for three years, to 1812, without knowing anything about their future. This happened in 1809.

1809, Kingdom of Sweden, the coup d'état



Gustav IV Adolf, 1792–1809
Motto: God and the People

Gustav Adolf IV, 1778-1837, was king of Sweden between 1792 and 1809. During the Napoleonic wars he consistently sided against Napoleon, which eventually led to war with Finland and the loss of the eastern half of the realm. The discontent was so strong that he was dethroned after a coup d'état in 1809 and spent the rest of his life in increasingly poor circumstances. He was the son of King Gustav III and Sofia Magdalena and married to Fredrika of Baden.

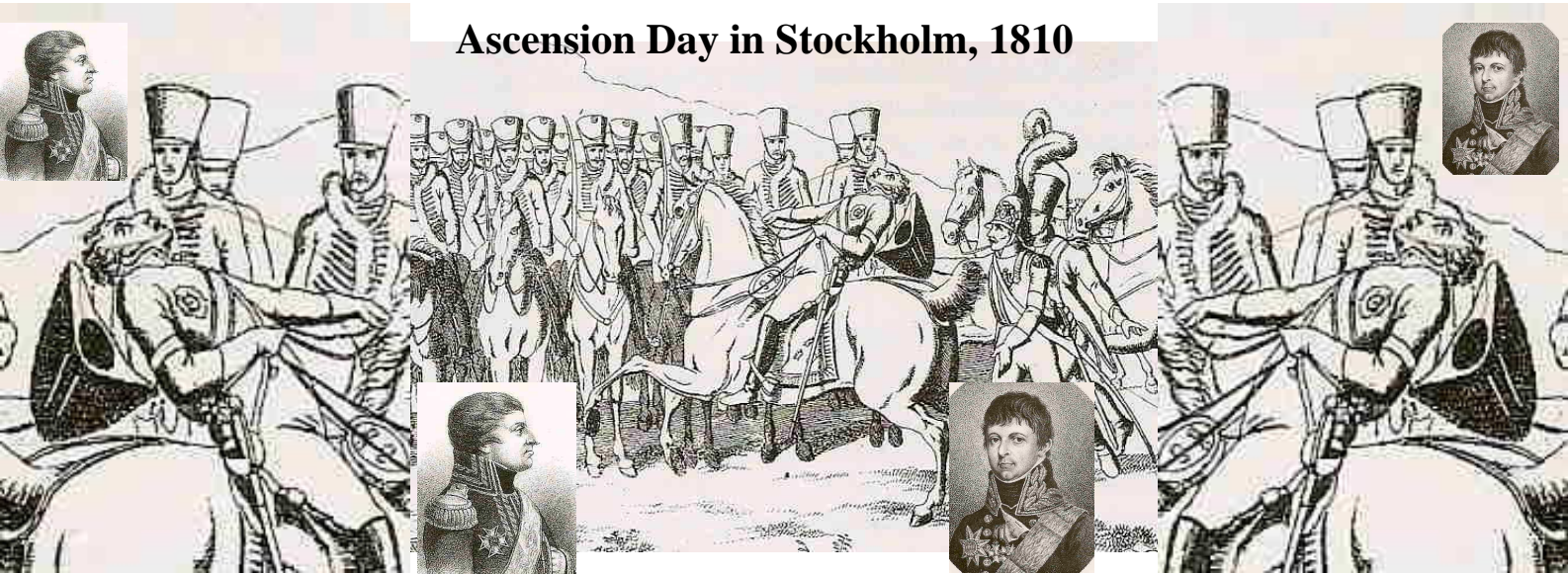


Karl XIII, March 13, 1809–February 5, 1818
Motto: Welfare of my People my Highest Law

Gustav III's son, Gustav Adolf IV, at first became the new king and during his reign Finland was lost and Pomerania was periodically occupied by Napoleon. This resulted in Gustav's dethronement. Then Karl XIII became a puppet on a string and was forced to adopt the Danish Prince Charles August who, however died from a stroke in 1810.

1810, Kingdom of Sweden, the coup d'état

Ascension Day in Stockholm, 1810



At a military troop event at Kvidinge Hed in Scania on May 28, 1810, the successor to the throne, Charles August, falls from his horse and dies, probably suffering from a stroke. This caused great commotion and there were rumors of poisoning.



Axel von Fersen
1755-1810



The murder of Axel von Fersen on June 20, 1810.



Sophie von Fersen
1767-1816

Hans Axel von Fersen, a.k.a. *Axel von Fersen Jr.*, born on September 4 1755 in Stockholm, died (murdered) on June 20, 1810, was a Swedish Count, Lieutenant General, Marshal of the Realm, Ambassador and one of the Lords of the Realm. He was son of Field Marshal Axel von Fersen Sr. and his wife, Hedvig Catharina de la Gardie.

Axel von Fersen and his sister Sophie von Fersen were *Gustavians*, who earlier on had recommended that the succession to the throne should be directed at Prince Gustav, the son of Gustav Adolf IV. When Crown Prince Charles August died, succession became an issue again. The noblemen who had dethroned Gustav Adolf IV had strong reasons to avoid having the dethroned king's son on the throne. Therefore a rumor was spread that Charles August had been poisoned by the Fersen family. Various libellous pamphlets were also distributed.

The lynching of Axel von Fersen on June 20, 1810, outside the Bonde Palace in Stockholm is called the **Fersen Murder**. He was the Marshal of the Realm and, during the funeral procession of Charles August, he was attacked and brutally murdered by an enraged crowd. Soldiers on duty nearby did not intervene. I will return to this later on.

The crucial events during the 1810 succession elections are performed in three acts:

Act one: Ascension Day in Stockholm 1810

Act two: Midsummer in Paris 1810

Act three: Örebro in August 1810



Lars von Engeström
Prime Minister for Foreign
Affairs, 1809-1826



Georg Adlersparre
Count, officer, Cabinet
Minister, 1760-1845



Carl Otto Mörner, Writer
Baron, Soldier, Deputy County
Governor, 1781-1868



Gustaf af Wetterstedt
Count, Lord of the Realm,
1776-1837

Ascension Day in Stockholm, 1810

The first act of the drama: Stockholm

Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs **Lars von Engeström** did in *A Story about the Succession After the Death of Crown Prince Charles August on May 28, 1810* describe the start of it all. The text, by his own hand, has been written close to what actually happened. He writes: "Ascension Day was on May 3. The crown prince's private secretary Mr. Kullberg came to Engeström at around ten o'clock in the morning, just as he was on his way out. Kullberg looked dismayed. "What is the matter," asked Engeström "are you ill?" "No, the crown prince is dead", he answered. Engeström's perplexity cannot be described.

The first thing Engeström did after having been told that the crown prince was dead was to convene the members of the government for an unofficial meeting. At this meeting, in the afternoon of May 31, it was suggested that King Charles XII should write to Napoleon and ask for his advice. The election of the successor was de facto handed over to Napoleon. But before this was carried out, **Georg Adlersparre** intervened and put a stop to the plans.



Frederick Christian
of Augustenburg

As soon as he heard about the death of Charles August, **Adlersparre** hurried to the king. He was an old, influential friend and confidant of the king. Now he used that position and insistently advocated Charles August's brother, Frederick Christian of Augustenburg as a new successor.

The following day, June 1, the cabinet met to decide what was to be done. The king opened the meeting by describing the situation. His survey followed Adlersparre's conclusions closely and the end result was almost identical to his points of view: assemble the parliament, invite the Duke of Augustenburg to Stockholm and send a letter to Napoleon to ask his advice. In the letter, Adlersparre would suggest that the Duke of Augustenburg was the man the king would prefer as his successor.



Frederick Christian
of Augustenburg



Lars von Engeström
Prime Minister For
Foreign Affairs 1809-26

Everything seemed to be solved: king and cabinet recommended Frederick of Augustenburg. But after that, the issue did not develop as smoothly as planned by the King in Council in 1810 and outlined in the letter to Napoleon which was posted shortly thereafter.



Georg Adlersparre
Count, Officer, Member
of Cabinet, 1760-1845

Lars von Engeström, born on December 24, 1751 in Stockholm, died August 19, 1826. Count, diplomat, poli-tician and prime minister for foreign affairs 1809-26.

He was the son of Bishop and deputy chancellor Johannes Engeström and Margareta Benzelskierna, daughter of Arch Bishop Jacob Benzelius of the Bure family and Katarina Edenberg. Against the election of Charles John Bernadotte.



Midsummer in Paris, 1810

The second act of the drama: Paris

In the afternoon of June 20, 1810, two Swedish couriers arrived in Paris. They came in order to officially give a message to Emperor Napoleon that the Crown Prince of Sweden, Charles August had died and that his probable successor was Prince Frederick Christian of Augustenburg, brother of the deceased.

The two couriers were Chief Aide August Anckarsvärd and Lieutenant Carl Otto Mörner. They had had a lot of time to consider events during their trip to Paris. Everything in Sweden seemed to go wrong and the brilliance of the Swedish Empire was gone. Finland was lost in an unsuccessful war. The coup d'état of 1809 had certainly exiled the odious king, Gustav Adolf IV, but what had come instead?



Carl Otto Mörner: writer, baron, soldier, deputy county governor, 1781-1868



Johan August Anckarsvärd
soldier, politician, agrarian developer, chief aide,
1783-1874

An exhausted – and childless king. Charles XIII! He and his government were certainly not the most efficient. There were many problems in the country, not least financial issues. Above all this, the crown prince died shortly after having fallen from his horse. Soon a miscellaneous flow of rumors went round: it was murder by poison. Axel von Fersen, Marshal of the Realm and a close friend of the exiled royal family was pointed out as the one responsible for the murder. At this time there was freedom of religion in Europe and Pope VII was imprisoned by Napoleon.

The couriers came to Paris with the king's letter to Napoleon. As soon as they handed over the letter and the dispatch to the person concerned, they visited Marshal Bernadotte and gave him a letter, written by Mörner:

Mon Prince!

Voire modestie ne pourra ebranier mes opinions, et j'aspère celle de la partie plus saine de mes Compatriotes. Il ne faut à la Suède ni un Danois, ni un Russe, ni un Enfant, qui entrainerait une minorité et par consequent notre perte. C'est en conformité de ces principes, que je dois parler, soit à mon Souverain, soit à la Diète; je declererai donc à l'un et à l'autre, que je pense, qu'il faut de preference à notre Patrie un Francais, qui adopte notre Religion, et qui soit connu par ses talents, son courage et l'estime de l'auguste Empereur de France, a la famille duquel il tient, etant beaufrere du Roi d'Espagne, enfin qui a un fils, aussi agé pour le remplacer sans regence, quand le cours de la Nature l'exigera. Je n' imagine pas me tromper en considérant cette manière de voir pourra être adopté si votre grand Empereur n'a pas d'autres vûes sur vous; mais en entreant à Votre sujet dans celles, que je crois conformes à celles du plus grand nombre des Suedois et même de l'Armée, il rendra un service, propre à lui concilier leur eternelle reconnaissance. Quoiqu'il en soit, rien ne m'empêchera d'exprimer mon vœu personel à la Diète et dans tout état, de cause, j'aurais du moins la conviction de n'avoir en d'autre but, que de servir ma Patrie et de rendre un just hommage à Vos vertues.



The Swedish Ambassador in Paris was General Fabian Wrede. Mörner and Anckarsvärd also visited him and told him what they had done. Sources also tell us that Bernadotte, immediately upon Wrede's visit, turned to Napoleon with a summary of what had happened. We must note in this context that he did not say that the offer had come from Lieutenant Mörner but only mentions his conversation with Ambassador Wrede. Wrede's own recollections of the chain of events is to be found in a confidential report to the prime minister for foreign affairs, written down the day after the meeting with Bernadotte.

Wrede reports that Mörner had called on him to tell him about his visit to Bernadotte and his request that Bernadotte be the successor to the Swedish throne (it is strange that Wrede does not mention Chief Aide Anckarsvärd at all). Wrede then states that he had always suspected that Napoleon, deep inside, would prefer somebody else, previously not discussed, as a successor. By the Bernadotte alternative he believed he had "seen enlightenment" and decided to do everything to support this. After his summary of his conversation with Bernadotte he discussed Napoleon's standpoint and underlined that he could not with any certainty say, without comprising himself, more than that he personally believed that the emperor wished to support Bernadotte. Wrede's own point of view is clear from the way he describes Bernadotte:



Fabian Wrede

colonel, lieutenant general, member of cabinet, field marshal 1760-1824

"If your excellence asks me what I think of Prince Pontecorvo I willingly state that I deeply respect him, not only as a statesman and commander but also as a virtuous and noble man. Vox populi, vox dei: all of Germany and France believe so. In his personal life he is a true example without comparison: good man, good father, good supervisor, he is loved by everybody surrounding him. A kind of personal independence is probably at the bottom of the suspicion that he is not that loved by the emperor – I have however seen them together many times without being able to spot the reason behind this suggestion. Everybody knows that the emperor holds him in high esteem. Now I have said everything I know about the Prince of Pontecorvo – everything I have done in connection with Mörner's étourderie – I have been a kind of diplomat here, I have acted accordingly– in Sweden I am simply a baron and I give my vote to anyone who deserves it."



Fabian Wrede

colonel, lieutenant general, member of cabinet, field marshal 1760-1824



Prince of Pontecorvo
Field Marshal Bernadotte of Paris
1806-1810

In his report, Ambassador Wrede gives a different picture of his own role, of his conversation with Bernadotte, than what we can see in the letter from Bernadotte to Napoleon. It was Bernadotte who, according to Wrede, had raised the issue of successor to the throne, had immediately asked if he knew Mörner, and had requested to know what Wrede honestly thought, both about person and issue. "Concerning the person", Wrede wrote in his report: "you can see from his body and particularly from his démarche, that he is a young étourdie and enthusiast." Concerning the issue, Wrede did not doubt that several people supported Bernadotte, but he could not say if this point of view was more or less general.

Everything he knew, he maintained, was that he had not officially heard anything about it. Then he himself is said to have added that the reasons against the election of Bernadotte could be religion, language and the fact that "the emperor did not think very highly of him."

Bernadotte, however, maintains in his letter to Napoleon, that it was Wrede who raised the issue and that he had underlined that the king's support of Frederick Christian was enforced by circumstances and did not come from the bottom of his heart. Since then things had changed, Wrede stated, and the mood in the country would decidedly favor the election of him, i.e. Bernadotte, if only the emperor would say yes.

If we need to choose one version of Bernadotte's and Wrede's conversation, everything indicates that Bernadotte's version seems more truthful. Wrede could easily have openly stated that he, in Paris, directly worked against the proposal the king of Sweden and his government had put forward in their letter to Napoleon.

Wrede was in fact, without any doubts, behind Mörner's proposal and encouraged Bernadotte that, if Napoleon gave his consent, offer himself as a candidate in the election of a Swedish successor to the throne.



Fabian Wrede
colonel, lieutenant general, member of cabinet, field marshal, 1760-1824



Emperor Napoleon
1810





Prince of Pontecorvo
Field Marshal Bernadotte of Paris
1806-1810

Field Marshal Bernadotte was interested, he obviously saw it as the chance of his life. During the whole winter of 1809-10 he had been relieved of all his duties of being a French marshal, he was, in other words, out of work or redundant. He and his whole family were deeply religious Catholics. After Napoleon had imprisoned Pius VII in the summer of 1809 and limited the mobility of the clergy, Bernadotte offered resistance to Napoleon. According to a popular tall story from this period, Bernadotte had a tattoo with the words *Death to Kings*. As a matter of fact the future king said what follows: ***"Being a republican both by principle and conviction, I wish, to the moment of my death, fight all royalists."*** Then Pope Pius VII was imprisoned. Napoleon wanted to have Bernadotte at a distance. When the succession proposal was delivered, Bernadotte was on his way to Rome to take office as the governor general of the Vatican. Napoleon was happy about the proposal.



Prince of Pontecorvo
Field Marshal Bernadotte of Paris
1806-1810

At the beginning of July Mörner and Anckarsvärd returned to Stockholm. With the help of Court Chancellor Gustaf af Wetterstedt, the man who sent Mörner as a double courier to Paris, the two men were granted an audience with Prime Minister Lars von Engeström. From his "Memories and Notations" we borrow what follows: "It hurts me, I said, that there was no time for you to enjoy yourselves in Paris. What brings you home so early? Do you have good or bad news? "Good news", he answered. Well, thank God. We are not used to that. Where are your dispatches? "I have no dispatches, I did not want to receive anything from baron Lagerbjelke."



Carl Otto Mörner, writer
baron, soldier, deputy
county governor,
1781-1868



Gustaf af Wetterstedt
count, lord of the realm,
1776-1837



Lars von Engeström
Prime minister for
foreign affairs
1809-1826



Hans Henrik Erik
von Essen
count, politician
1755-1824

"What then, do you bring?" "That I have persuaded the Prince of Pontecorvo to receive the Swedish Crown." How could you speak to him about that without any mandate?" "in Paris they talked about the king of Denmark. If he is chosen, Sweden will become a Danish province. Our only salvation is the prince of Pontecorvo." "Are you sure he will say yes, that we do not compromise twice?" "Well, yes, I have here a letter." "From him to you?" "No, from me to him." "What does that prove?" During this conversation, His Excellency Count Essen came into the room. As he spotted mine and Wetterstedt's amazement, he asked about its cause. I asked Mörner to tell him. When he had finished, Essen said: "My boy, you should be where neither sun nor moon shines on you." From these memories we can clearly see that Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs Engeström did not know that Chief Adjutant August Anckarsvärd had accompanied Carl Otto Mörner to Paris. Not Wetterstedt, as we see from the text. We can also clearly see that neither Mörner nor Wetterstedt had permission or mandate. Travelling to Paris with a political assignment at a very high level, in connection with a new successor to the Swedish throne, is unthinkable. Was it Anckarsvärd who in fact had the mandate? Why did not Wetterstedt mention that he did not accompany Mörner to Paris and why was also Mörner silent about this? According to Essen, Mörner committed a crime.



Gustaf Lagerbjelke, court chancellor, undersecretary of state for foreign affairs and undersecretary of state, 1777-1837. In a "private book of sermons" by him to the prime minister for foreign affairs we can read about his opinion of Mörner's journey to Paris: *In deepest confidence. Mörner knew in Stockholm that the King in Council had written to the emperor about the succession, he said so to General Wrede. But for God's sake, do not say anything to the general, who has secretly confided in me that Mörner seemed to believe that he had acted constitutionally, but the king believed otherwise. It is frantic. Your Excellency may think that Mörner has not come up with this himself, but has received it from other individuals.*



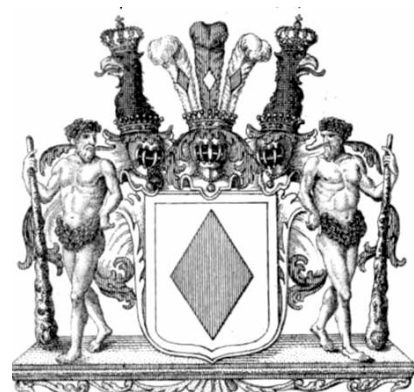
This is still an issue today, did he have the mandate or not? Gustaf Lagerbielke, in a contemporary dispatch to the prime minister for foreign affairs, maintains that he was sure that Mörner had acted as a tool for other interests and that some unknown persons in Sweden had taken advantage of his youth and inexperience.

Any evidence that Mörner had acted in other people's interest has never been introduced. If it happened, the suspicions mainly point at Mörner's future brother-in-law, Court Chancellor Wetterstedt, a leading man in the French party in Sweden. In the cabinet meeting of June 1 he was the only one to oppose the suggestion that the King, in his letter to Napoleon, would point out a certain candidate and recommended that it was up to Napoleon to decide. It was also Wetterstedt who suggested two couriers to Paris and Mörner was to travel as an extra courier. The infringement on professional secrecy, commented by Lagerbielke in his book of sermons, must be attributed to Wetterstedt. Now we are getting close to revealing the true version of the succession and who were behind the events.



The report to the king is, concerning Mörner, written in a flattering language:

Second Lieutenant Baron Otto Mörner; I have often taken advantage of this skilled Officer's knowledge and have, with my own eyes witnessed his resolution in battle. Lieutenant Colonel Drufva highly recommends him.



The von Schwerin family's coat of arms 1787

Eberhard Ernst Götthard von Vegesack
General, 1763-1818

Concerning General von Vegesack's statement to Count von Schwerin (above): When the count requested too complicated instructions to himself during the general's absence from Lappfjärd, General von Vegesack finally said this to everybody around:

I ask of you to follow the adjutant's advice, then you can be sure you will act militarily correct.

This statement about Mörner can even more certify that he was used to taking orders from higher levels. Militarily, he acted correctly in connection with the succession.



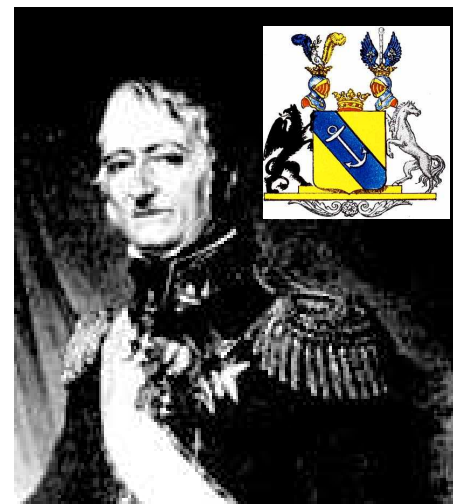
Gustaf O Lagerbring
Major General
1759-1847

The King in Council has decided that the Lieutenant of the Upland Regiment, Baron Otto Mörner, immediately travels to Upsala and remains there until further orders. The earlier authorization to go to Örebro to visit the Parliament is withdrawn.

Stockholm July 19, 1810.

G. Lagerbring.

Regimental Commander.



Gustaf O Lagerbring
Major General
1759-1847

When Mörner had left the office of the prime minister for foreign affairs, together with Wetterstedt, he had to travel to Uppsala and received a travel ban. Who was behind this arrest? Wetterstedt?

Örebro, August 1810

Third part of the drama: Örebro

Parliament 1810



The Nikolai Church, used for the 1810 Parliament session.

The church is a religious symbol



The Nikolai Church, used for the 1810 Parliament session.

The church is a religious symbol

The third part of the drama takes place in Örebro. The parliament session had been moved to Örebro because of disturbances in Stockholm, e.g. the Fersen murder. **The 1810 Parliament Session** took place in Örebro from July 30. This was an extraordinary session of the parliament, summoned to elect a new successor to the throne.

On July 23 members of parliament came together in Örebro and started to work on July 30. The government statement handed over to the parliament's secret committee on August 6 carried a clear recommendation for Frederick Christian of Augustenborg. The argument against Bernadotte: foreign religion, no knowledge about Swedish customs, organization, language (very hard to learn at the age of 46) and, finally, in all probability, immediate war against England if he was elected. The secret committee adhered to the government's succession proposal. The issue then seemed to be finally settled.

Candidates, in order:



Count Fredrik Christian



King Frederick VI of Denmark



Oldenburg



Jean Baptiste
Bernadotte

When the parliament opened, a secret committee had been established. There were twelve members with General Fabian Wrede as a chairman. After the committee had made their decision about a candidate, the name was to be approved of by the government, then by the parliament. Available candidates were, apart from Frederick Christian and Bernadotte, the duke of Oldenburg and the Danish king Frederick VI. At the voting on August 8, eleven of twelve committee members voted for Frederick Christian. Fabian Wrede was against and voted for the Duke of Oldenburg – probably because he had promised the king not to vote for Bernadotte.

Undersecretary of State Hans Järta, at this point in time one of Sweden's most prominent politicians, wrote this in a letter from Örebro on August 3:





Hans Järta (1774-1847)
Undersecretary of State, politician

The Pontecorvian, i.e. the Bernadotte French party, is weakened by the day. It is kept alive only by a few young military men, some peasants, some of the clergy, who look upon the powerful general as a plank on which the venerable estate can save themselves during our revolutionary breakers.

(Järta, who was one of the men of 1809, was in his youth a radical liberal and later a liberal conservative. He is regarded as one of the first adherents of Swedish ideological conservatism. During his liberal period he renounced his nobility, changed the spelling of his surname and thereby became the ancestor of the untitled Järta family).



Hans Järta (1774-1847)
Undersecretary of State, politician

Suddenly, however, the issue chose another path. In the evening of August 10, the day the secret committee had handed in their document, the issue surprisingly took another path. Engeström received news that a French political agent called J.A. Fournier, earlier French consul in Gothenburg, wanted to come to Örebro with an important message from Paris.

Upon his arrival, Fournier said that he was a deputy of Bernadotte. The only identification he had was a letter of recommendation to Engeström from the Swedish consul general in Paris, Elof Signeul, where Signeul stated that Fournier came to Sweden in a private capacity, but he also wrote he believed that he had been entrusted with an important commission. He brought a financial suggestion directly from Bernadotte in case he was to be elected.



Elof Signeul (1770-1835)
Consul General, Paris 1810



Jean Antoine Fournier (1761-1824)
French political agent, 1810



Besides the letter of recommendation with the enclosed financial proposal, Fournier brought these documents to Örebro when he met Prime Minister of Foreign Affairs Engeström.



On the same day that Engeström received Fournier, August 11, the secret committee's report on the succession to the throne was presented to the cabinet. Engeström then immediately asked for a postponement. Fournier introduced the financial proposal concerning the succession issue to Engeström. It contained, among other issues, the following facts:

1. **Eight million francs to be paid, within six months, to the Swedish National Dept Office with a 4 % interest rate.**
2. **Liquidation of Swedish claims on the French government: one million Francs to be paid in cash at the prince's arrival in Stockholm and the total amount of the claims be distributed to those concerned;**



Lars von Engeström
Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1809-1826

Jean Antoine Fournier
(1761-1824)
French political agent, 1810

3. Exchange of the prince's private property in France and Hanover for the distributed crown land in Swedish Pomerania, given away by His Royal Majesty, the Emperor of France.

Evidently the proposal was financially covered. When Engeström had received and read the proposal, he immediately acknowledged the full offer and sent it to Bernadotte.

In the memorandum which Engeström the following day handed over to the king, he reported on the offers Bernadotte had conveyed "by proxy". If there was more to read than the actual offer, it never became public knowledge. Any information about Fournier's authorization was never revealed by Engeström, at least not publically. Instead, he personally stood behind the trustworthiness of Fournier's information by stating, in his memorandum, that he, as a person, had no reason to question anything. He conceded, however, that they did not quite possess adequate security required by their official positions. We can see from Engeström's memorandum that there were more documents which had been kept secret. But Engeström found them so important for "the fatherland that they, according to his "humble" thought, should affect the election which was to be carried out by the estates of the realm.

Not only had Engeström in his memorandum accepted Fournier's information and offer, he was also, using his full authority as a prime minister for foreign affairs, backing them. In case Bernadotte would be considered at the election he promised, according to Engeström's memorandum, to immediately offer his new fatherland the benefits mentioned above.



Lars von Engeström
Prime Minister for Foreign
Affairs 1809-1826



Gustaf af Wetterstedt
Count, Lord of the Realm,
1776-1837



Fabian Wrede Colonel, Lieutenant
General, Cabinet Member,
Field Marshal, 1760-1824



Gustaf Lagerbielke (Court
Chancellor), Undersecretary of State,
1777-1837.

Lars von Engeström was now strongly behind the election of Bernadotte. The promises of large **financial** benefits following this election had enabled Engeström to force it through. He had no big problems with persuading the cabinet on his new approach to the order of succession. Especially Wetterstedt, influential when it came to foreign policy, and who had supported the French party from the beginning, greeted Engeström's change of mind with glee.

But it was not that easy to convince the parliamentary secret committee. The suggestion to elect Bernadotte received tough opposition. Despite the fact that Lars von Engeström provided the chair of the committee, Fabian Wrede, with amounts of material (top-secret, unknown documents) to enable the latter, who warmly supported Bernadotte, to force through the issue, the committee decided numerous times to shelve the final decision, awaiting information from Paris about Napoleon's position. What happened and why? The chair of the secret committee, Fabian Wrede did obviously not accept that Bernadotte would pay for the Swedish crown. In other words: the monarchy was not for sale. It was a settlement which was supposed to be validated at the prince's arrival in Sweden. It had evidently been approved of by Engeström. The top-secret documents confirmed that Fournier really was Bernadotte's proxy, but Napoleon's name was probably not included. Because of this Wrede wanted to know if Napoleon knew about the settlement and who, in that case, was to pay, the French government or Bernadotte.

At last, via a strongly slanted interpretation of the obscurely written dispatches from the Swedish minister Gustaf Lagerbielke, Engeström and Wetterstedt reached their goal. The Prince of Pontecorvo and Field Marshal Bernadotte was a candidate. August 16 saw a new vote, where a majority, 10 for and 2 against, recommended the French prince. On August 18 the bill was passed and on August 21 people exulted as he was elected crown prince. On August 25 the election process and the order of succession were changed. Bernadotte chose the more Swedish-sounding Karl Johan. Before this decision, however, there was severe fighting within the yeomanry estate. The fight was about whether to elect the **Prince of Pontecorvo** or Marshal **Bernadotte of Paris**. I later turned out that these two candidates were one and the same person.

On August 21, in the Örebro Church, the parliament unanimously elected Jean Baptiste Bernadotte, prince of Pontecorvo and Field Marshal Bernadotte of Paris successor of the Swedish throne. He had thereby bought the monarchy in Sweden for 8 million francs, the parliament had sold it to him. According to some information the deal was never closed after the election of Bernadotte. It sounds as if Fournier had arrived with empty pockets to meet Engeström in Örebro. The settlement with offers and promises still exists today, as does the Bernadotte royal family.

Incentives behind the Bernadotte Election

Contemporary sources give an official, clear picture of which incentives had been decisive when Bernadotte was elected in Örebro in 1810. There were three main incentives:

1. The notion they had about Napoleon's requirements
2. The demand for a powerful and militarily capable successor
3. The financial advantages of a settlement promised by Bernadotte, if he was elected

He paid for the crown.

After the secret committee, in Nikolaikyran in Örebro, had come to a decision, they had to demonstrate, in the parliament their loyalty to the new successor. Everybody was now behind the decision. Hans Järta, in a letter to his wife, tells the story:



Hans Järta (1774-1847)
Undersecretary of State,
politician

The election of Pontecorvo yesterday was uncommonly unanimous. Within half an hour all four estates had made their decision. First the yeomanry, after them the burghers, then the clergy and finally the nobility. The arch bishop who was hopeful that his son, the chamberlain, would be employed by the new crown prince, has, since the final vote, eagerly worked for Pontecorvo. Yesterday he invited the whole estate to dinner. There was desperate drunkenness, the honorable fathers staggered in groups in the streets in clear daylight. I saw the arch bishop, badly escorted by two other doctors and 10 or 12 intoxicated ministers, being brought home in the evening from the basement where the party was held. I have never seen, except in pictures, such a bacchanalian train of people. It amused me yesterday, and still does today, to see the sudden advent of opportunism. Each person has strongly influenced the result of the election. I remember my usual motto: "This is made by the tinsmith journeymen" and I have, quite successfully been able to attach tinsmith journeymen to some of the most conspicuous busybodies. Time will show if this election, which I now regard as being less evil, really will turn out well.

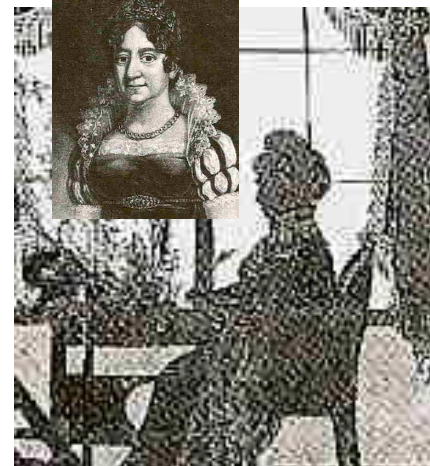
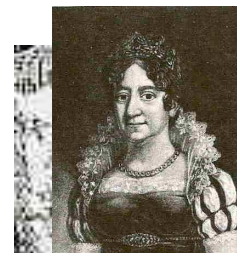


Hans Järta (1774-1847)
Undersecretary of State,
politician



King Charles XIII and Queen Hedvig Elisabeth Charlotte were even more skeptical

After the election the queen writes: For the king it was all about overcoming strong childhood prejudice, about giving up being surrounded by a princely family, about surrendering, watching one's family for ever being exiled from the throne and get used to a stranger, a French general whose character and views you did not know, who may be conceited and arrogant, as most upstarts usually are.



Hedvig Elisabeth Charlotte, wife of Charles XIII, has in her well-written and historically important "diary" depicted life at court and the political developments 1775- 1818.

Hedvig Elisabeth Charlotte, wife of Charles XIII, has in her well-written and historically important "diary" depicted life at court and the political developments 1775- 1818.

What she has revealed in her diary is that the election of the Frenchman was a shock to both of them, when they found out about the dealings between Engeström and Fournier, how the Frenchman paid for and bought the Swedish crown. This is what we can see from her notations.

Charles XIII



Charles XIII





Gustaf af Wetterstedt
Count, Lord of the Realm,
1776-1837

After the election in **Nikolaikyran** in Örebro, Wetterstedt wrote a very interesting letter to Mörner.

This is the letter:

Örebro August 19, 1810.

From the attached document you can see, that your private negotiations in Paris have subsequently turned serious. The election will take place on Tuesday and there is every reason to believe that the Duke of Pontecorvo will win the votes of all estates. If he loses some votes, they will be very few. I have tried to formulate the bill as moving as possible.



Carl Otto Mörner, writer,
baron, soldier, deputy
county governor,
1781-1868

I have spoken to General Adlercreutz about your arrival, he does not like it very much, and why can you not stay in Upsala, things run smoothly here. They say, and rightly so, that nobody in times of peace can stop a Member of Parliament to come to a Session and propose just anybody as a successor to the throne. Here, however, the situation is different, you were not in Paris in a private capacity, but as an official courier, and as such, you deserve to be reproached when you do some something without authorization. – See to it, that no motion is raised in Parliament for you, that would break us. I wish I could be in your place, far from work and parliamentary quarrel.

Your Impervious Friend,

G. af Wetterstedt.

I will return to this letter later on, when I finish this theme. This letter could be evidence of an event that is still not sorted today. We can clearly see from the letter that he did not give Mörner any assignment. Why does he lie?



Karl Johan
Crown Prince, 1810

After having been elected Crown Prince of Sweden in **Nikolaikyran**, the Prince of Pontecorvo wrote this letter to Mörner:

J'ai appris avec beaucoup de peine, Monsier Le Baron, le désagrément, que Vous avez éprouvé par rapport à moi. J'y prend trop de part, pour ne pas employer tous les moyens, qui sont à ma disposition, pour le faire cesser. - Soyez persuadé que je négligerai aucune occasion de vous prouver ma sincère estime, ainsi que les sentiments avec lesquels je serai toute ma vie, Monsieur Le Baron.

Paris le 20 Août. 1810.

Votre affectionné Ami,

J. Bernadotte.

M:cl Prince et Duc de Ponte-Corvo.

This is Bernadotte's personal letter to Mörner, a letter Wetterstedt also knew about, or had read.



Carl Otto Mörner, writer,
baron, soldier, deputy
county governor,
1781-1868

On September 23, Napoleon writes an authorization which makes it possible for the Prince of Pontecorvo to assume the rank and title of Crown Prince of Sweden.



Emperor Napoleon
1810



Prince of Pontecorvo
Crown Prince of Sweden
1810

Napoleon, by the Grace of God, and the Constitution Emperor of France, King of Italy, Protector of the Confederation of the Rhine, Mediator of the Swiss Confederation, greetings to all present and descendants. Our cousin, the Prince of Ponte Corvo, Marshal of the Empire, has in humbleness described how the Estates of Sweden, upon a Royal bill, has bestowed upon him the title of Crown Prince of Sweden with right of inheritance of the throne but that he, as our subject, could not receive this high rank without our authorization. Since we wish to give, to the above-mentioned cousin strong proof of our benevolence, we have, with this letter, authorized our cousin, Prince of Ponte Corvo, Imperial Marshal to accept the title of Crown Prince of Sweden, bestowed upon him by the Estates of the Realm upon a Royal bill, with attached rights and prerogatives. And to make it eternally solid and lasting, we have signed this letter with our own hand. S:t Cloud Palace, September 23, in the Year of the Lord, 1810.

Napoleon,



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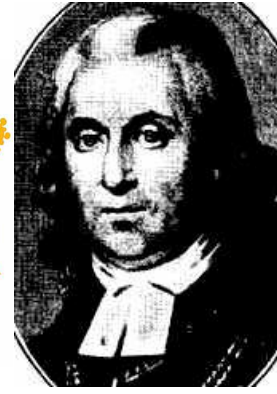
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The newly elected Crown Prince of Sweden at Helsingör, October 20, 1810. A wooden suitcase, maybe with money?



Karl Johan
Crown Prince, 1810

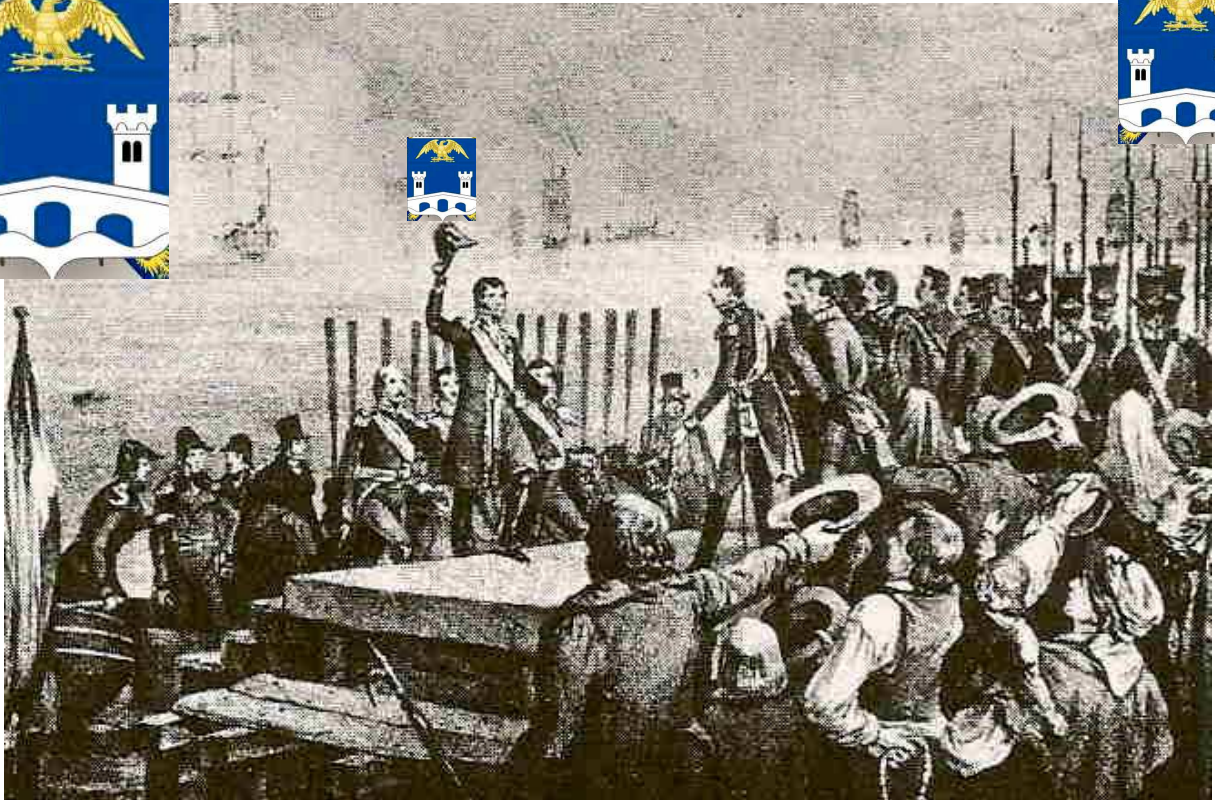


Jacob Axelsson Lindblom
Arch bishop
1805-1819

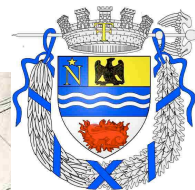
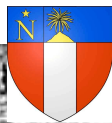


Hans Henrik Erik von Essen
count, politician
1755-1824

The new crown prince and Arch Bishop Lindblom meet in Helsingör. Before the Swedish arch bishop, Bernadotte had made a confession of his faith and thereby converted to the pure evangelical faith, history teaches us. The opinion in Sweden was, that a deeply religious Catholic, almost 50 years old, had converted to Lutheran faith. He turned his back on Napoleon, since he had imprisoned Popes Pius VI and VII. If you are born a Catholic, you die a Catholic if you come from his context. He was after revenge on Napoleon in Sweden.



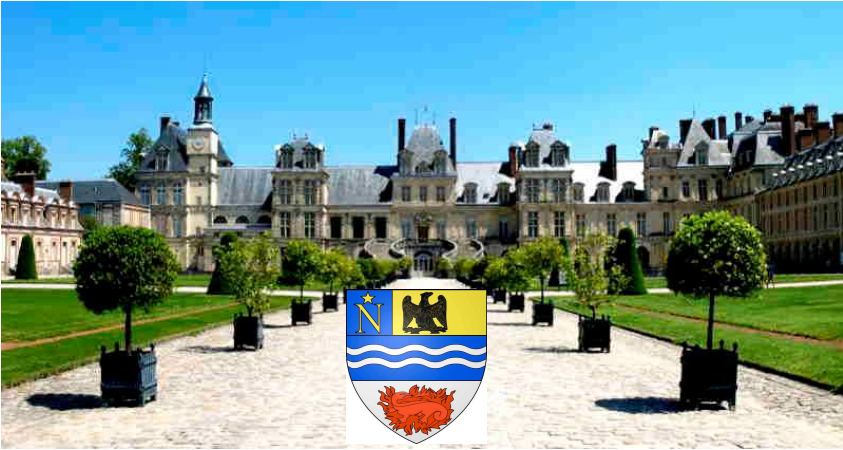
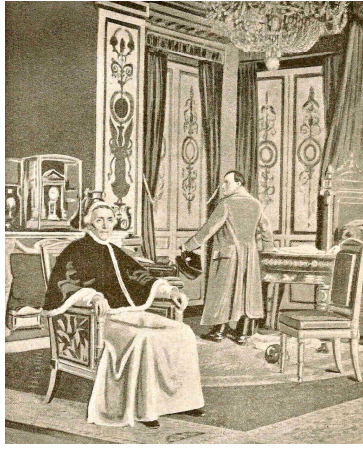
On October 20, 1810, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, he disembarked at Helsingborg, thereby becoming a new powerful man in Sweden. His story is still unique in the history of the world. According to the settlement, he was supposed to pay a million francs in cash upon his disembarkation.



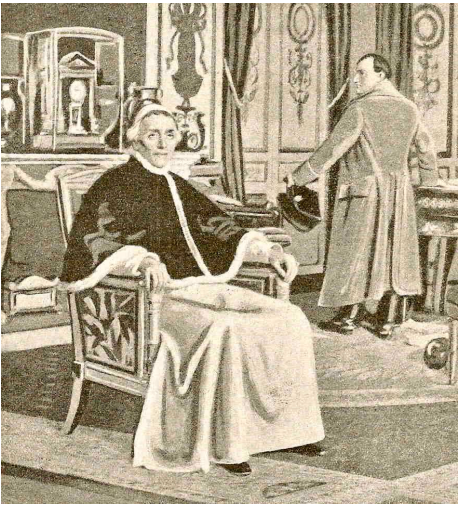
Debut from Savona to Fontainebleau, 1812.



Francis I of France
1521-1544

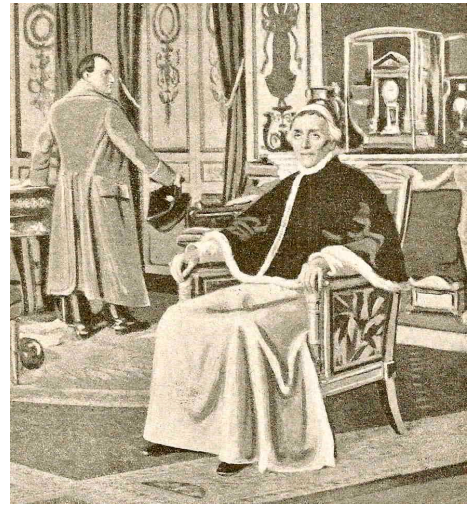


Napoleon and Pope Pius VII in Fontainebleau, built by King Francis I. The coat of arms is a burning dragon, symbol of the Mother Church

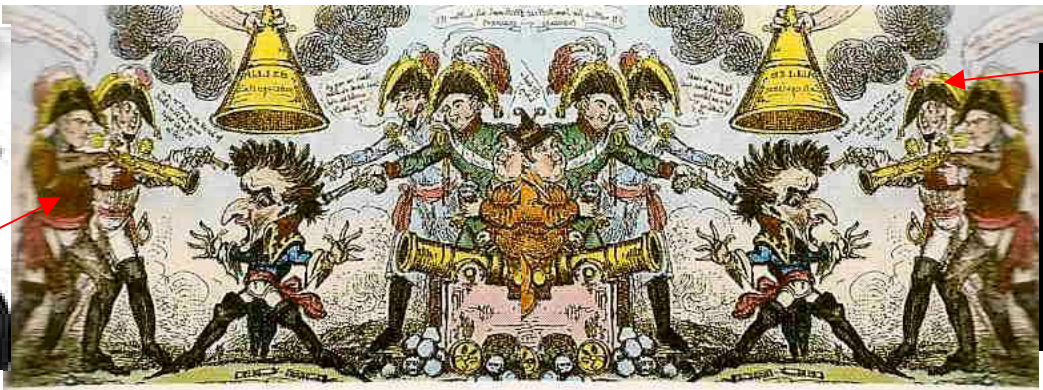


Concordat of Fontainebleau January 25, 1813

During this meeting, the emperor managed to force the concordat upon the sick and tormented Pius. The pope directly relinquished the Vatican. It was a complete capitulation by the pope which Napoleon later made public as a law. The pope used the same strategy against Napoleon as Pope Leo I had used against Attila. The pope here performed as a politician, a diplomat at a high level.



On January 25, 1813, they signed the concordat. Napoleon was the last Frenchman who wished to destroy the Vatican. The first one was King Francis I of France, 1521-1544, when he attacked Clement VII and Paul III and their alliance. Napoleon was a reincarnation of, among others, Francis I.



Carl Johan

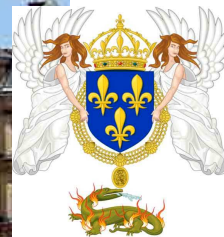
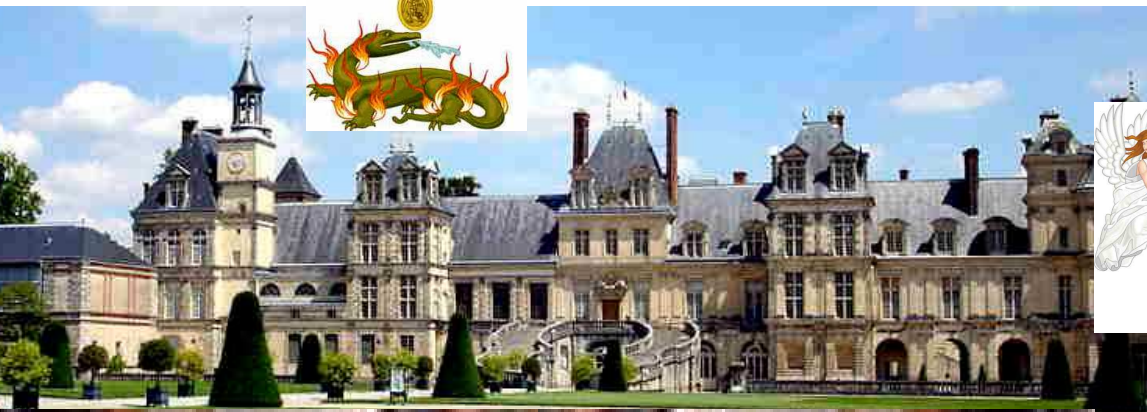
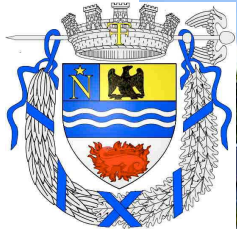
Karl Johan 1810
Crown Prince of
Sweden

Alexander I

Alexander I, 1801-1825
Tsar of Russia

The alliance against Napoleon. When the first opportunity appeared 1812-13, Karl Johan attached Sweden to Russia, also a member of the alliance. In this way there was war with France and Sweden had again ended up in a war, this time because of the crown prince who was the new powerful man in Sweden. The true object of the alliance was to liberate the pope and give back to him his power and freedom.

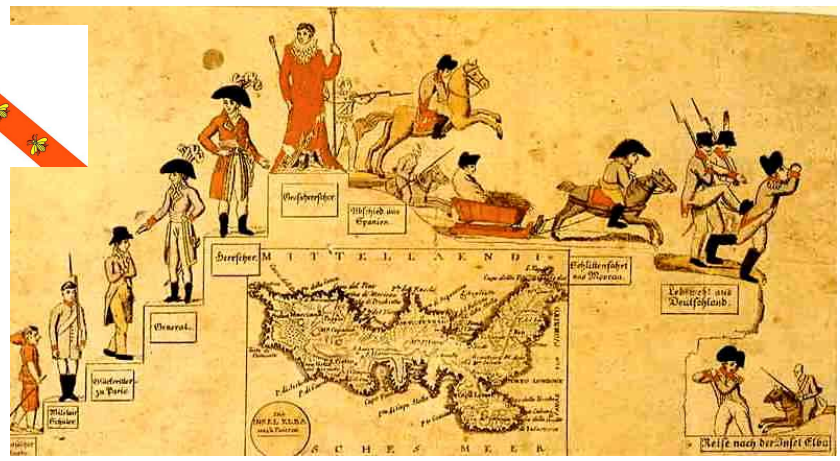
The important battle, a German war of liberation where Napoleon was defeated by the alliance in Leipzig was the end of Napoleon. In March, 1814, the alliance (Russia, Germany, England and Sweden) attacked Paris. The attack was all against Napoleon, not the people, the alliance explained.



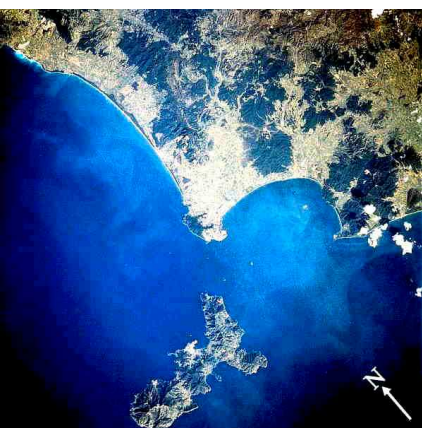
Napoleon abdicated on April 1814 in Fontainebleau and was exiled to the island of Elba, where he became a governor.



The island of **Elba** (Italian: Isola d'Elba), during antiquity known as Ilva, is an island of 223 sq. kilometers outside Tuscany in western Italy. The island is divided into eight municipalities, in the province of Livorno.



He still had spies in the new France and they reported that people were complaining that nothing had become better, something the leaders had promised during the liberation war. On the contrary, they had been better off when Napoleon was in power and many people wanted him back. Napoleon was extremely bored and the commander, who had toured Europe with his enormous armies did not want to deal with small roads, dams and such. He decided to return to France.

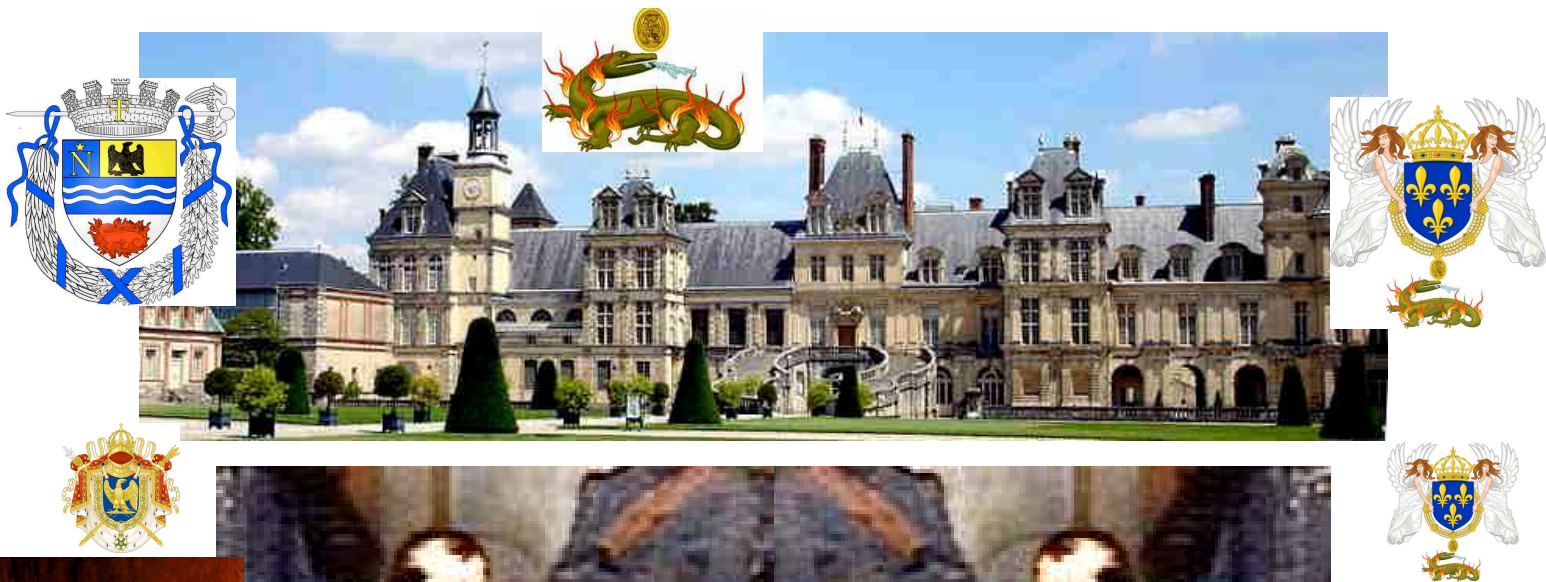


On February 26, 1815, Napoleon and three ships sailed towards France together with 1,000 soldiers. When he arrived, he immediately set course for Paris. After a week he was met by a royal army which did not let him come through but had orders to persuade him to return to Elba. The ex-emperor refused, unbuttoned his coat and showed his shirt with the sign of the Legion of Honor and said: "If you want to shoot your emperor, do it!" The men then put down their weapons and sided with Napoleon. He met more armies which also sided with him and when he arrived in Paris people greeted him by carrying him into the royal palace.





Napoleon had regained power without firing one single bullet. It was difficult for him, though, when the alliance assembled enormous armies outside France to try to defeat him again. He created an army consisting of 200,000 men and left to confront his enemies, in the hills of Waterloo. After having escaped from the lost battle of Waterloo, on June 18, Napoleon had to abdicate again four days later. He was exiled again, this time to the island of Saint Helena in the Atlantic Ocean.



Napoleon was forced to a second abdication and a new exile on June 22, 1815, at Fontainebleau. This time he was exiled to the island of Saint Helena in the Atlantic Ocean.

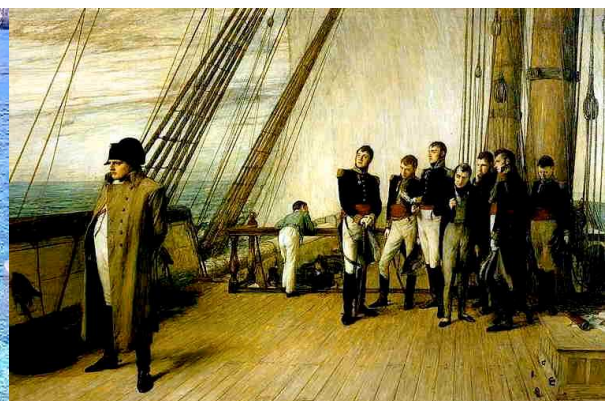
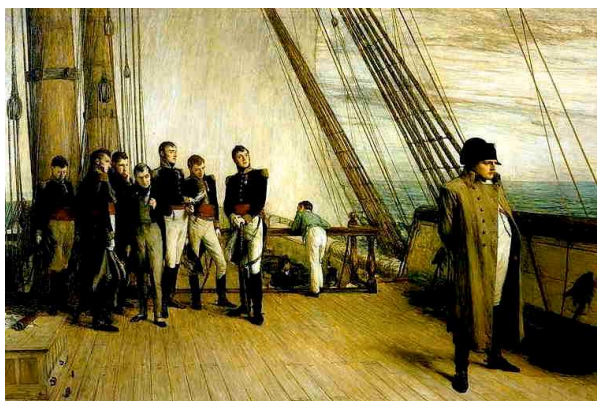
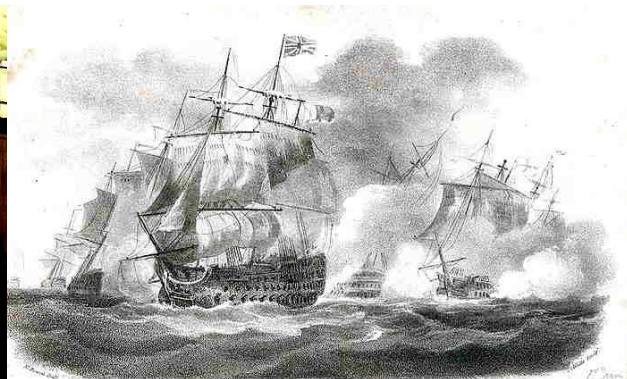
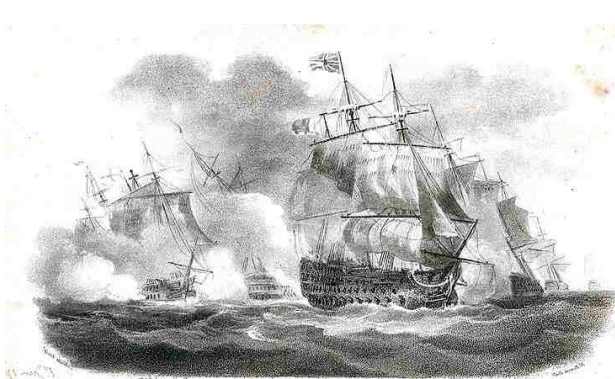


Napoleon left France for good. He was a loser, at least concerning the Holy See. His closest friends accompanied him on the long journey to the small island of Saint Helena in the Atlantic Ocean.





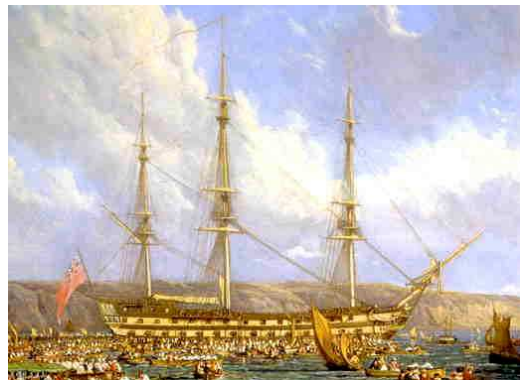
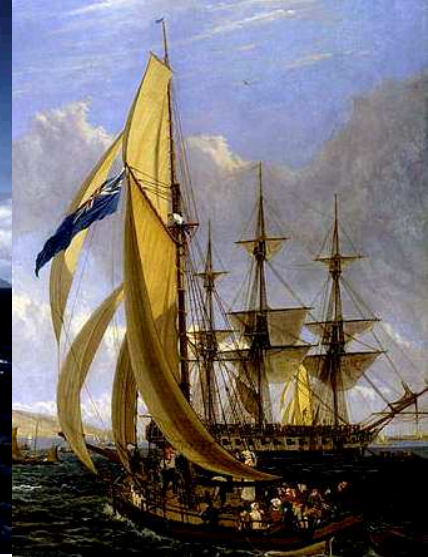
The British ship HMS Bellerophon was waiting in the harbor and on July 15, 1815, Napoleon and his 16 close companions boarded the ship which sailed on the same day. Destination: Saint Helena. Napoleon said goodbye to his beloved country and its people. He had fought for his liberty, for freedom of religion with a liberal democracy with knowledge as the foundation and human rights for, primarily, all of Europe. But as before, it was religion with the Holy See at the top which stood in his way.



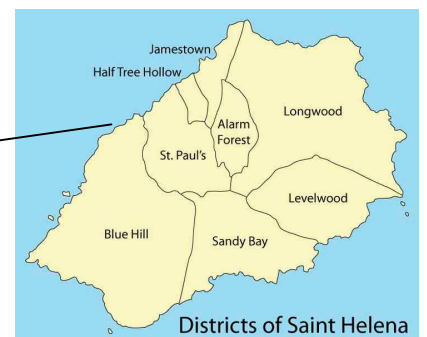
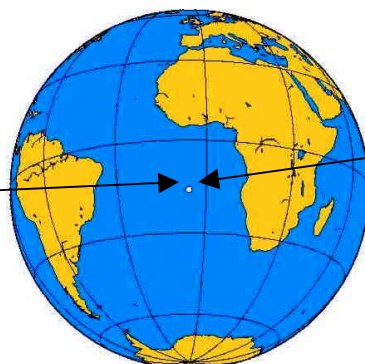
During the whole ten-week journey Napoleon thought about what had gone wrong and what France and Europe would look like at the end of times. How will the world react, when time is ripe, and how will the Holy See fall down?



St Helena



After a ten-week journey the British ship arrived to the small island on October 14, 1815. In those days the island had only 2,000 inhabitants and around 2,700 British soldiers. The inhabitants were a mixture of Europeans, Africans, Malaysians, Indians and Chinese. The island really belonged to the British East India Company. Thus, the British government “borrowed” the island..

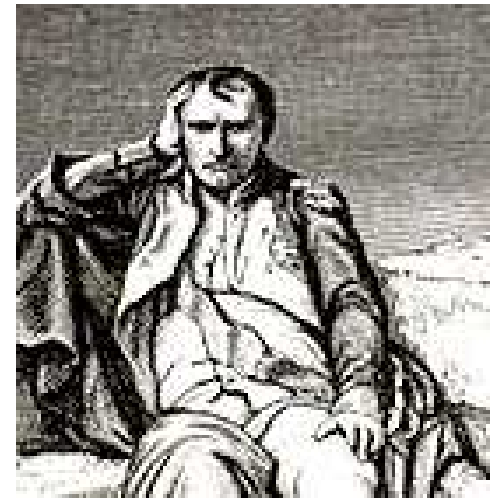
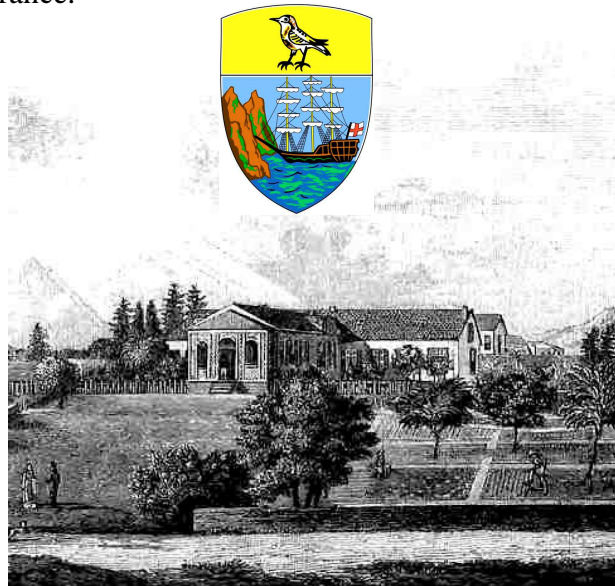




The villa where Napoleon and his followers lived, at a manor called Longwood.



Napoleon and the nature, where he felt good in the silent world far from his realm and people. But in his mind, he was always back in France.

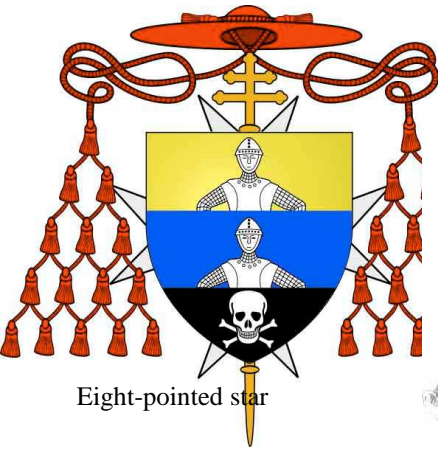


Napoleon as a prisoner. A tormented and disappointed ex emperor, the Lion of Corsica/Judah. His goal was to establish, among other things, freedom of religion, democracy and knowledge. In that way he hoped for a more human, safer life for the world. He was sitting there thinking about the end of times – what would it look like? How would the world react? In what way would the Holy See fall down together with Bernadotte’s descendants? He hoped that his authorization of Bernadotte in connection with the crown prince election in Sweden would turn out to be a hit, at the end of times.

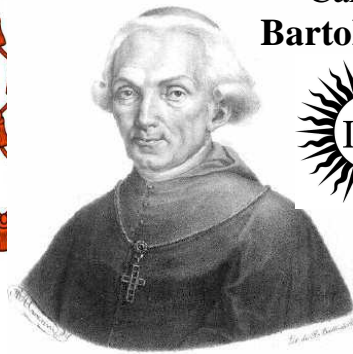




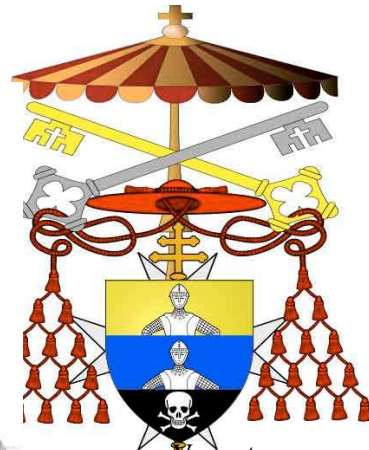
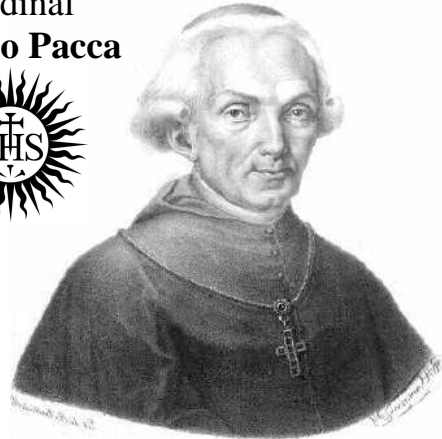
Pius VII, (1800–1823)
253, 97 Rapacious eagle



Eight-pointed star



Cardinal
Bartolo Pacca

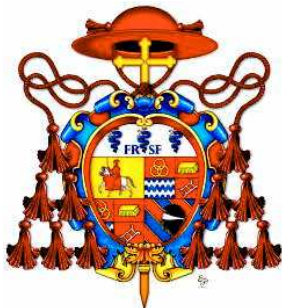
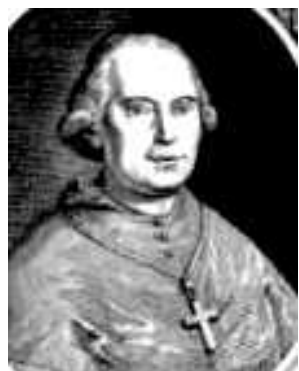


Vacant
Camerlengo
Bartolomeo Cardinal
Pacca. 1814-1824



Cardinal Bartolomeo Pacca, 1801- 1844, was one of the pope’s closest advisors. When he pope regained his freedom and the Vatican, it was he who pushed the pope into re-establishing the Society of Jesus and the inquisition. Protestant translations of the Bible into the mother tongue were condemned and the bible societies were regarded as “pests” damaging the foundations of the true religion, according to the cardinal and the pope.

On Cardinal Pacca’s coat of arms there is a skull, a symbol of death and the Kingdom of Death. The battle about the Kingdom of Death is fought between the Lamb/Jesus and the Bull/Jesus. We see two warriors, one fighting for the Lamb, the other for the Bull, the coat of arms is placed inside an eight-pointed star. It was very important for the Holy See to defeat the Lion of Corsica/Judah in order to keep together the flock of sheep and the Christian religion, managed by the pope. Cardinal Pacca supported the Bull. I believe that Pope Francis is a reincarnation of, among others, Cardinal Pacca.

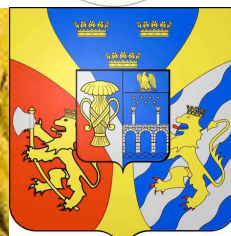
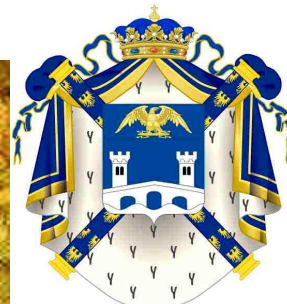


Karl Johan, Crown Prince of Sweden,
1810-18

A deeply religious character, who in his soul still was a Catholic and the pope’s secret weapon.

Cardinal Giulio Maria Conte della Somaglia, 1795-1830. Also he was close to Pope Pius VII, also a cog in the pope’s secret diplomatic activities against Napoleon. Another person who was a member of the alliance which defeated Napoleon was Crown Prince Karl Johan of Sweden. He was happy the pope had regained his freedom and that Napoleon was imprisoned instead. He linked the Kingdom of Sweden closer to the Vatican and was happy about it. It was his secret dream. The Vatican represents and is a symbol of death, the Kingdom of Death and the flock of sheep.

1818. Carl Johan XIV, King of Sweden and Norway



Sweden. Crowned in Stockholm at Storkyrkan May 11, 1818
Motto: People's Love – My Reward

The greatest victor after Napoleon's failure was Bernadotte, who became King of Sweden and Norway.

Norway. Crowned in Trondheim September 7, 1818

Bernadotte's path to Queen Christina's throne

The path was opened when King Gustav III was murdered



Frederick I, 1720-1751
Motto: In God my Hope



Adolf Frederick, 1751-1771
Motto: The Welfare of the State, My Welfare

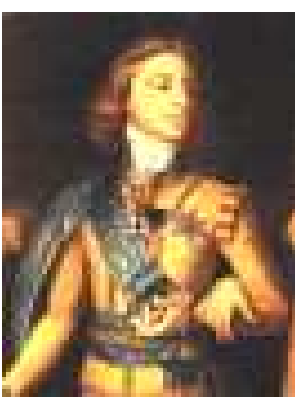


Gustav III, 1771-1792
Motto: Fatherland

House of Holstein Gottorp 1720-1818

shall be removed

The true House of Holstein Gottorp started with Adolf Frederick
Also called: The Gustavians



Gustav Adolf VI, 1792-1809
Motto: God and the People



Karl XIII, March 13, 1809-February 5, 1818
Motto: The Welfare of my People my Highest Law



If we study the House of Holstein Gottorp from a religious point of view we find many interesting and strange events, in other words events which took place in the secret, dark world. One such event was the coup d'état and the murder of Gustav III. At first they looked for political explanations. Catholic influence and co-operation with the Holy See were fairly extensive during Gustav III's years as a king. In parallel with Gustav III, Pope Pius VI occupied the Holy See in Rome and young man called Napoleon, started his straight career in France.



Gustaf III, 1771-1792
Motto: Fatherland



Gustaf III and Pope Pius VI, 1784

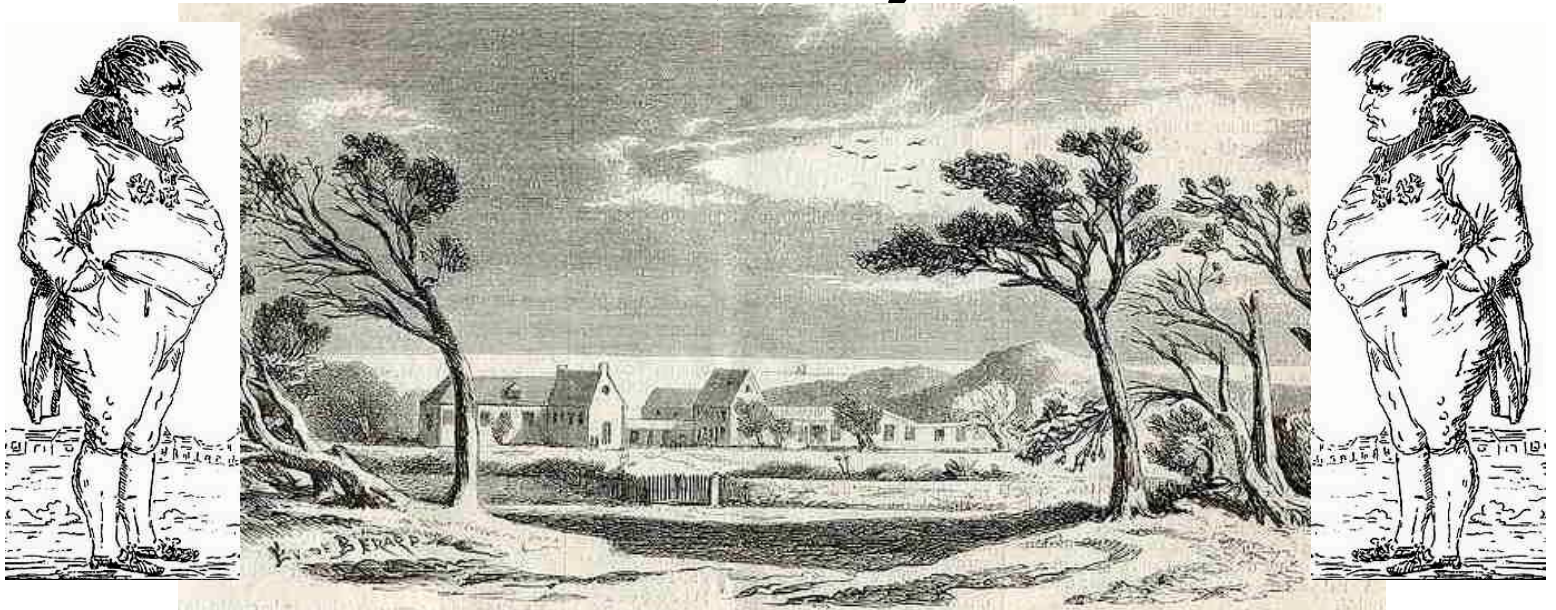


Pius VI, (1775-1799)
252, 96 Apostolic pilgrim

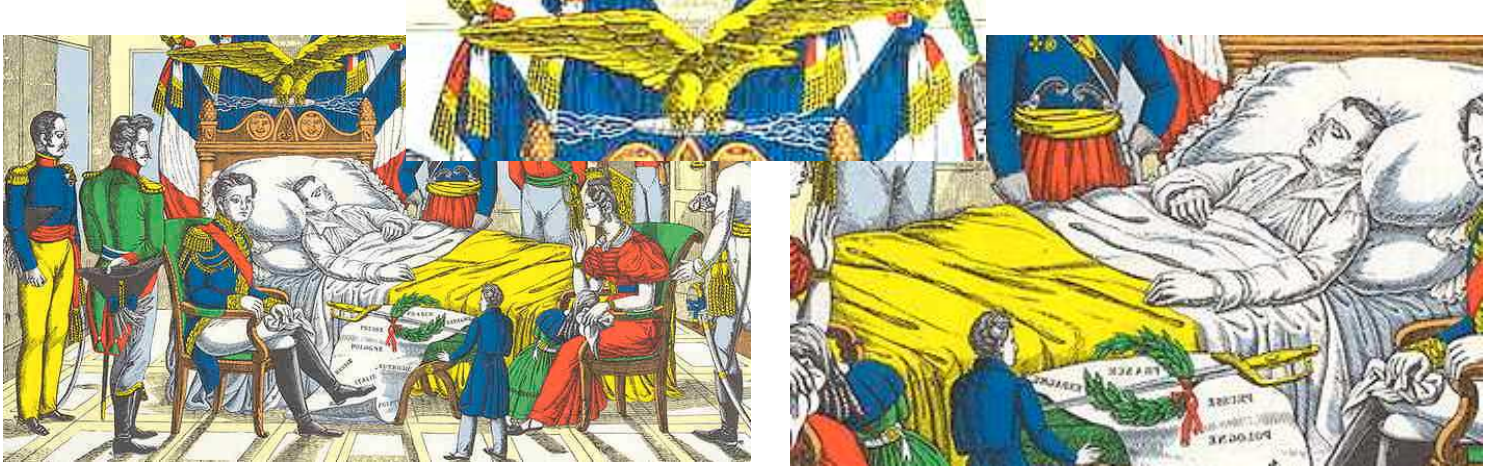
He was the son of Adolf Frederick and Lovisa Ulrika, brother of Karl XIII, father of Gustav IV Adolf, and a cousin of Catherine the Great of Russia. He was, however, mostly known for having re-introduced autocracy following his coup d'état when the government was removed and the first political parties in Sweden were dissolved. This was later confirmed by a limited Act of Freedom of Information in 1774 and the Union and Security Act which extensively limited the power of the parliament. At the same time financial regulations and the criminal code became more liberal, death penalty was restricted, torture during interrogation was prohibited and the Stockholm chamber of torture was permanently shut down. Under the influence of Voltaire and Swedish religious leaders he also allowed a new kind of **freedom of religion** and invited **Jews and Catholics** to live in this country, with restricted civil rights. Simultaneously, he managed a so-called "slave trade" in the former colony, in an inhuman way, giving extra income to the poor kingdom. He showed a Janus face to the surrounding world.

It was well known that during the reign of Gustaf III, the Catholics had grown stronger year by year. In December, 1785 Pope Pius VI invited the king to the Vatican to discuss, among other things, a conversion to the Catholic faith, since the Lutheran religion would not fit in at the time. To secure the position of the Swedish royal family at the élite center of power, a change of religions in Sweden was necessary. The Holy See wanted a Catholic state religion in Sweden and a more warlike nation which would be incorporated into the Vatican's alliance. It was known that during the *Age of Liberty* or the *Gustavian Period*, Sweden wanted freedom without war and misery and that idea also characterized the reign of Gustav III, but not the Holy See. The danger came closer and closer, it started at Corsica and then continued in France. Gustav III and the pope parted in a friendly manner, but I think the pope had decided to get rid of Gustav III since he had refused to introduce a new religion in Sweden. After his murder, his son Gustav Adolf IV totally failed politically and he was removed from the throne. Karl XIII became the new king and the Dane Karl August was elected crown prince. Shortly thereafter he was also probably murdered and the road lay open for Bernadotte, but it cost him 9 million francs.

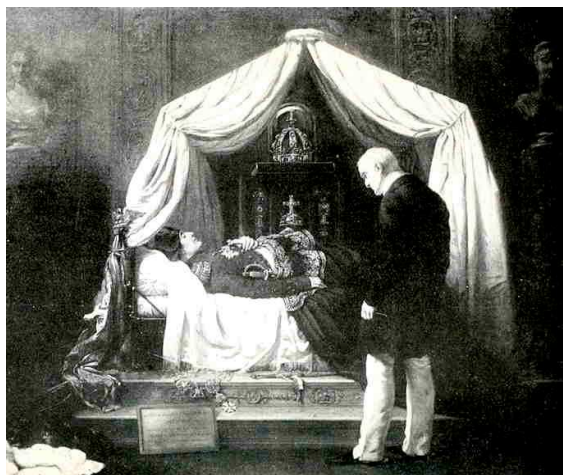
Saint Helena, May 5, 1821



This drawing of Napoleon was made on **June 5, 1820**, at Longwood, in his home. The drawing shows a healthy, fat but worried Napoleon. The year after, on May 5, 1821, he was dead.



On May 5, 1821, Napoleon died and was formally declared dead at 5.51 p.m. at Longwood, Saint Helena. The drawing tries to reflect his moment of death in bed. Some people have speculated that he was killed. A Swedish dentist, Sten Forshufvud, published for example a book in 1961 where he wrote that he had extensive evidence that Napoleon had a considerable amount of arsenic in his body at the moment of death. He was young, only 51 years old.



Napoleon dies in his home, without believing Catholics

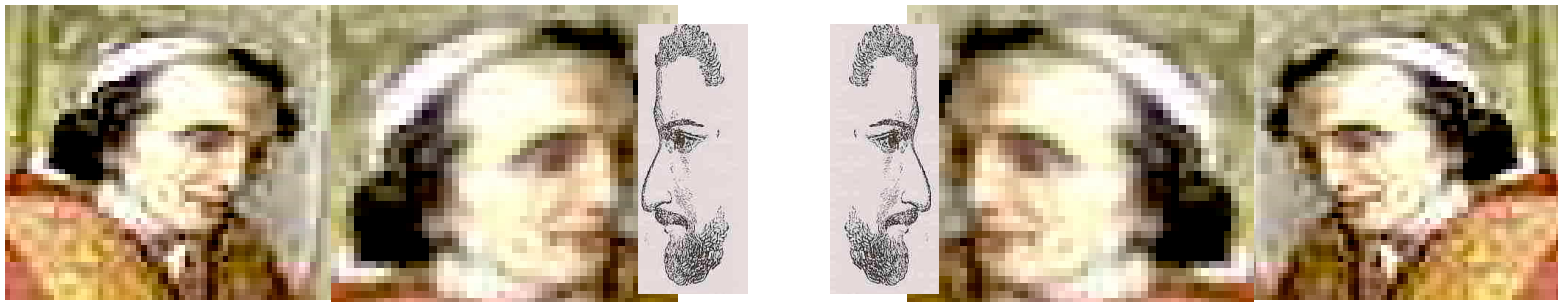


Now Pope Pius VII and King Karl Johan XIV were happy. Napoleon never returned to Paris to fight the Holy See.

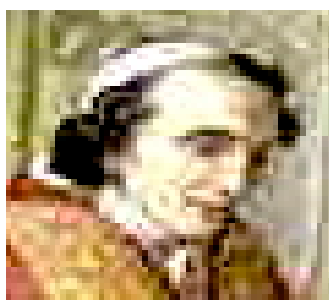


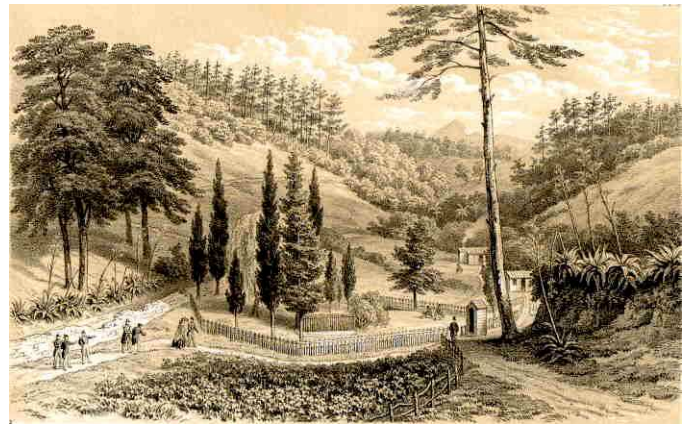
A symbolic reminder

Here lies James's fourth son Judah. One reincarnation of Judah is Napoleon, the Lion of Corsica/Judah. Genesis 49:3-12: "Judah, you are he whom your brothers shall praise; Your hand shall be on the neck of your enemies; Your father's children shall bow down before you. Judah is a lion's whelp; From the prey, my son, you have gone up. He bows down, he lies down as a lion; And as a lioness, who shall rouse him?" Tutankhamun, the young lion, was reincarnated into the tribe of Judah, named David. Thereafter this David was crucified, then named Joseph Jr, Lion of Judah. After the funeral the hybrid appeared, Virgin Izates II/Jesus/the Lamb took over the identity of the Lion Joseph Jr and gave himself out as a lion/lioness who came back from the dead. - Izates II/Jesus' mother's name was then Helena, the black Madonna who was Julius Caesar's daughter and Napoleon, the Lion of Corsica died on the island of Saint Helena. Julius Caesar was a reincarnation of Abraham and Judah was Abraham's grandson's son."The scepter shall not depart from Judah, Nor a lawgiver from between his feet, Until Shiloh comes; And to Him shall be the obedience of the people." Yes, that was long ago, those days are gone. The lion is a symbol of monarchy and the monarchy symbolized the Lion. Since the pope via his alliance removed the scepter from Napoleon and his ruler's staff was broken, monarchy on this planet is now dissolving, on overtime. The popes are no longer crowned and the crown on their personal coats of arms is also lost.



St. Malachy writes about him: "Rapacious eagle", i.e. his animal origin is a bird of prey, an eagle. From the scientist Schack's physiognomy studies we see, above, an "eagle's nose". Pius VII's nose fits the picture well. His looks remind us of an eagle. If there was someone who wanted Napoleon to die, it was the pope, since he did not trust the guard which surrounded Napoleon. He managed to come back earlier from Elba and to make it impossible for Napoleon to escape again, he murdered him. A dead Napoleon meant security and safety for the Holy See. The rumors that Napoleon was killed with arsenic can be true.

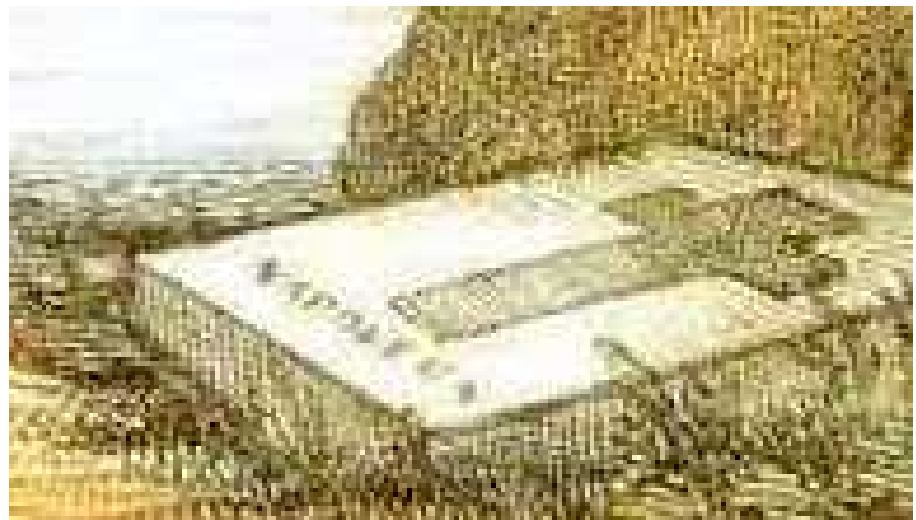
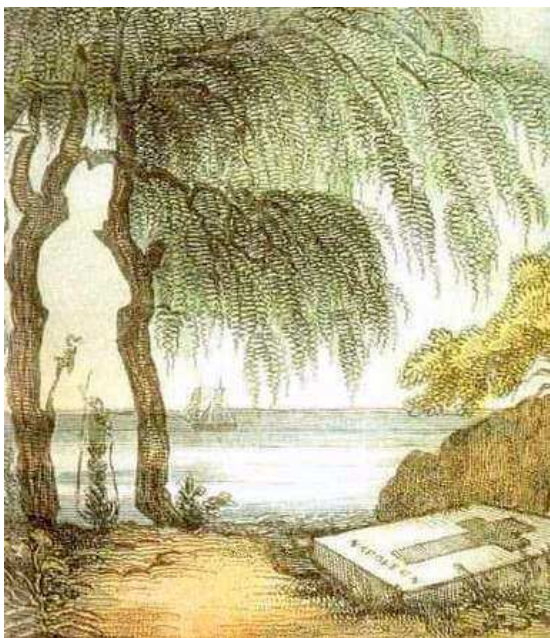




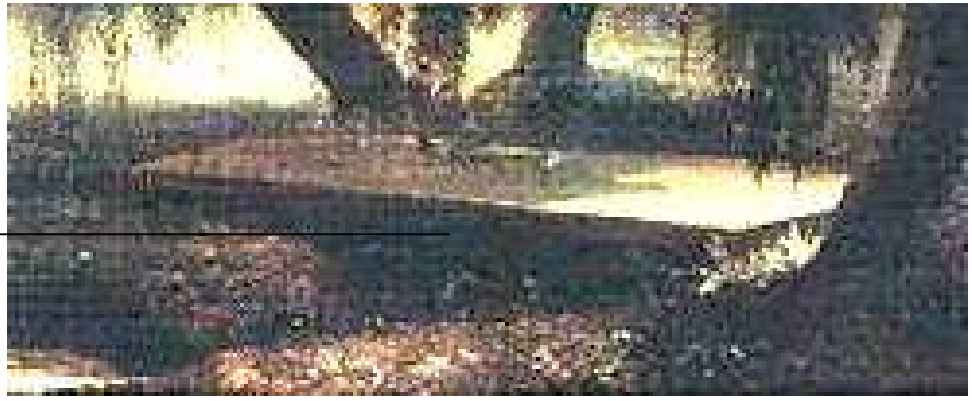
Cemetery at Saint Helena, where Napoleon was buried



Napoleon's funeral, maybe the murderer's grave is there, too.



Napoleon's tomb



Here Napoleon rested until 1840



Transfer of Napoleon's remains to Hôtel des Invalides, 1840.

Marriage

Relation

Relation

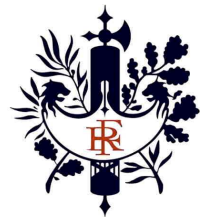


Maria Louise of Austria
1791-1847

Maria Walewska of Poland
1786-1817

Catherine Denuelle
1787-1868

Napoleon I,
1769-1821



Napoleon II
1811-1832

Alexandre Walewski
1810-1868

Charles Leon Denuelle
1806-1881

Died destitute in Paris

Did he die from strategic consumption or was he murdered? **Gustav Hitler** had his remains buried in Hôtel des Invalides on December 15, 1940. The same fate!

These three were Napoleon's known sons. The Holy See made sure that none of them threatened the Vatican.



Pius VII, (1800–1823), (Barnaba Niccolò Maria Luigi Chiaramonti)
253, 97 Rapacious eagle

Leo XII, (1823–1829), (Annibale Francesco Clemente Melchiorre
Girolamo Nicola della Genga)
254 98 Dog and adder

Pope Pius VII died on August 29, 1823 after a pontificate lasting for 24 years. His program and coat of arms mean that he was to defeat the Lion of Corsica. He completed his program during 24 years. The new pope was elected and assumed the name Leo XII. The name is a symbol of the Lion of Judah and that the Catholic Mother Church the Dragon, representing Judah, will simultaneously defeat the Lion of Corsica, which is clearly visible at the pope's coat of arms, "Napoleon's Eagle". St. Malachy gave him the name "Dog and Adder." This means that the pope's animal origin was a combination of dog and serpent. This pope was cunning, too. His and the Holy See's assignment was, among other things, to keep all Napoleon's descendants far from the power.

Back to Sweden, to Carl Otto Mörner, who was also a writer and rendered a fairly credible description about what really happened at the time, from his point of view and knowledge. Below are the first words:



Carl Otto Mörner,
inter alia: writer

Carl Otto Mörner, (1781-1868)
SOME WORDS ABOUT THE FIRST IDEA BEHIND AND
THEORIGIN OF THE SUMMONS OF BERNADOTTE TO BECOME
THE CROWN PRINCE OF SWEDEN, 1853
HOW MARSHAL BERNADOTTE BECAME CROWN PRINCE OF SWEDEN

I have now and then noticed how confusing are the accounts by individuals, both by those who have probably known the circumstances or at least should have known, e.g. His Excellency the Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs von Engeström, His Excellency Count M. Björnstjerna, Professor Geyer and others. But also by others who have been ignorant but still have written about how the election of a successor to the throne in Örebro, 1810 started and how it was completed. I must say I am sorry for those who, to insinuate themselves, have allowed themselves to be used and removed from the truth, to gain what is called favors. I pity those again, who have written with no knowledge of circumstances. Their greed, a large lust for money or their cravings to publicly discharge their thoughts have enticed them to publicly speak about events and facts which, to them, were hidden in the dark and thus could not truthfully be reported by them.



Carl Otto Mörner,
inter alia: writer

According to these circumstances, to underline the truth and for the future give information to anyone who wishes to know the true conditions, I have again taken up my pen to extend my information regarding the election of the successor to the throne, even if I have already given true information about it in a small brochure which I, in 1835, had to publish with the title "Short description of the origins of the election of successor to the throne in Örebro, 1810", which has later on been translated into German and was published in Berlin in 1837, but it is said that it has sold out in the bookstores even there.

I am, however obliged to bring up issues which originally seemed superfluous but which are fairly important when it comes to explaining how I arrived at the idea that, I, with all my power, would work for the election of a French war hero as Crown Prince of Sweden and future King. So, I therefore hope for the reader's indulgence about what I here will write about myself. I must, however, because of this, also submit to criticism. Anyone who wants to inform about an issue must not shun being severely criticized for what he has to, for the sake of the issue, write about himself. He must only report the truth as completely as possible.

He continues to write about the journey to Paris.



Gudmund Jöran Adlerbeth
writer, politician
1751-1818



It was soon decided that the Government would send a courier with urgent letters to Paris and as soon as this was known, I immediately tried to obtain this mission in order to come to Paris as soon as possible and at a low cost. I also hoped to arrange matters in a way that would make it possible for me to stay there for a while and do what I wished to do. In general, people had already favored a union with France and the Government certainly wanted such a union, but their real, innermost wish was to, again, have as Successor to the Throne a Prince of the House of Augustenburg. If so, the Government hoped to be able to manage Government as before. Accordingly, if a French hero should be summoned here to become a Successor to the Throne, this should be agreed in Paris, without the Government's knowledge. If the person then was appointed, and in case of Emperor Napoleon's co-operation, his name should be put forward to the Swedish Government which would be aware of the general opinion and be forced to obey common sense.



Gudmund Jöran Adlerbeth
writer, politician
1751-1818



*It was accordingly clear, that my plan should be **exceedingly secret** until everything in France was completed. I remembered well the sources of support I had in Paris and flattered myself that I would be able to achieve a good outcome with someone of the well-decorated French commanders. I also hoped, with the help of friends I had at home in Sweden and my knowledge of their thoughts, that the outcome when I arrived home would be good, either in a peaceful manner or fought for, sword in hand.*

During His Excellency Count Gustaf af Wetterstedt's sojourn at the University of Upsala, I had won his friendship and goodwill. This gave me the idea that, via him, who was then Court Chancellor, try to obtain approval of my application to travel as a courier to Paris. Especially since I could refer to my fairly intimate relations with several influential individuals there. The results have demonstrated that I was not wrong but that I really managed to accomplish what I was supposed to do, which I also promised His Excellency von Engeström upon my departure. He, however, has often chosen to mock me. If my enterprise had not depended on my knowledge of the sources of help available to me and the stamina and power of my intention, how would it have been possible for me to dare? Then this so-called enterprise had been complete madness and, as has been said somewhere, would have merited a place a Danviken. If you only want to form an impartial opinion, it should yield a different result and you should be able to realize that an individual with pure, unselfish motives, driven by a warm and living feeling for the well-being of a beloved Fatherland, can and will defy and despise all possible dangers to his own person when he perceives a ray of hope to save his valuable Fatherland.

*My application was granted, also my wish to stay in Paris for as long as I wanted as well as my intention to visit the future meeting of the Parliament upon my arrival. The journey commenced in the evening of June 6, 1810. I was accompanied by former Colonel of the Guard August Anckarsvärd, since the dispatches to Napoleon were regarded so important as to demand two persons to guarantee their safe arrival and **Wetterstedt** and in particular **Cabinet Minister Adlerbeth** eagerly wanted this organization. – On June 20, in the afternoon, we arrived in Paris.*

As soon as I had arrived in Paris and had handed over my dispatches, my Courier assignment was completed. Since I had been allowed to stay in Paris for as long as I wanted, I visited the Parliament and, as a member of a Swedish National Estate I asked the Prince of Pontecorvo if he wanted to become Crown Prince of Sweden. My right to do that was indisputable according to the rules of the Constitution which were flagrantly broken when I was deprived of this my legal right, a universal right for the Baron Lieutenant as well as for the Baron Excellency, even if prejudice willingly se things from another point of view.

Mörner here writes that he was authorized, an authorization signed by **Wetterstedt** and **Cabinet Minister Adlerbeth**. His mission was initially secret and he handed over ALL his dispatches in Paris.



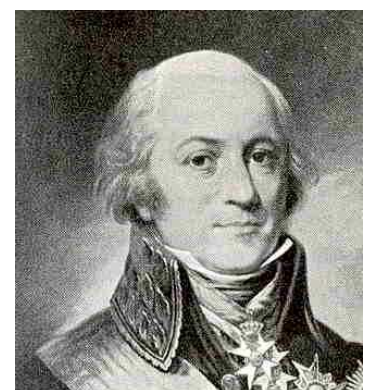
Gustaf af Wetterstedt
Count, Lord of the Realm,
1776-1837



Fabian Wrede Colonel, Lieutenant
General, Cabinet Minister
Field Marshal, 1760-1824



Baltzar von Platen
Count, Admiral, 1766-1829



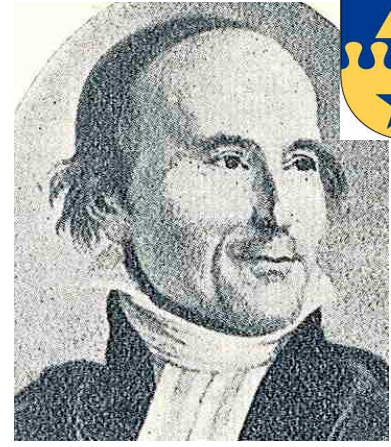
Carl Johan Adlercreutz
Count, soldier and statesman
1757- 1815



Gustaf Wilhelm af Tibell
Baron, Soldier
1772-1832



Jacob Axelsson Lindblom
Arch Bishop
1805-1819



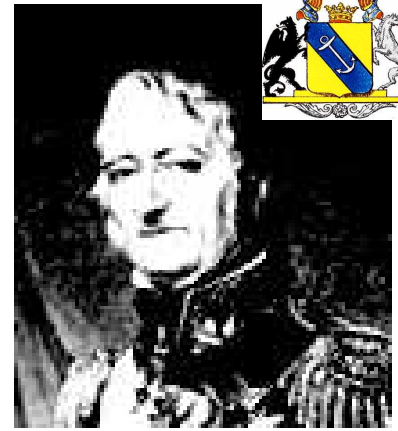
Erik Abraham Almquist
Bishop, See of Härnösand
1814-1830



Anders Jansson Hyckert
Swedish politician, 1770-1826
Speaker of the Yeomanry Estate



Anders Fredrik Skjöldebrand
Lord of the Realm, Count, General, Cabinet
Member, 1757-1834



Gustaf O Lagerbring
Major General
1759-1847

He writes this about the so-called French (Pontecorvian) Party and the murder of the crown prince: *I hope now that I have clearly demonstrated that the Government acted both unfairly and unpolitically against me and I refute everything that is alleged in 'Tidskrift för Litteratur 1851', booklet #8, page 475, also what is there stated about my arrest. Equally unfounded is the report that the leadership of the Pontecorvian party in Örebro was exercised by Wetterstedt, Wrede, Platen and Adlercreutz. It was General Tibell, Captain Pålman, Arch Bishop Lindblom, Bishop Almquist, the Speaker of the Yeomanry Estate Hyckert, Member of Parliament Anders Danielsson and the Mayor of Upsala Nentzén who, together with the Over-Governor in Stockholm, Sköldebrand, and the Commanding Officer in Stockholm, Lagerbring, supported by the fear and dread the horrible murder of Fersen had affected King Carl XIII and the Government, who induced the person concerned to surrender to the general opinion.* – Here he lists those who were members of the Pontecorvian/French part and points out Gustaf af Wetterstedt as its chairman. Mörner was married to Wetterstedt's daughter. They had eight children, so Wetterstedt was the children's maternal grandfather.

Even longer, the following letter was withheld from me, but they did not dare destroy it:

“Paris le 12 Dec. 1810.

Mon cher Mörner!

Vous m'aviez promis, qu'aussitôt votre arrivée à Stockholm Vous me feriez le plaisir de m'écrire; les nombreuses occupations, que Vous avez dû avoir, Vous en ont sans doute empêché; aujourd'hui que vos vœux sont accomplis, j'espère que vous m'accorderez un moment.

Je Vous félicite bien sincèrement, mon brave et digne Ami, de ce que Vous avez obtenu, ce que Vous désirès si ardemment; c'est à Vous, que la Suède devra son existence politique, car le Prince, que Vous avez choisi, était seul capable, de rendre à votre pays son ancienne splendeur. Il est bien glorieux pour Vous, mon Ami, d'avoir ainsi contribué au bonheur, de votre chère patrie; j'espère, que votre brave et genereux Prince reconnaitra votre services, et j'appendrai avec un bien grand plaisir ce qu'il aura fait pour Vous. - Je me félicite d'avoir été le depositaire de votre secret et d'avoir un peu contribué à combler vos vœux.

Lapie.”



Carl Otto Mörner
inter alia writer

I recollect with delight and an inner satisfaction which no mortal individual can deprive me of, the following glorious words by Silfverstolpe:

I will seek all my glory
Defending my Fatherland
And if I have saved it
Accept the injustice
Content to have in my heart
Memory of my virtue

Carl Otto Mörner finished his memorandum in a natural way by asking certain people to peruse all original documents concerning his journey and assignment in Paris, see below.



Carl Otto Mörner
inter alia writer

We, the signatories, especially appointed by Governor, Colonel and Knight of the Royal Order of the Seraphim, Baron Otto Mörner, certify that we, with our own eyes, have seen the originals of the letters and documents in this brochure. We have also seen original letters of invitation to First Consul Bonapart's personal circles in St Cloud and the Tuileries Palace in 1803 and 1804. Additionally, Baron Mörner has to us introduced Mathematical works and calculations and Artillery-, Mine- and Fortification drawings made by him at the age of 13, 17 and 18. They are not only eminently accurately and well done, but they also bear witness of the most thorough and especially excellent studies of this difficult Science and Art trade at such a young age.

Linköping in April, 1853.

P. Mårtenson Captain of 2nd Life Guard Regiment, completed the Artillery Extensive Curriculum

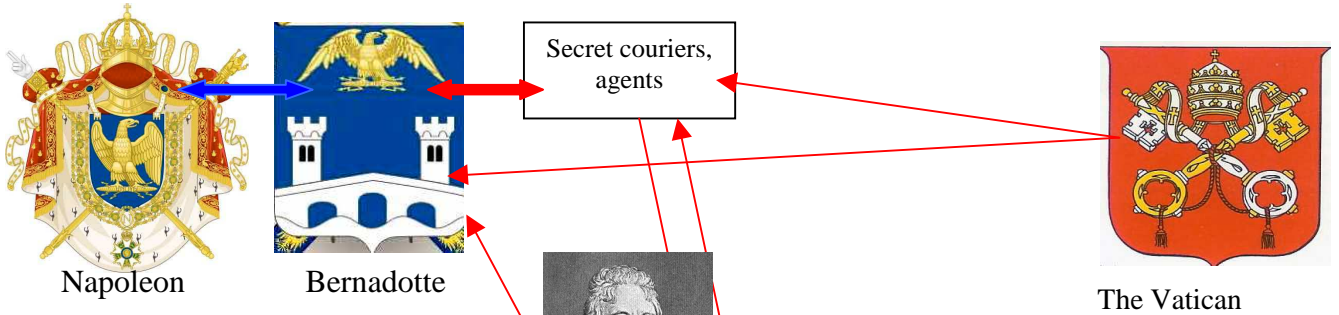
Joh. Fredr. Grevell Chaplain to the King.

Carl Henr. Wallberg Teacher of the Arts of Drawings and Plans at Linköping Municipal High school and Higher Knowledge and Apologist School, former soldier.

If we analyze the documents concerning the election of a successor to the throne in Sweden in 1810, we will find many interesting and strange issues. The most remarkable event was the sudden death of Crown Prince Karl August and, in that context, the election of Bernadotte. There were also rumors that the crown prince was murdered and Axel von Fersen was killed by the crowd, it was said that he poisoned Karl August. Nobody tried to stop the crowd, no guards did anything to protect Fersen. Neither was there any autopsy and the murder was never investigated. The documents are fairly clear about the fact that Crown Prince Karl August really was killed, but not by Fersen.

Mörner writes that the Bernadotte mission was *top secret* and *urgent*. But the question is: Why did Bernadotte appear? Whose idea was it to contact Bernadotte in Paris? Bernadotte was about to travel to Rome to start a position as the Governor General of the Vatican when the succession proposal from Sweden turned up. Bernadotte was not known in Sweden, except for the French party, which possessed knowledge about active Frenchmen and politicians in parliament and government. **Gustaf av Lagerbielke** wrote in letter to Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs Engeström that he had not been able to conclude anything else than that he (Mörner) had run somebody else's errands and that certain persons in Sweden had taken advantage of his youth and inexperience. What is it that Lagerbielke reveals in his letter? He reveals that certain unknown foreign individuals in Sweden, and Mörner, were involved in the mission. Who were they and where did they come from? Mörner was in touch with the chair of the French party, Wetterstedt, and the latter knew about these unknown foreign individuals. In other words: Bernadotte entered the picture via these unknown, so-called *secret couriers* or *agents*. That some of them were French is obvious, but were there others? It was known that Bernadotte was a deeply religious Catholic and the Vatican wanted him to become crown prince of Sweden. As a crown prince, he could assist the Vatican in a better way than as a Governor General, supervised by Napoleon. In that way some of the unknown individuals could have come from the Vatican and Mörner could even have met them in person. The main character was Wetterstedt. He monitored the handling of Bernadotte and was fully responsible. As far as I can understand, it was Wetterstedt who arranged the murder of Crown Prince Karl August and soon thereafter sent Mörner to Paris regarding Bernadotte. Then his name turned up for the first time, in a secret letter. Mörner's notes tell us that he supported the French party to 100 %. The assignment came from Wetterstedt and his daughter was Mörner's wife. The reason why Wetterstedt denied that he appointed Mörner to carry out the mission was that the contents of the secret letter, that Mörner brought with him to Paris, leaked. That would have damaged his future career and reliability.

Judging from preserved and available material, this is my view of the election of Bernadotte:



Regarding the secret documents I believe that Napoleon did not know that Bernadotte would pay and buy the Swedish crown. Fabian Wrede wanted to ask Napoleon, but he was stopped, his question was never delivered.



Jean Antoine Fournier
(1761-1824)
French political agent 1810



Carl Otto Mörner was ignored because of an early leak about his Paris mission. It created problems from the beginning.



Örebro in August, 1810



Gustaf af Wetterstedt
Chair of the French/Pontecorvo Party, 1810
Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1824-1837
Successor:
Adolf Göran Mörner 1837- 1838



King Karl Johan XIV of Sweden/Norway
1818-1844

Motto: The Love of the People My Reward
He never learnt the language, his family was split, his wife returned to France, he did not like Sweden, he was never integrated.



Adolf Göran Mörner, 1773-1738
Member of the Mannerheim Party,
Member of the Secret Committee
Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs,
1837-38

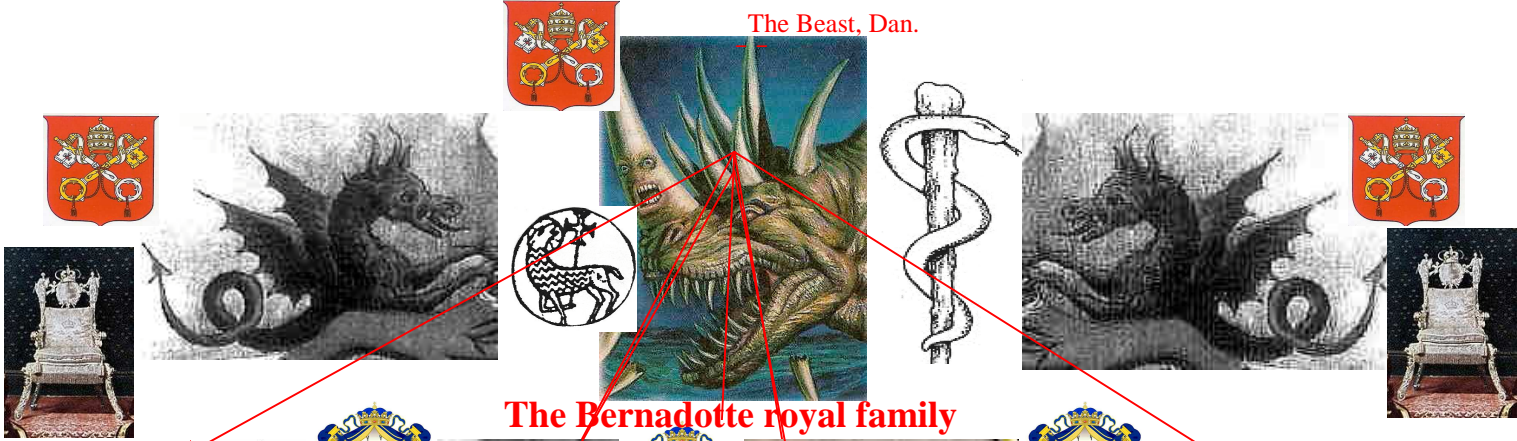
Carl Otto Mörner's cousin



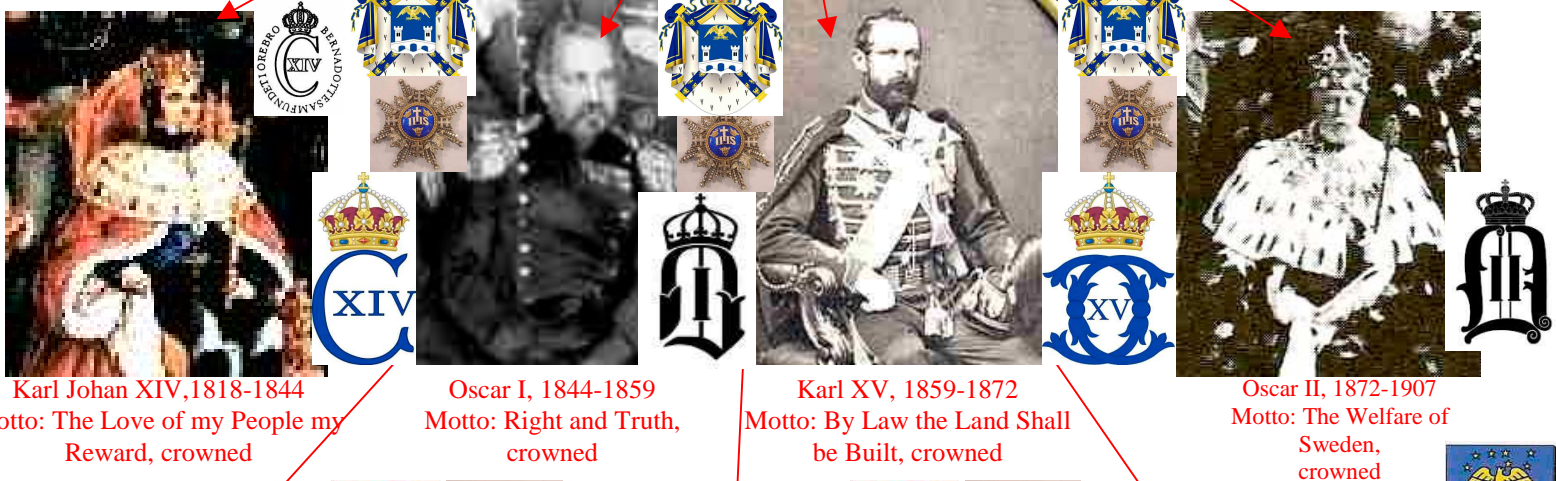


Bernadotte was elected Crown Prince of Sweden in **Nikolaikyrkan** in Örebro. The church is a symbol of religion, indicating a symbolic future for Karl Johan XIV's descendants and pointing out that their activities would have a religious foundation. This means that the Bernadotte family will cease to exist because the secret co-operation of the Catholic Mother Church. More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Times*, page 4.

The Beast, Dan.



The Bernadotte royal family

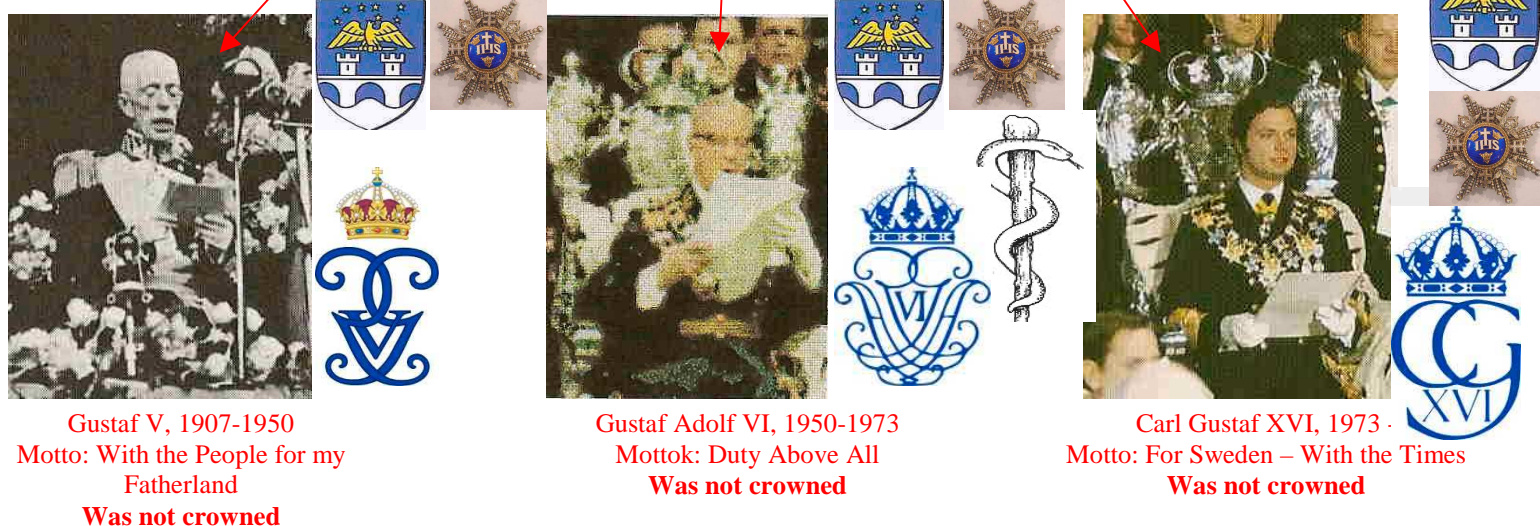


Karl Johan XIV, 1818-1844
Motto: The Love of my People my Reward, crowned

Oscar I, 1844-1859
Motto: Right and Truth, crowned

Karl XV, 1859-1872
Motto: By Law the Land Shall be Built, crowned

Oscar II, 1872-1907
Motto: The Welfare of Sweden, crowned

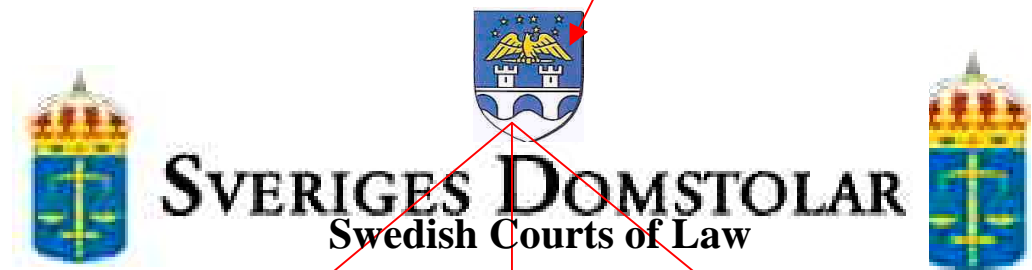


Gustaf V, 1907-1950
Motto: With the People for my Fatherland
Was not crowned

Gustaf Adolf VI, 1950-1973
Mottok: Duty Above All
Was not crowned

Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: For Sweden – With the Times
Was not crowned

The Beast in **Dan. 7:7**. Among other things, he mentions that it was different from all other animals and had ten horns. One horn was the Kingdom of Sweden after the election of Bernadotte in **Nikolaikyrkan** in Örebro. The question is: Who paid the sum of 8 million francs to the Swedish National Debt Office in 1810-11? Did the Vatican pay half the sum, around 4 million francs, and Bernadotte the second half? If this is true it would mean that the Swedish parliament, through the Secret Committee, sold the monarchy to Bernadotte and the Vatican. Queen Christina left Sweden and went to the Vatican. She converted to the Catholic faith and left the Swedish throne behind. The Bernadotte kings are still there. If we analyze today's parliament we can see that it is very weak and passive when it comes to the monarchy. The king is allowed to commit any crime, he is an unpleasant and arrogant character. If he commits a crime, he says: "Turn the page, just as you do when you read the papers...". The next time the page is turned, it will be empty without the Swedish monarchy. This may mean that the Swedish monarchy has been a secret dice in the hands of the Vatican for 200 years. These 7 kings are connected to the Book of Revelation.



More info at **The Fourth Pyramid Which Disappeared**, pp 53-57 and 60-62.

Each religion must have a base. Christianity is connected to my family tree and depends upon it.

More info at **The Fourth Pyramid Which Disappeared**, pp 53-57 and 60-62.



These three courts of law dealt with my father's paternity issue concerning maintenance allowance during the 1970's and 90's and now, 2012-13 concerning damages. The courts of law were in this context controlled by the king. Their final verdict was that the foundation of the Christian religion was "**improbable and unfounded**". In other words: **a fake**. A court of law should be above politics and religion, it is supposed to make its decisions according to laws, regulations and documents without being influenced by outside sources. But this is not the case here, the king was the judge. Now the arch bishop can close the shop, since the Church is built upon a fake with Christianity as the foundation. The king can do the same with his palace church. This is evidently also a gigantic problem for the Swedish minister of justice since these courts of law are more like playgrounds for children than institutions for judicial processes. A brief summary: even the courts cover up the murder of Tibor E and they know about both changes of identities. This is the true, dark and bloody face of the royal family and the monarchy in Sweden. An excellent trade mark.



Napoleon 1804-1815



After around 200 years



Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973- King and Head of State

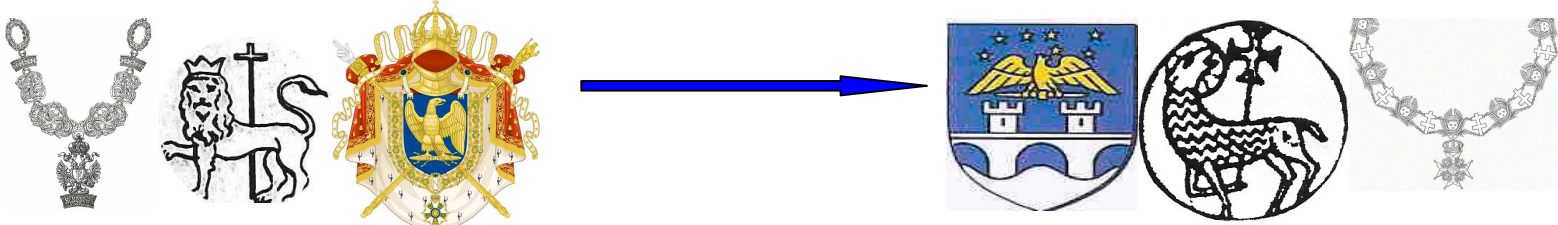
Napoleon's stroke of genius was to acknowledge Bernadotte as the new crown prince of Sweden. In the short term it was a catastrophe for him since the Vatican and its alliance, where Bernadotte belonged, defeated Napoleon. As a long-term decision, now, at the end of time, it yielded results. The last king of the Bernadotte family said goodbye to Christianity and thereby the Vatican/Mother Church/Dragon will soon fall down. An ingenious move then, yielding results now. Even the Swedish courts of law have found out that Christianity is a fake. **Rev. 12:17**: "And the dragon was enraged with the woman, and he went to make war with the rest of her offspring, who keep the commandments of God and have the testimony of Jesus Christ." The testimony of Jesus/the Lamb can be found with the royal family (and with the Swedish Church).

BERNADOTTE

Historien
- och historier -
om en familj



A book about the history of the Bernadotte family was published in 1978. The picture above is an illustration of start and finish of the Bernadotte dynasty. We clearly see that Karl Johan XIV is most powerful, on a grayish horse. The four consecutive kings saw their power being gradually diminished and the last two are symbolically crushed by the horse's hoofs. In other words: The Bernadotte family are destroying themselves, Napoleon can take credit for that. Bernadotte: *"Being a republican on principle and by conviction I wish, to the moment of my death, fight all royalists."* In that way the Lion won. Now it is time to abolish the monarchy and introduce the republic.



Proof of Pope Pius VII's Pontificate



This was painted after the death of Pope Pius VII. His program is placed among the clouds (secret). We can see two angels (extraterrestrials) at the top of the picture. One of them plays the trumpet and the other holds a laurel wreath above the portrait of Pius VII, held by two female characters. One warlike woman is a symbol of France and below her feet we can see **"The Lion of Corsica"**; the other woman is a symbol of the Vatican/Dragon. Next to her is **"the Lamb"**. Bernadotte belongs to the woman who is a symbol of France. Angels/extraterrestrials belong to the Dragon's group who are behind the pope's victory over Napoleon, clearly visible on the pope's personal coat of arms. The clouds are here symbols of space ships.



It is evident that the pope's victory over Napoleon was monitored from space, by aliens who are symbolized by angels. Bernadotte belongs to this gang. The short-term victory is at the end is transferred into a catastrophe: the end of Christianity and the Mother Church/the Dragon.

VILLE D'AJACCIO

Monarchy

Monarchy



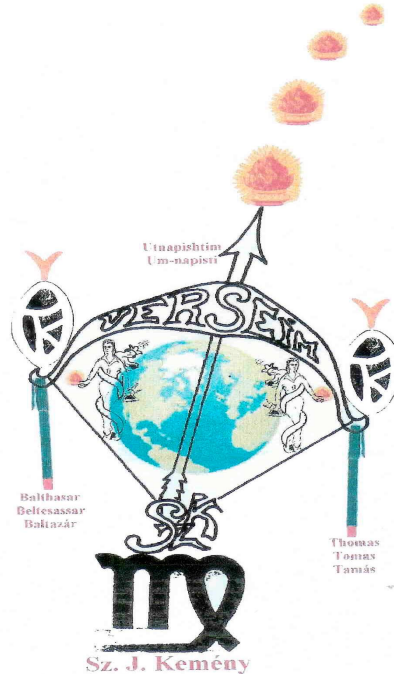
Judah/Francis I/Napoleon/Haile Selassie,
Lion of Judah

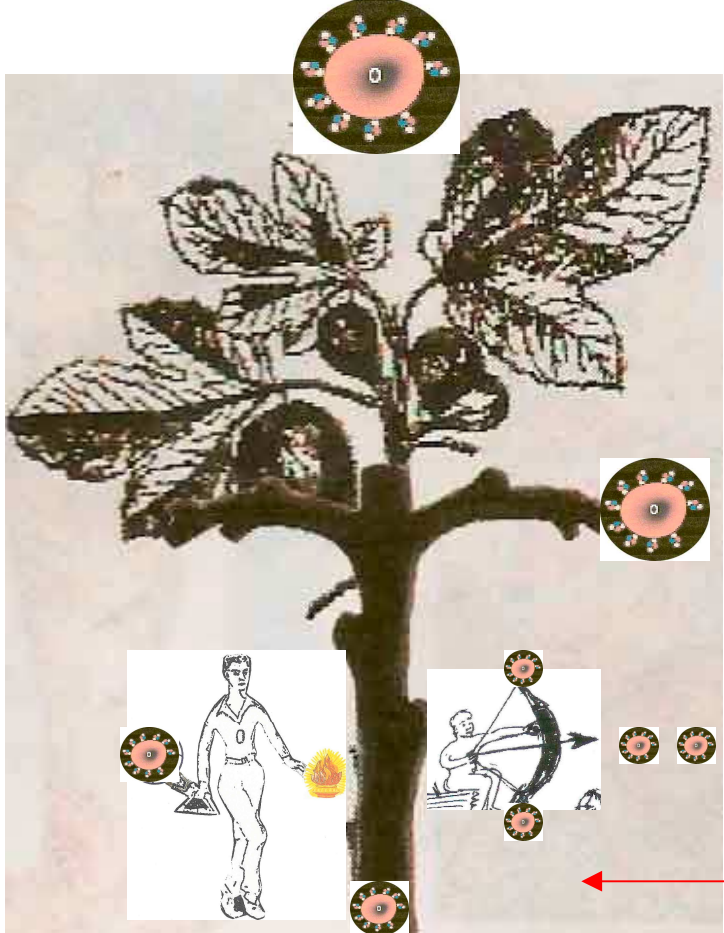
David/Joseph Jr/Attila/Vajk/Tibor E.
Lion of Judah

18



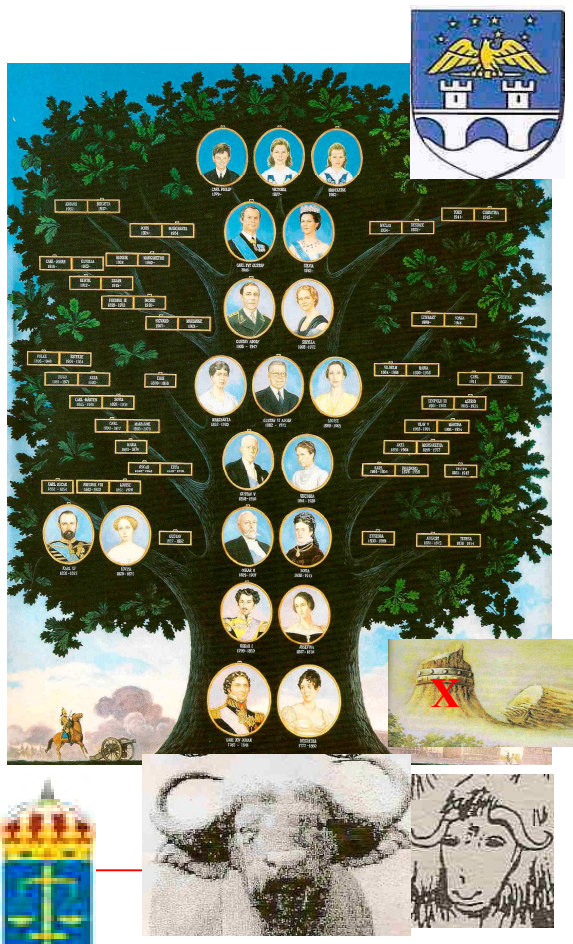
18





The Holy See is Mankind's Judas who has allowed the beast Bernadotte to attack my family tree. Instead of protecting the family, he subjected them to oppression, violence and lasting injuries.

Gen 3:24 ".../_/ and He placed cherubim at the east of the garden of Eden, and a flaming sword which turned every way, to guard the way to the tree of life." Now at the end of time the cherubims seem to have gone to sleep. Now they are awake again, but too late.

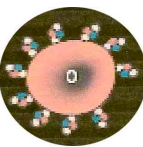
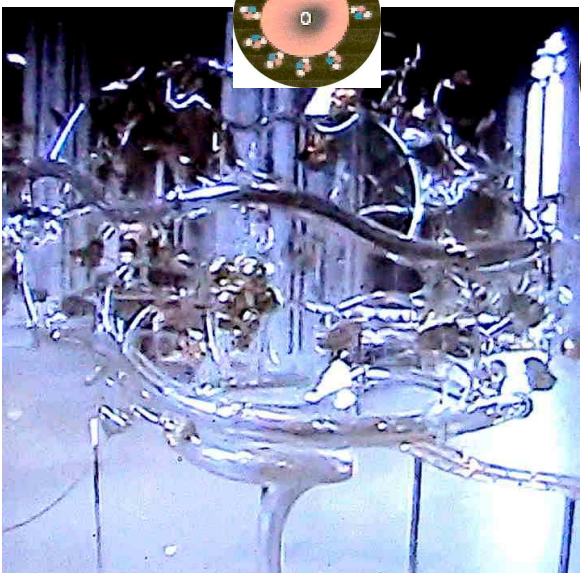
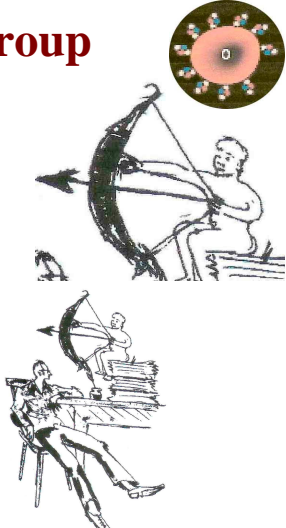


Man's family tree

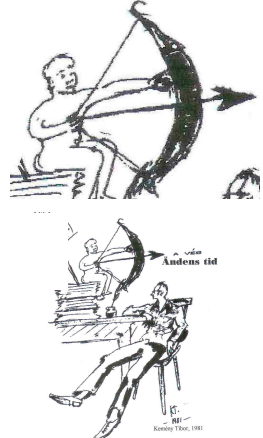
On October 6, 1964, I left Budapest, exactly 50 years ago. In retrospect I can establish that Simon's prediction about his daughter Helena's marriage gave as a result a catastrophe here in Stockholm and the priest's prediction on my future also came true. More info at *Autobiography* p 4, and *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, p 83.

The Bernadotte family tree in luxury and wealth but without human life and knowledge. There is no life in their blood.

Blood group



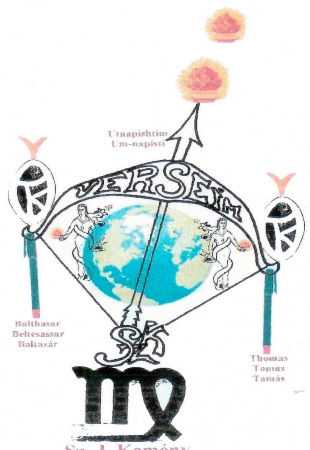
Blood Group



18

Man's family tree, Cosmic Adam's family tree, Tree of Life
More info: *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, p 66

18





August 7, 2013 Sign of Leo



Mördat barn hittat på kyrkogård

Murdered Child Found at Cemetery



Swedish media told the following story: Dead body in grave – **possible murder**. A corpse of an unknown person has been found in an old grave at The Catholic Cemetery in Solna. Two grave-diggers who were about to open an old grave reacted strongly when they saw a human arm and hand in the hole they were digging.

They found the remains shortly before ten o'clock on Wednesday, August 7, 2013, when they were digging a grave at the cemetery of the Catholic congregation at Norra Begravningsplatsen in Solna. When they had reached a depth of 130 centimeters they discovered a black plastic bag containing a body. The cemetery official made this statement: "When I arrived we understood that there should be no body at this depth. A 39-year-old woman was the latest to be buried here, in 1969. I saw the hand and the arm, it was a child in the early teens (between 11 and 13 years old) and the body I probably not older that one year. The grass on the surface had no traces after recent activities. Norra Begravningsplatsen is in the parish of Solna, but belongs to the City of Stockholm.



The police were contacted **around 10.30** and less than an hour later started a murder investigation. A large area of the cemetery has been cordoned off. The child's body was taken to the Forensic Laboratory in Solna.

The police investigation was published two days later, but they do no longer suspect murder. The County of Stockholm Police state that a 39-year-old woman had been found and that she was buried in 1969.

According to the police it is not strange that the body was wrapped in plastic bags since that was normal in those days. A bottom of a coffin was also found at the site. We will now let the woman rest in peace, say the police. Police technicians and forensic specialists have concluded that it is the body of a woman who was buried at the cemetery more than 40 years ago.

The cemetery official at Norra Begravningsplatsen, is surprised when a Swedish news agency (TT) confirms that the body was in fact the woman who was buried there in 1969. "It's totally incredible. I saw the hand and the arm, it was a child. It must be unique that it has been so well preserved. This may happen where there is clay soil and airtight, but there is only sand here", he says.

Can the body have been embalmed? "Yes, but it normally does not keep that long." **Is it normal to wrap the body in plastic?** "Not today, as far as I know. But it must have happened before." The body was found 130 centimeters down. Normal depth today is 150 centimeters.

"A rather disgusting odor"

According to cemetery documentation, the tomb was opened in 1969, not after that.

"But this was a body which had not been buried very long ago. **Only one arm was visible**, the rest was wrapped in plastic bags and seemed to be **intact**. It is difficult to understand that we found a buried body where there should not be one," says the cemetery official. The body was at a depth of 130 centimeters. The official estimates that it had been buried recently (**2012**), but that it had been there a while since the grass on the surface was well established, like the surrounding surface. "It was a rather disgusting odor, so the body had been there for some time. According to the staff it was the body of a child in his lower teens (between 11 and 13 years old) and the body was intact, no injury, no sign of physical contact. The only thing not revealed by the staff is the body's gender, but it should be a boy, around 12 years old. The staff are professional, they obviously know what they are talking about, they refer to facts about the discovery. You can trust them. Why would they lie about the discovery

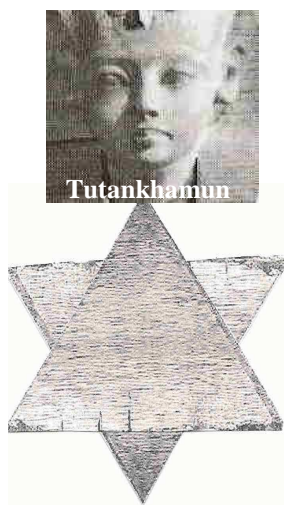
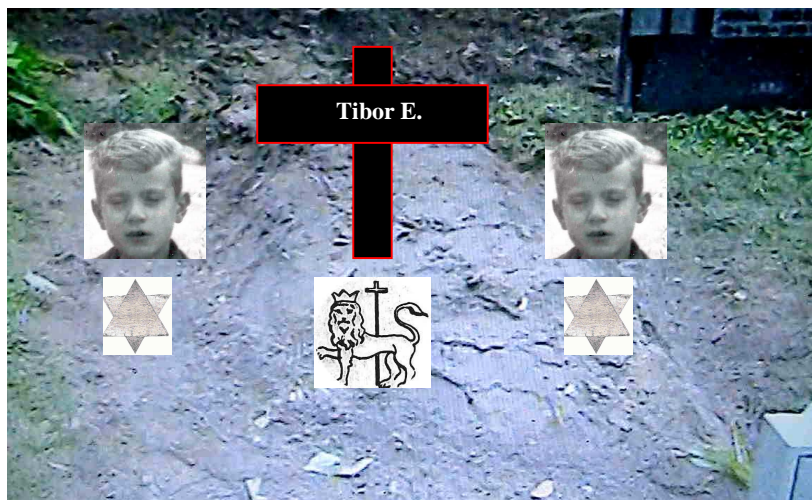
If we analyze the police statement in connection with the identification of the dead teenage child's body we notice that fantastic things have happened.

A number of years ago I watched a program on TV about hospital surgery. It was explained that the sick organs which were removed from patients were put into a black plastic bag which was thrown away. How this was done was not explained.

In the spring of 1971, my father's foster son Tibor E, i.e. the Jewish boy Tibor, found time to make a call to my father's job and talk to him before he was killed. Among other things he mentioned that he was to have some kind of head surgery at a hospital. He was scared and worried and my father tried to comfort him. Tibor E. promised my father that as soon as he had left the hospital, he would get in touch, but he never did. My father never thought that this was their last telephone conversation. More info at *Obscure Magyar*, pp 58-64, 70-77; *Aries Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 1-6; *Tutankhamun the Young Lion* and *Foundation Stone*, p 57.

The hospital in question was probably Karolinska Sjukhuset in Solna, where he went with his mother. There he was killed by a poison injection. After the murder, as far as I can understand, the doctors told his mother, Jewess Maria, that the operation was a failure, the child died and the hospital would take care of his remains. She was of course immediately gagged and then became Krister R's stepmother. The Lion Tibor E. **was freezed from 1971 to around 2012**. Then, one night in spring, something happened and for some reason, in panic, he was put into a black plastic bag and with the knowledge of the Catholic Church via the City of Stockholm he was secretly buried in the Catholic part of Norra Begravningsplatsen. We then believed that Tibor E. was cremated under an assumed name, but does not appear to be the case.

When the body of the child was transported to the Forensic Laboratory in Solna, it was immediately discovered that it was the same child that a year before had been transported in a black plastic bag to Norra Begravningsplatsen. The police were silenced by professional secrecy. My father Tibor Kemény died in 1991 and during the estate inventory I met with a detective inspector who confirmed that the police had been silenced in connection with my father's paternity issue.

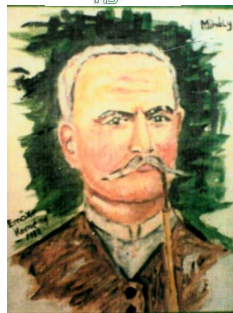
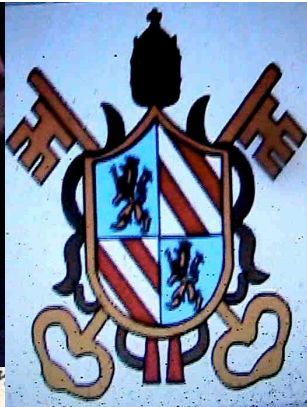


We met little Tibor for the last time in the autumn of 1970, when he was 11 years old. Then his hair was long, a bit darker than in the picture above. His class at school visited a Christian church and he left because he was not interested. Instead, he wanted to see us, without his mother's knowledge and permission. That was the last time we saw him alive. The cemetery official's description of him seems to be fairly exact. He was 12 years old when he was murdered, in his lower teens. In the plastic his hair was probably long, dark hair. Everything point to him, since the police immediately covered it up without further investigation. Generally, the police do not behave like that. The murder site's position also coincides well with his then residence. He promised to get in touch as soon as he had left the hospital. He left it after about a year in a black plastic bag and got in touch now, August 7, 2013, through the cemetery official. When I heard him talk about the discovery on TV, I almost froze: "What? Is he talking about little Tibor?"



Let us analyze the words of the police when they say that it was the same woman in the plastic bag as she who was buried in 1969, around 2-3 meters down in a coffin, according to the rules. I am also heathen, without religion. I have nothing to do with the church but I have never heard that Catholics and Protestants out their deceased in black plastic bags and bury them in the middle of the night, in the secrecy of darkness. But what have the police about this case? Well, the body of an anonymous woman who was probably homeless had been put into a plastic bag and then buried in the same grave to rest in peace, say the police. Here in Sweden, media and people know that the police are lying, the story is biological utopia. As long as the police did not know anything about the discovery at the cemetery in Solna, they did everything right. After the discovery they were forced to lie and commit crimes against a society they are supposed to protect. It is terrible and unfortunate that the Swedish police are used as criminal tools in the underworld. It was probably little Tibor who was buried in this grave, in a plastic bag. They knew it was not possible to take him back again to the same cemetery, since he was exposed and to keep him away from the cemetery, an unknown woman was put into the same grave. Besides police and forensic officials, the head of state and those involved from the City of Stockholm knew about the mysterious and secret grave in Solna. My father paid maintenance allowance to Tibor E. from 1966 to 1971 and then to Krister R through 1977 via the Department of Social Services in Stockholm. At the beginning my father did not know anything about the change of names and assumption of identity that was going on during the 70's. Back to the Holy See in the Vatican, Rome.

Pius IX, 1846-1878



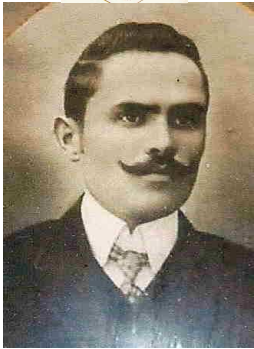
Kemény Mihály
1847-1928

Pius IX, (1846-1878), Giovanni Maria Mastai Ferretti
257, 101 Cross from cross

Kemény Mihály
1847-1928

Pius IX's pontificate lasted between 1846 and 1878. During this time he established the so-called *Throne of Aries* which was a papal chair with the horns of a ram on each side, symbols of the zodiac sign Aries. My father was born in the sign of Aries. The clergy have always followed my family tree and during this pope's pontificate my paternal grandfather's father, Kemény Mihály. Things happened around him too, things I do not want to write about, but no criminal activities generated by the Church. The Throne of Aries was a symbol, the Holy See knew that my father was about to be born, that he would be born, again reincarnated and they made plans for his arrival.

Pius X, 1903-1914



Kemény Lajos
1874-1962



St. Pius X, (1903-1914), Giuseppe Melchiorre Sarto
259, 103 Burning fire



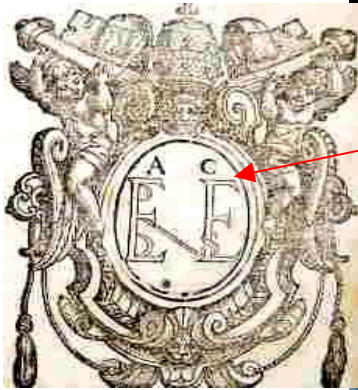
vitéz Kemény Simon
1884-1945

Between 1903 and 1914, the pope was Pius X. He also used The Throne of Aries. During his years as a pope my grandfather worked in the town of Rijeka, situated by the Kvarner Gulf, Croatia, while his brother Simon was still a student. This was when the priests started to appear around him. Simon was reincarnated into my family tree, lived a simple life, worked much, was integrated into our way of life and views upon the world, where knowledge was the foundation. He represented and defended our family tree. During the reign of this pope, Simon's daughter Ilona was born. She was the eldest child of six (two daughters and four sons) and was a reincarnation of, among others, a peasant girl who was born in Corinaldo in 1890 and was murdered in Nettuno, Italy, in 1902. Her beatification was in 1947 and she was canonized in 1950 by Pius XII. More info at *Obscure Magyar*, pp 59 and 48 and *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 18 and 4.

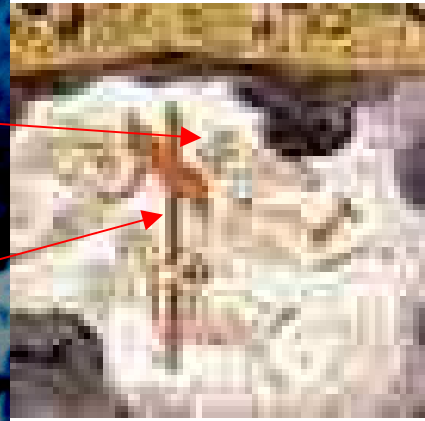
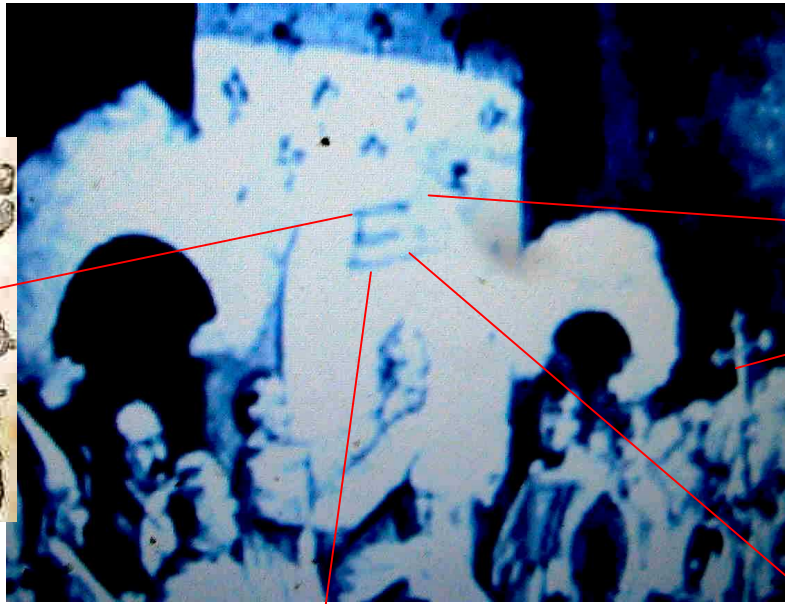


The coronation of Pope Pius X. He is on his Throne of Aries and is crowned on August 9, 1903. On the throne above his head is the blue letter "E" and to the left of the throne is a cross. What does this "E" sign in a cross mean? In his dream Constantine saw a cross in the sky and heard the voice: *In this sign you will conquer*, in Latin *In hoc signo vinces*. This is still valid, at the end of time. The letter "E" also belongs to the cross. In the signature of St. Stephen there is also an "E", as in the signature of Emperor Henry III and on Pope Benedict III's personal coat of arms. More info at *Foundation Stone*, page 45.

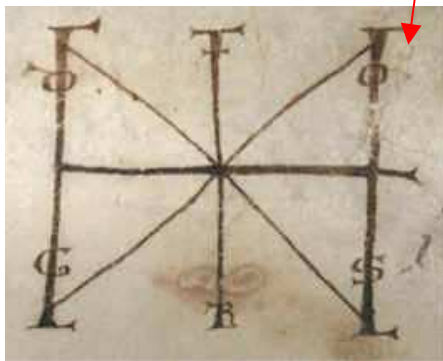




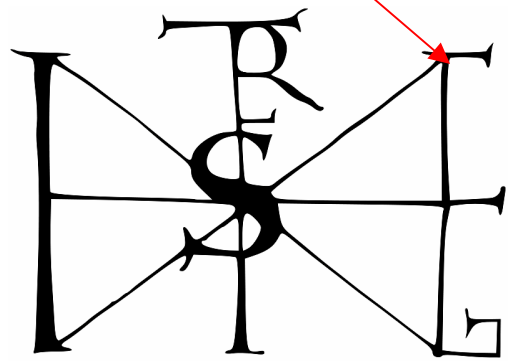
Benedict III, 855-858



Constantine's dream 312
Constantine the Great

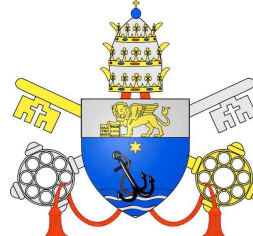
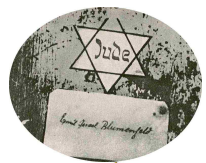
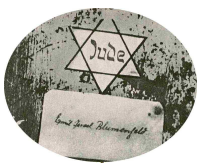
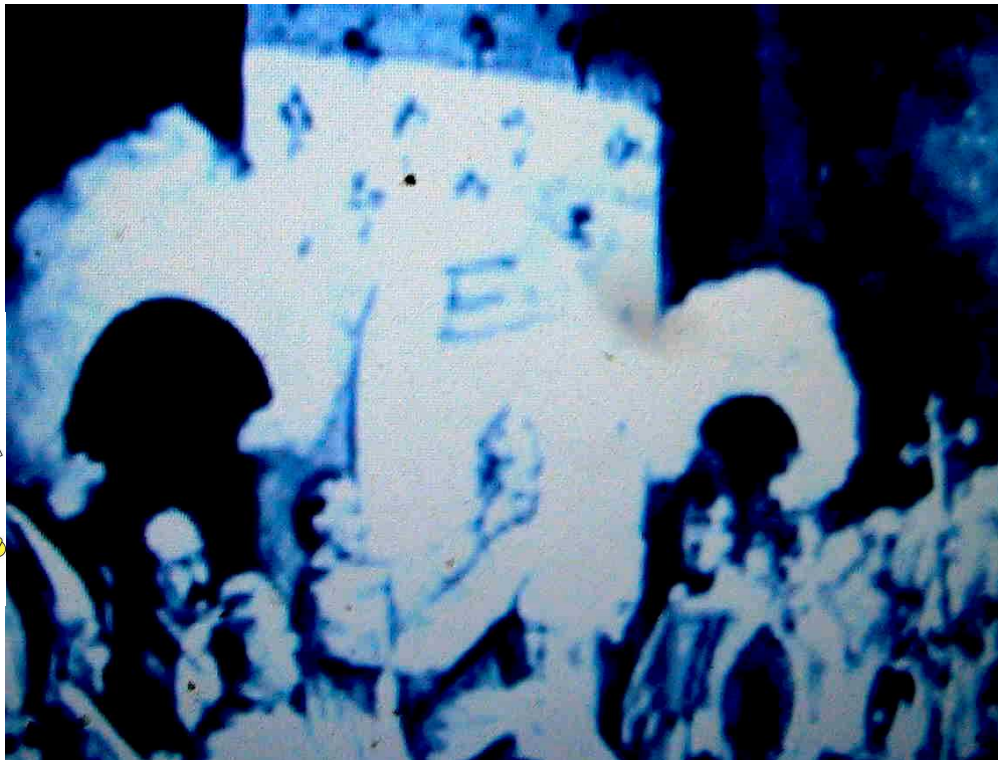


Emperor Henry III, 1046-1056, and his signature



St. Stephen's signature from his time, 1000-1038

It is very clear that the Bull Jesus Christ/Mammon will conquer under the "E" sign with the cross. The same thing will happen to the Lamb Jesus/Virgin, victory under the "E" sign, now, at the end of time.



What more is revealed by the "E" sign on the pope's throne? The sign "E" is an abbreviation of Jewess Maria's family name. Since it is above the Throne of Aries, the Holy See knew as early as that my father would meet Maria and her son Tibor E, who would be reincarnated in Linköping in Sweden. Furthermore, we can understand that Pius X knew that Maria's family were in Hungary, protected by the Church, despite the fact that the pope started a worldwide anti-Semitism which, in Germany, worked well.



Kemény Tibor
1923.04.18

Kemény Tibor
1991.05.04



Pius XI, (1922–1939), Ambrogio Damiano Achille Ratti
261, 105 Intrepid faith

During Pius XI's pontificate my father was born/reincarnated on April 18, 1923, in the zodiac sign Aries. Pope Pius XI held on to the so-called *Throne of Aries*. Now the Holy See was free to carefully plan the last step of its secret program about our family tree which is always at the center of events in this context. During the lifetime of this pope, a co-operation was created between the governments of Pius XI and Gustav Hitler/Death. The Vatican also became an independent state within Italy.



Kemény Szabolcs József, 1949
Kemény Tibor's only-begotten son

Pius XII, (1939–1958), Eugenio Maria Giuseppe Giovanni Pacelli
262, 106 Angelic shepherd

Christer R. 1948
Kemény Simon's former grandchild

During the pontificate of Pope XII I, Krister R were born in Hungary, but not in the same town and the Bull God, the Bull Christ. This pope, too, held on to the *Throne of Aries*. He was the last pope to symbolically use this throne. He was one of the most remarkable of all popes. He possessed knowledge of lots of secrets, he knew exactly who Gustav and Adolf Hitler were. He also knew everything about Simon and Raoul Wallenberg. When Gustav Hitler, on March 19, 1944 (Joseph's namesday), occupied Hungary, Pius XII knew that Gustav would kill Jewess Maria's family and arranged, via the Hungarian Church, that the family converted to Catholicism. More info at *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, page 44. As far as I understand, the Holy See this time opposed Gustav Hitler, since their program was already planned to today's date, at the end of time. This is a short summary of 167 years of basic planning, elaborated via the popes by the heavenly angels/extraterrestrials in connection with my family tree. During his pontificate Jewess Maria became pregnant with her brother-in-law's child in Linköping, Sweden. He told this story himself in a symbolic vision of the Sun, a symbol of the Lion. It was, by the way, the pope who permitted my father's cousins to marry at the beginning of the 1940's. More info at *Obscure Magyar*, pp 59 and 48.



Pius IX, (1846–1878)
257, 101 Cross from cross



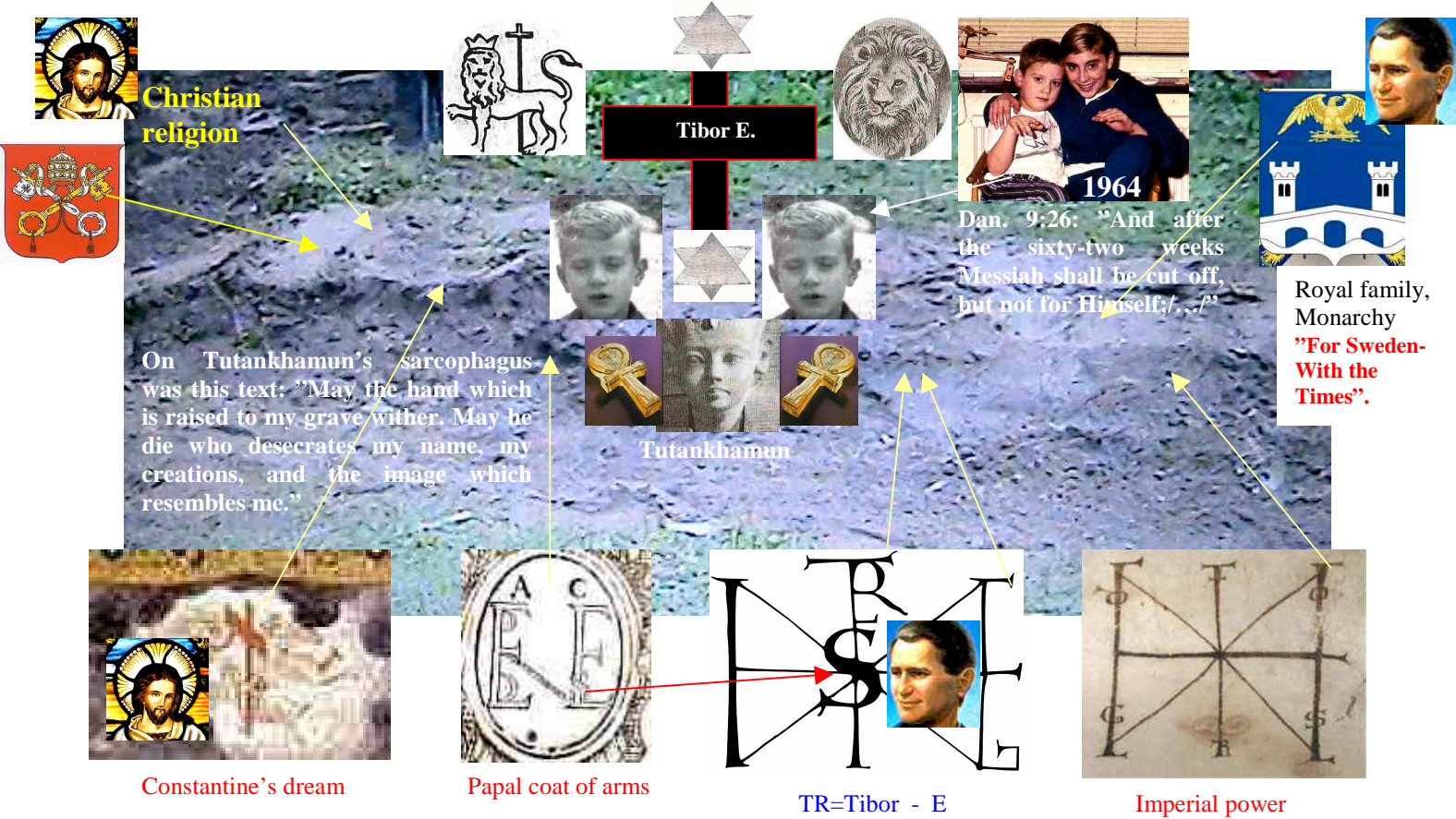
St. Pius X, (1903–1914)
259, 103 Burning fire



Pius XI, (1922–1939)
261, 105 Intrepid faith



Pius XII, (1939–1958)
262, 106 Angelic shepherd



After around 160 years of planning, through the pontificates of 12 popes, the result of the work has symbolically ended up in a grave. The head of state, the notable horn/the Ox has transferred the whole lifetime achievement of the Holy See to the grave at the cemetery of the Catholic congregation during his forty years as King and Head of State in Sweden. This is the king's lifetime achievement. Maybe he should be a Nobel laureate for his 40-year-long work for humanity-

The truth is that there is neither a paternity acknowledgement nor a maintenance allowance settlement concerning Tibor E. In the settlement which was established on January 19, 1959, in Linköping, there is no identity information on little Tibor. The settlement tells us that someone was born, but not who was born, son or daughter (the settlement is evidently not valid). The settlement which my father signed on September 18, 1958, was an empty sheet of paper. My father believed it concerned a place to live for the, as yet, unborn child. The head of state at that point in time was Gustav Adolf VI. The first time my father saw this settlement was in mid-1970's in connection with maintenance allowance to Krister R, who is a woman according to correspondence connected to the case. During a lengthy telephone conversation with the social welfare officer at that time, my father asked who Krister R was. The officer answered that Krister R is Tibor E. My father said that he was not the father of Krister R and that he wanted to meet him. She was very crisp when she said that my father was Krister R's father, he had no right to see him, the only right he had was to pay maintenance allowance. Among other things, she said that his denial took him nowhere, he had to pay. If need be, she would bribe my father's solicitor. Which, sadly, happened. In a personal telephone conversation with Krister R towards the end of 1978, he said, among other things, that he had no idea about who we were, he did not know anything about my father and he had no idea about fatherhood and maintenance allowance. It was obviously not possible to meet Tibor E, he was dead, but neither was it possible to meet with Krister R who was an adult and my father's cousins' child. He had no knowledge about anything, despite all court procedures and other measures in his name. Finally, via the Department of Social Services and the bailiff's office, the allowance to Krister R and all legal costs were deducted from my father's salary. It all ended in 1979, when the prime minister was Ola Ullsten. Then, at last, peace reigned again. More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 1-5 and *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, pp 52-62. – N.B! As long as the police do not contact me in person concerning Tibor E, I will continue to be convinced that the discovery of the plastic bag at the cemetery in Solna is Tibor E.

Unfortunately my father never could forget how inhuman, illegal and brutal the authorities were towards him and his family. He was even denied the right to defend himself. No matter what he wrote, what he said, what evidence he produced concerning his paternity issue, he was completely rejected, his solicitor was even bribed. He kept all this inside himself, it was one of the reasons he died so young. Vast amounts of forged documents are still today in circulation, document my father never knew about. He certainly regretted that he chose Sweden back in 1956. The Kingdom of Sweden, ruled by the royal family, has been a catastrophe and my family have suffered lasting injuries.

The Secret World

The general public are not allowed to watch what is going on in the secret world. In the secret world important decisions are made, known only by close circles. In the visible world we are informed by media. My family tree ended up in the secret world and, because of this, things ended as above. Most people know that the end will come also for Christianity and the Holy See, the Bible is clear on this. The Gospels, Revelation, St. Malachy and Nostradamus write about it, too. As well as many others.

The Visible World



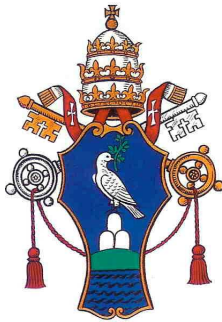
Christina's silver throne

Carl Gustav XVI, 1973 -
 Motto: "For Sweden-With the Times".
 Trade Mark of the Monarchy

I can symbolically compare the forty years of the king's sojourn as king and head of state with a bullfight, where the pope is the matador, the red muleta is the bait and a symbol of my family tree, the bull is the Bernadotte royal family. A symbolic illustration. The Holy See, knowing what it is all about, takes the initiative, the bull is free, not restricted by any laws and rules and behaves extensively illegal while making use of its power. With its head down it attacks my family tree, the bait, without knowledge and without seeing the consequences. It is evident that my family tree is squeezed between two beasts in order to insert, by fraud and violence, gods, i.e. Christ and Antichrist. I use this picture just to illustrate, in a symbolic way, that the Holy See has the primary responsibility and is the main culprit. The king, being the head of state is responsible in Sweden, something he can never deny. The Holy See is a traitor, it has betrayed my family tree and abused its power. When Bernadotte was elected crown prince of Sweden, the country was a poor rural society and Bernadotte personally contributed (according to some sources) 8 million francs to this rural society, he bought the crown. He became rich during Napoleon's reign. The question is whether he paid the whole sum or whether the Holy See paid half of it. Anyway, the kingdom of Sweden started to get rich during the 1950's and is today a prosperous kingdom, but not by its own efforts. It owns Christina's silver throne, but not her knowledge. But what did my family get from this wealth? Not even safety, protection and security. We are totally oppressed without any human or legal rights. We were not even granted proper damages by the courts of law. We can see that the police and judicial system did not function in the Kingdom of Sweden in our case (and in many others). That is why we want to get rid of the royal family and religion forever, we have had enough of them and madness. What remains is the Day of Wrath, the Wrath of the **Lamb** according to Revelation. **Rev 6:15-17**: "And the kings of the earth, the great men, the rich men, the commanders, the mighty men, every slave and every free man, hid themselves in the caves and in the rocks of the mountains, and said to the mountains and rocks, "Fall on us and hide us from the face of Him who sits on the throne and from the wrath of the Lamb! For the great day of His wrath has come, and who is able to stand?" Judgment Day, Funeral Day.



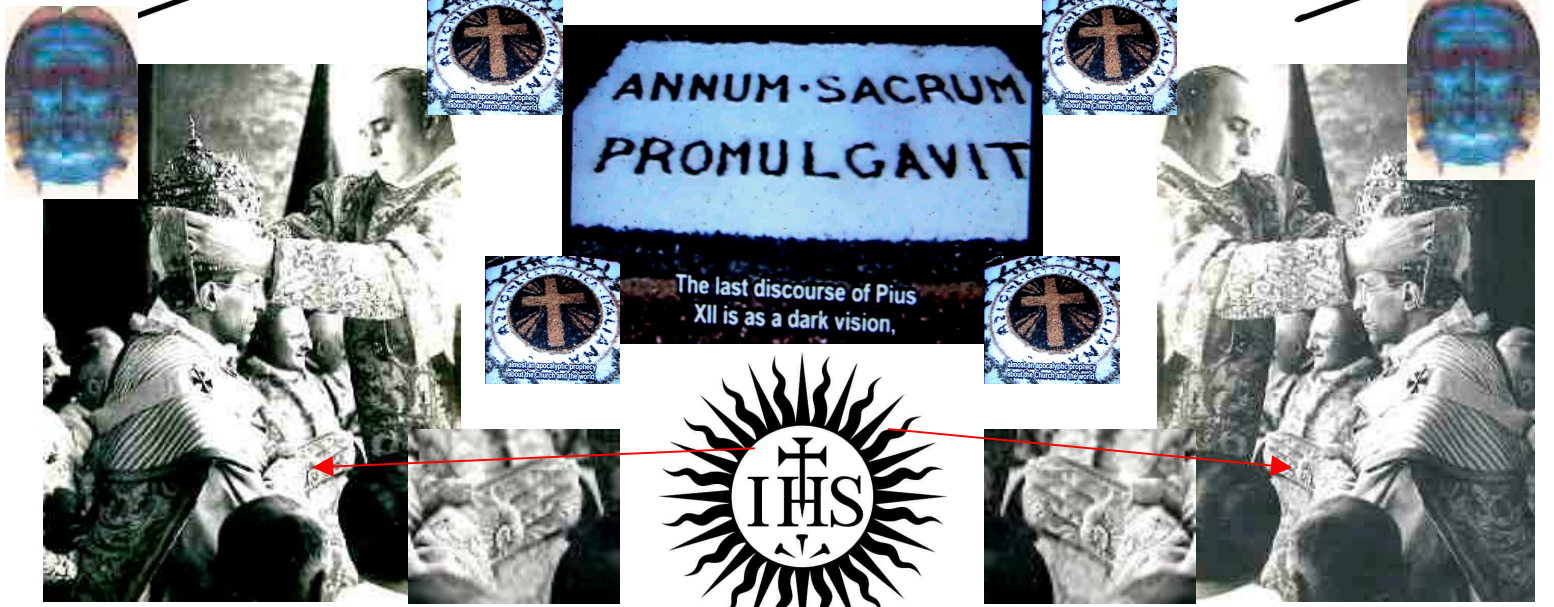
A symbolic illustration, a tragic end
 More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 1-6.



Pius pp. XII

Pius XII, (1939–1958), Eugenio Maria Giuseppe Giovanni Pacelli
262, 106 Angelic shepherd

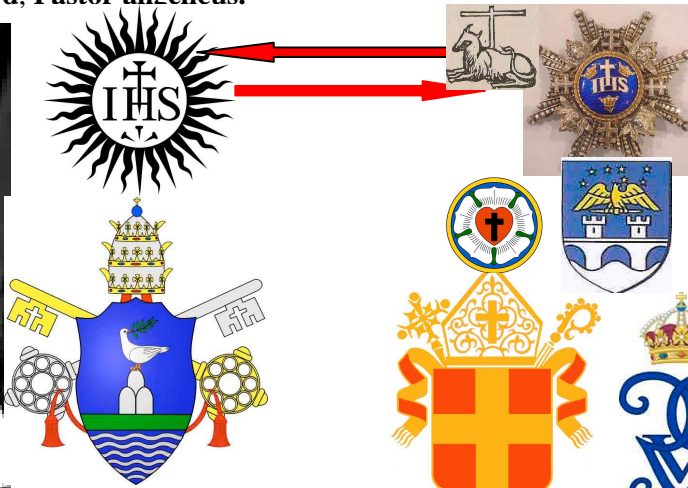
Pius pp. XII



Pius XII became pope on March 12, 1939. On his glove we clearly see the emblem of the Society of Jesus. The Bull was also part of his program, since the Society of Jesus is connected to the Bull. This pope was the most remarkable of them all when it comes to secrets. During his pontificate the Bull (1946) and the Lamb (1948) were born. Jewess Maria was pregnant with the Lion (1958). According to his program, Pius XII was strongly attracted by the Lamb/Virgin. I believe that Pius XII was a reincarnation of, among others, Izates II/Jesus' elder brother Joseph bar Monobaz. Before his death, Pius XII had a very dark vision about religion and the Catholic Mother Church, a kind of warning directed at future popes. **Note that the last conclave started on March 12, 2013.** More info at *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, p 52. According to St. Malachy he was an **Angelic Shepherd, Pastor angelicus.**



Pius XII, (1939–1958)
262, 106 Angelic shepherd

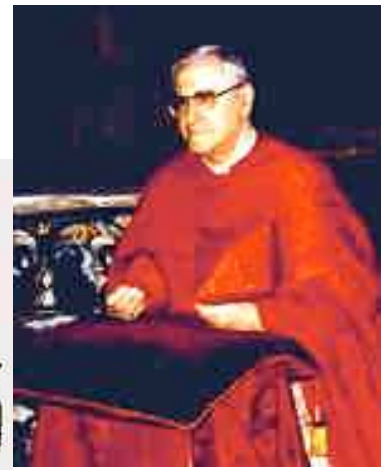
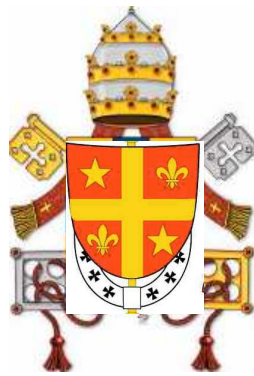
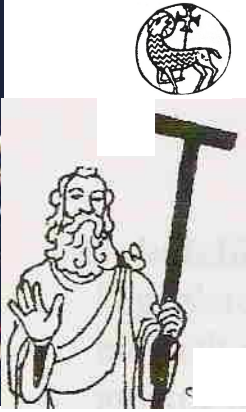


Arch Bishop Erling Eidem,
Church of Sweden, 1931-1950



Gustaf V 1907-1950
Motto: With the People – for the Fatherland
Was not crowned

During the Second World War, the Church of Sweden and the Bernadotte family enjoyed good relations with the Vatican and Nazi Germany. During the reign of Gustav V and the active period of Arch Bishop E. Eidem, Raoul Wallenberg disappeared. Neither the Church nor the Royal Family showed any interest in helping Wallenberg in or outside Budapest. The yellow cross on the arch bishop's coat of arms is a symbol of the Sun, the Lion, while the red cross on the coat of arms of the Church of Sweden, is a symbol of the Lamb.

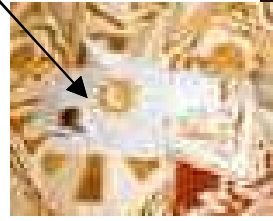
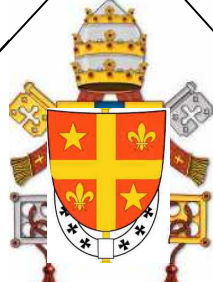
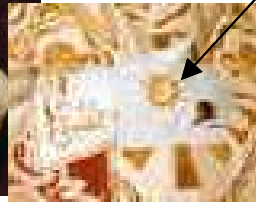


Philip the Apostle

The **P**ope in **R**ed

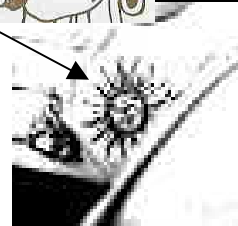
Gregorius XVII, antipope 40 (1958-1989), Genova Giuseppe Siri

The attributes of Philip the Apostle: A cross (the "T"), stone, serpent and dragon, all strong symbols. My view is that Giuseppe Siri was a reincarnation of, among others, Philip the Apostle. There is a cross in his coat of arms, the Serpent can be connected to the five-pointed star, a symbol of planet Venus, which in turn is connected to the Morning Star of Revelation, a female symbol. The "T" can be interpreted in many ways, but in this context "T" is a symbol of the name "Tibor". My father's name was Tibor and he played the fatherhood role in this context. Cardinal Siri was elected pope on October 26, 1958. More info at *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, pp 47-52. Cardinal Siri was the most strident supporter of the Lamb/Jesus who, at any price, wanted him to be the victor. The yellow cross on his coat of arms is a symbol of the Sun, the Lion.



Gregorius XVII, antipope 40 (1958-1989), Giuseppe Siri Genova

During a religious ceremony in Genoa we see Cardinal Siri in white gloves. On the gloves we see the Society of Jesus. The Society of Jesus is a symbol of Antichrist the Bull, the Lamb's rival.



John XXIII's coronation took place on November 4, 1958. On his white glove we also can see the Society of Jesus. The Bull follows the Lamb and the Lion has not yet been born. I believe the pope was a reincarnation of, among others, John, fisherman Zebedee's younger son. His attribute are a book and the Serpent/Lamb looking out from the chalice. St Malachy called him **Shepherd and sailor**, Pastor et nauta.



Johannes XXIII (1958–1963), Angelo Giuseppe Roncalli
263, 107 Shepherd and sailor

Toannes pp. XXIII

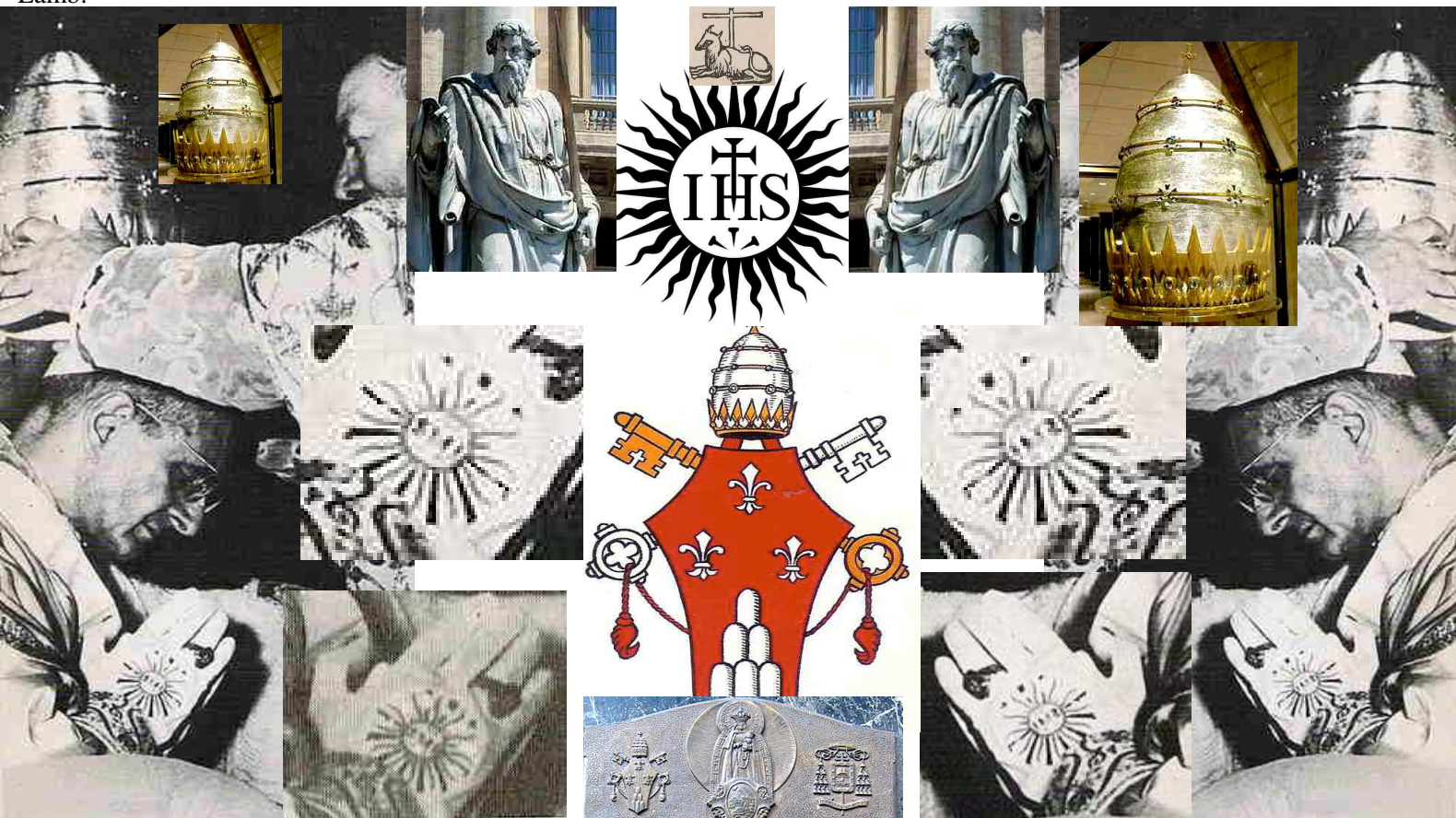


Arch Bishop Yngve Brilioth,
Church of Sweden, 1950-1958
Arch Bishop Gunnar Hultgren,
Church of Sweden, 1958-1967



Gustaf Adolf VI, 1950-1973
Motto: **"Duty above All"**
Was not crowned

During this pope's pontificate the Lion was born in Linköping, exactly at midnight between December 25 and 25, 1958. The hospital where he was born contacted some authorities in connection with his birth: the Head of State, King Gustaf Adolf VI (i.e. the Bernadotte royal family), the arch bishop of the Swedish Church and the government. Almost simultaneously the Vatican was contacted, the pope was informed of the birth of The Lion in Linköping. On September 18, 1958, during Maria's pregnancy, my father was persuaded to sign a settlement regarding paternity of and maintenance allowance to the future child, not yet born. On January 19, 1959, the authority issued the settlement without any information about the newborn boy's full identity, his full name, and civil registration number. In other words; the document has no information on who was born, who my father was a father of. The settlement only has Maria's surname **E.** and a date, December 24, 1958. Everything points to the fact that it was the Head of State, King Gustav Adolf VI, who ordered the authority to act like this. What the settlement tells us is that the Lion, the Jewish boy Tibor E was condemned to death before he was born and that it would be possible to replace him by other individuals in the future. More info at *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, pp 53-56. **Note that neither Maria nor my father received a copy of the agreement.** Who received copies? The head of state? The arch bishop? The pope? The authorities used this settlement against my father, it is at the bottom of the situation today. On his coat of arms there are two lilies, symbols of the Lion and the Lamb.



Paul VI was crowned pope on June 30, 1963. Here we can also see the symbol of the Society of Jesus on his white glove. As far as I can understand, Pope Paul VI was a reincarnation of, among others, Paul the Apostle, who was the Bull God Mark's main apostle. The emblems of Paul the Apostle are a sword and the scroll with the seven seals, as above. There is evidence that the emblems are correct. According to St. Malachy he was the **Flower of Flowers**, Flos florum. A flower is symbol of the woman/virgin, i.e. he has killed because of a flower. See his personal coat of arms: symbolic flowers and the large mountain. His coronation clearly tells us that the *tiara* is no longer a tiara, it is only a crown ring which would end up at the head of the Jesuit, the Bull Christ's head. Compare this crown to John XXIII's tiara. Paul VI was the last pope to be crowned.



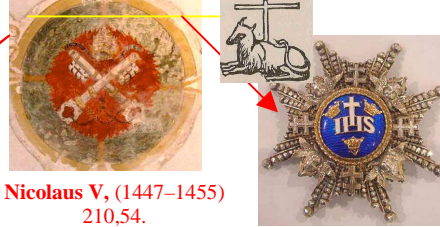
Paulus VI, (1963–1978),

Giovanni Battista Enrico Antonio Maria Montini
264, 108 Flower of flowers

Paulus PP VI-



**Nicolaus V, (1447–1455)
210,54.
From the meanness of Luna**

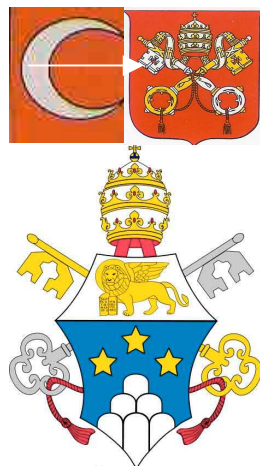


**Ruben Josefson, Arch Bishop of
Church of Sweden, 1967-1972
Olof Sundby, Arch Bishop of
Church of Sweden, 1972-1983**



**Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: "For Sweden – With the
Times".
Was not crowned**

During this pope's pontificate, the Lion Tibor E was murdered in 1971 and was replaced by the Lamb, Krister. The pope himself made the decision and informed the head of state in Sweden to carry out the verdict. The starting point was the 1958 settlement and in those days all involved were convinced that Tibor E was my father's biological son. Thus it was alright to murder him and at the same time equip the Lamb, Krister R, my father's cousins' child, with Tibor's identity documents. At that time, King Gustaf Adolf VI was the head of state, an old, sick monarch, almost 90 years old. His motto was **Duty above All**. It is one thing that he received the Lamb, Krister R, in secrecy in Stockholm, it was his duty, but it is quite another thing to kill an innocent 12-year-old boy. I suspect that it was a much younger, influential individual at the court who, assigned by Gustaf Adolf VI, carried out the pope's decision. In other words: an individual who knew about the secrets connected to the case, saw to it that the Lion, Tibor E, was killed and then put into a freezer. In the mid-1970's the trials concerning maintenance allowance to Krister R against my father started, based on the 1958 settlement which my father then saw for the first time. The allowance was high compared to my father's income. When my father found out that Tibor E had been murdered and replaced by Krister R, who is my father's cousins' child, he informed both the police and the court. Instead of cancelling the legal proceedings, violence and terror was used against my father and his family. Now, Pope Nicholas V's weapon of warning entered the picture. Two intersecting silver keys signifying the roads for the two mothers, with one son each (the roads of Jewess Maria and cousin Ilona), a crossroads which appeared when it was evident that Krister R was not the same person as Tibor E. The catastrophe was now a fact. Instead of using violence and terror, they should have talked to my father in person about the situation, since he was the man to make decisions regarding paternity, nobody else on this planet has the right to make decisions in my father's name. If it was not possible for the pope to stop the legal proceedings here in Sweden, who could do that? The pope was Nicholas V's successor and should have followed the proceedings here in Stockholm, but he did not. Or did he get false information? And now it is too late. Neither did he get in touch with my father. More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 1-6 and 11-13 and *The Fourth Pyramid which Disappeared*, pp 57 and 63.



John Paul I became pope on September 3, 1978. He was the first pope to have two names. 'John' refers to John XXIII, who was the pope of the Lamb. 'Paul' refers to Paul VI, who was the pope of the Bull, a strange combination. St. Malachy called him or his program *Of the Half Moon*, 'De medietate lunae'. The Moon is a female symbol as is the five-pointed star on his coat of arms. It is connected to Venus/the Morning Star, i.e. a symbol of Virgin/spinster/hybrid/the Lamb. The pope was a reincarnation of Judas, Izates II/Jesus/one of the Lamb's elder sons. The color of the moon is silver, so is also the color of the key in the pope's coat of arms. More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, page 9.



Giovanni Paolo PP. I

John Paul I (1978-1978), Albino Luciani
265, 109 From the midst of the moon



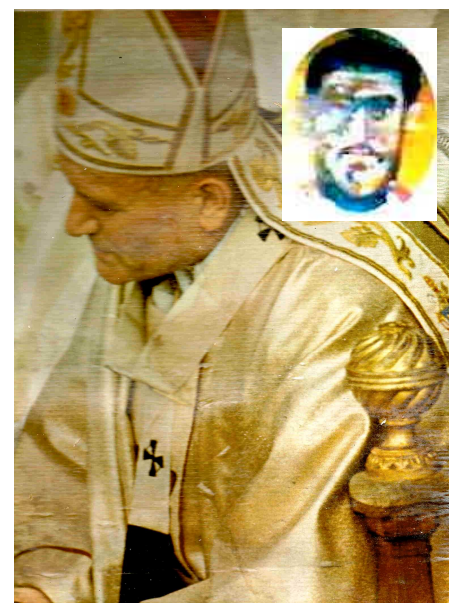
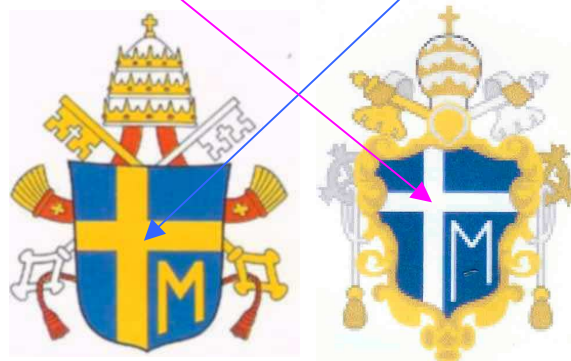
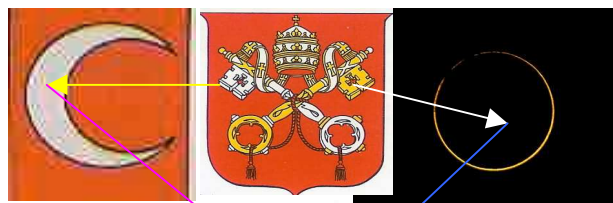
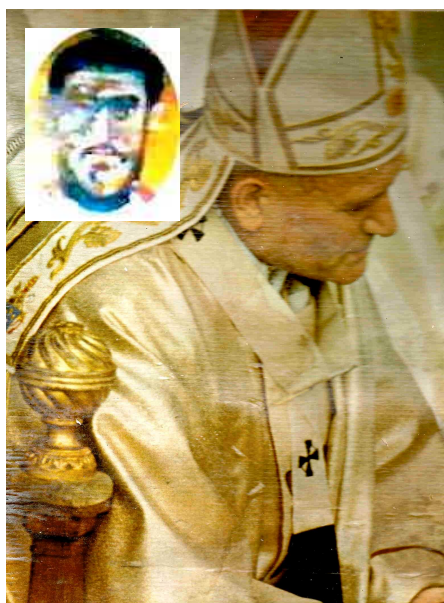
Olof Sundby, Arch Bishop
Church of Sweden, 1972-1983



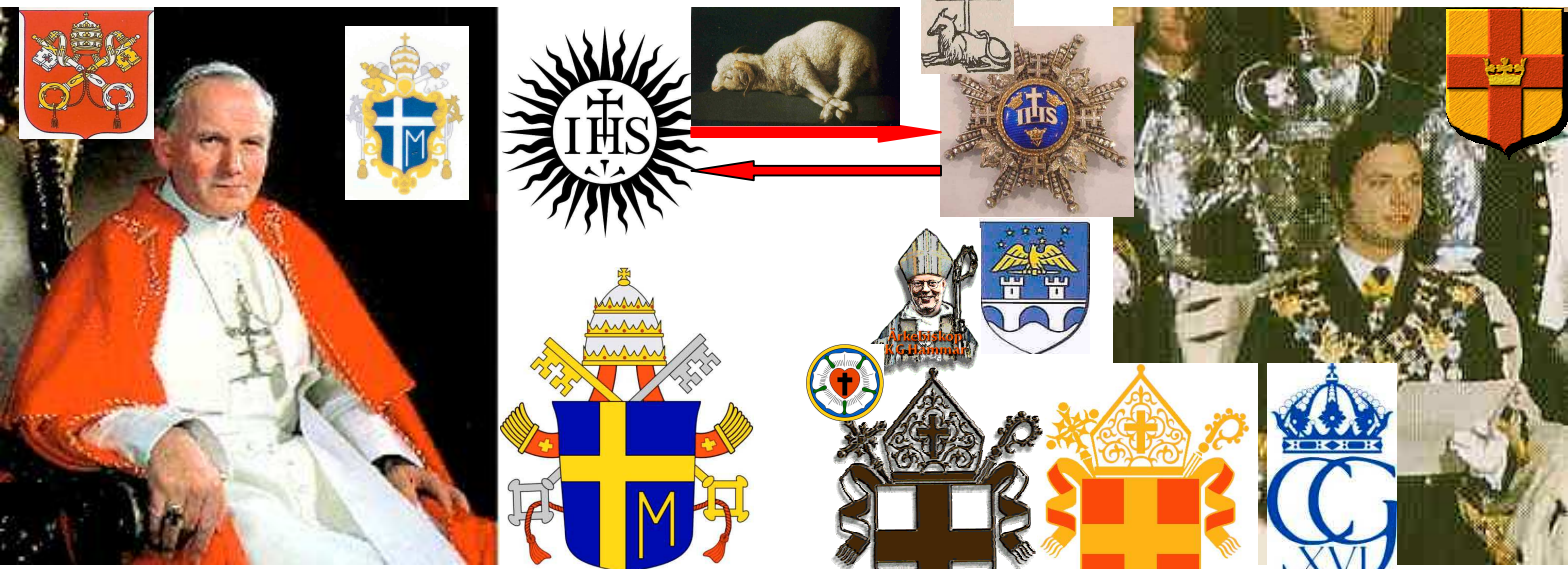
Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: "For Sweden - With the Times"
Was not crowned

During this pope's short pontificate things which should not have happened, happened. Then violence, terror and kidnapping against my father and his family began. It was on September 19, 1978, the darkest day in modern times for my family and family tree. More info at *Aries, Capricorn and the End of Time*, pp 5, 1-6. At the end of the month he was dead, murdered. In a speech delivered to a crowded St. Peter's Square on Sunday, September 10, 1978, Pope Luciani said this about God: "He is our father, but even more our mother." For the first time the Vatican publicly announced that God is a **Hybrid**, neither man nor woman, i.e. a Virgin. The **Moon** and **Venus** are also female symbols. I mentioned above that the pope was a reincarnation of, among others, Judas. Back to Palestine, to Thomas's Gnostic text. More info at *Omnipotent Akhenaten*, page 20.

13 Jesus said to his disciples, "Compare me to something and tell me what I am like." Thomas said to him, "Teacher, my mouth is utterly unable to say what you are like." Jesus said, "I am not your teacher. Because you have drunk, you have become intoxicated from the bubbling spring that I have tended." And he took him, and withdrew, and spoke three sayings to him. When Thomas came back to his friends they asked him, "What did Jesus say to you?" Thomas said to them, "If I tell you one of the sayings he spoke to me, you will pick up rocks and stone me, and fire will come from the rocks and devour you." Thomas compared him to something that Jesus did not like, such as being a Hybrid/Virgin. There was a rift between the brothers. **Judas** had assumed the name **Thomas**. Thomas was Carpenter Joseph's biological son. Everything Thomas wrote regarding his father and the Universe, Judas rewrote to the benefit of Jesus/the Lamb. He also pretended to be Thomas and called himself *Didymus Judas Thomas*. Pope John Paul I was the man who, in modern times, officially revealed that God/Jesus/the Lamb is a Virgin/Hybrid. He was elected to the papal chair on my birthday, **September 3**. His motto, *From the Midst of the Moon*, is connected to Judas, Jesus/the Lamb's elder brother. As John he was the pope of the Lamb, as Paul he should have defended the Bull. He did not, since the Bull is male and a Virgin/hybrid. As far as I understand he was killed by the Bull's cardinals, since Jesus/the Bull/the Jesuit suddenly was blown away from the center of events.



John Paul II was installed on October 22, 1978. He chose the same name as his predecessor, a double name. John and Paul have the same signification. St. Malachy's motto for him: *De Labore Solis, From a Solar Eclipse*. The letter 'M' stands for, inter alia, *Moses* and *Hybrid/Virgin*. The yellow cross on his coat of arms (the Swedish flag) is a symbol of the Sun, the Lion, while the silver cross on the other coat of arms is a symbol of the Moon and the Virgin/Lamb. The pope was a reincarnation of, among others Moses and Shimon bar Monobaz, Izates II/Jesus's elder brother Simon Peter, who was the first high priest in Rome, around AD 30-33.



Joannes Paulus II

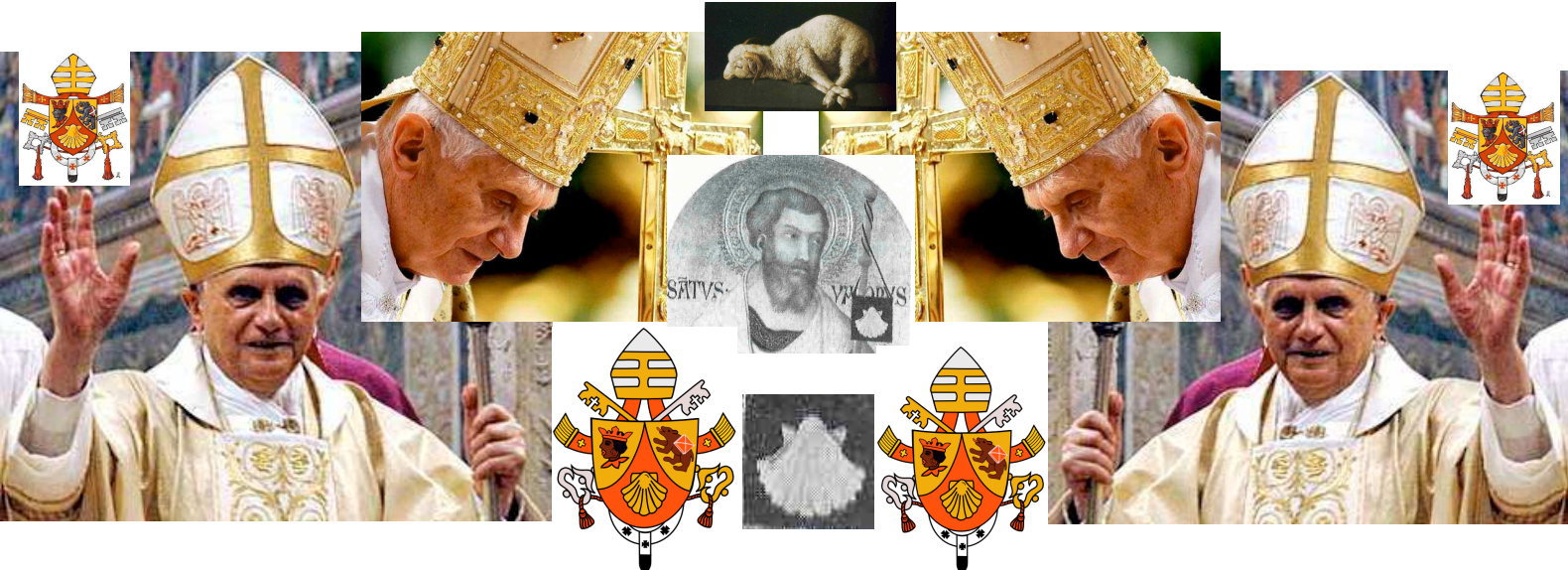
John Paul II (1978–2005), Karol Józef Wojtyła
266, 110 From a solar eclipse

Olof Sundby, Arch Bishop
Church of Sweden, 1972-1983

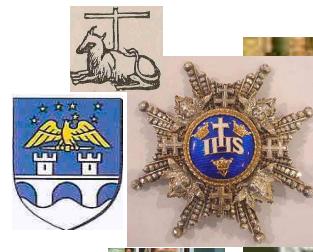
Bertil Werkström, Arch Bishop Church of Sweden, 1983-1993
Gunnar Weman, Arch Bishop Church of Sweden, 1993-1997
KG Hammar, Arch Bishop Church of Sweden, 1997-2006

Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: "For Sweden – With
the Times".
Was not crowned

St. Malachy's motto *De Labore Solis, From a Solar Eclipse*, was the pope's program during his 27-year-long pontificate. In other words: cover up ('darken') the murder of the Lion (Sun) Tibor E in Sweden. Yellow is a symbol of the Sun, the yellow cross symbolizes crucifixion in Jerusalem. It was the Lion of Judah, the Jew Joseph Jr, who was crucified, a reincarnation of David. At the same time there was a symbolic solar eclipse. The Lamb (Moon/Virgin) Krister R is also part of the eclipse since he took over the Lion's, Tibor E's identity. There is a confirmation that the pope has accomplished his mission. On his second coat of arms there is a white silver cross, silver is a female symbol. In that way, Krister R is also in darkness. The roads of the Sun and the Moon intersect, a catastrophe in the secret, Christian world. During this pope's pontificate even the Swedish Church tried to hide the murder of Tibor E. They talk, for example, not much about Jews, nobody claimed that Jesus was a Jew. The pope visited Scandinavia in 1989. He came to Stockholm, met with the Bernadotte royal family and representatives of the Swedish government. This was a very important reason for his state visit to Stockholm. His visits to Stockholm and Copenhagen coincided with the last conclave on March 12, 2013. Not even this pope met my father regarding the current situation about his paternity. Why did the pope not reveal why he did not want to see my father, who was the most important human being in this context? Since both the Lion and the Lamb are in darkness, would the Vatican's next step have been to insert the third animal, the Bull, into my father's paternity issue instead of the Lamb? That is why there was no need for him to see my father, thought the pope. He, too, forgot about Pope Nicholas' message, and his coat of arms.



Benedict XVI was inaugurated on April 24, 2005. St. Malachy's motto was *Gloria Olivae, Glory of the Olive*, which reflects ancient Israel and its god the Serpent/Lamb. Pope Benedict XVI was a reincarnation of, among others, fisherman Zebedee's elder son James. He was Jesus'/the Lamb's apostle, his emblem was a shell. James was a member of Jesus'/the Lamb's inner circle and knew the secrets surrounding Jesus/the Lamb. His great interest was, among other things, science and Gnosticism. The shell is placed on his personal coat of arms. This pope possesses a higher level of knowledge. I believe that the dark portrait on his coat of arms is the symbolic, secret Lamb. James' attributes are, among other things, a book, a pilgrim's staff and a shell.



Benedictus PP XVI

Benedictus XVI, (2005–2013), Joseph Alois Ratzinger
267, 111 Glory of the Olive.

Anders Wejryd, Arch Bishop
Church of Sweden, 2006-2014

Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: **'For Sweden – With the Times'**
Was not crowned

The fact that this pope elevated the Lamb is known all over the Christian world. Glory of the Olive. On the cross, displayed by him to the whole world, was a Lamb instead of a Lion. He brought out the Lamb in the same way that Moses and John Paul II brought out the Serpent/Virgin "M" to all the world. The point is that both popes brought out the same God. A strange thing happened here in Sweden, in the Church of Sweden, at the beginning of this pope's pontificate in 2006. The then Arch Bishop Karl Gustav Hammar suddenly abandoned his position in Uppsala, in 2006. His motto was: *The Truth Will Liberate You*.



Arch Bishop KG Hammar, Church of Sweden, 1997-2006. Motto: *The Truth Will Liberate You*

He was a controversial Arch Bishop of Church of Sweden during his time in office. We understand that when we analyze his motto: *The Truth Will Liberate You*. If we take a closer look at his coat of arms, we will find the connection between the motto and his work.

During his time in office he said this:

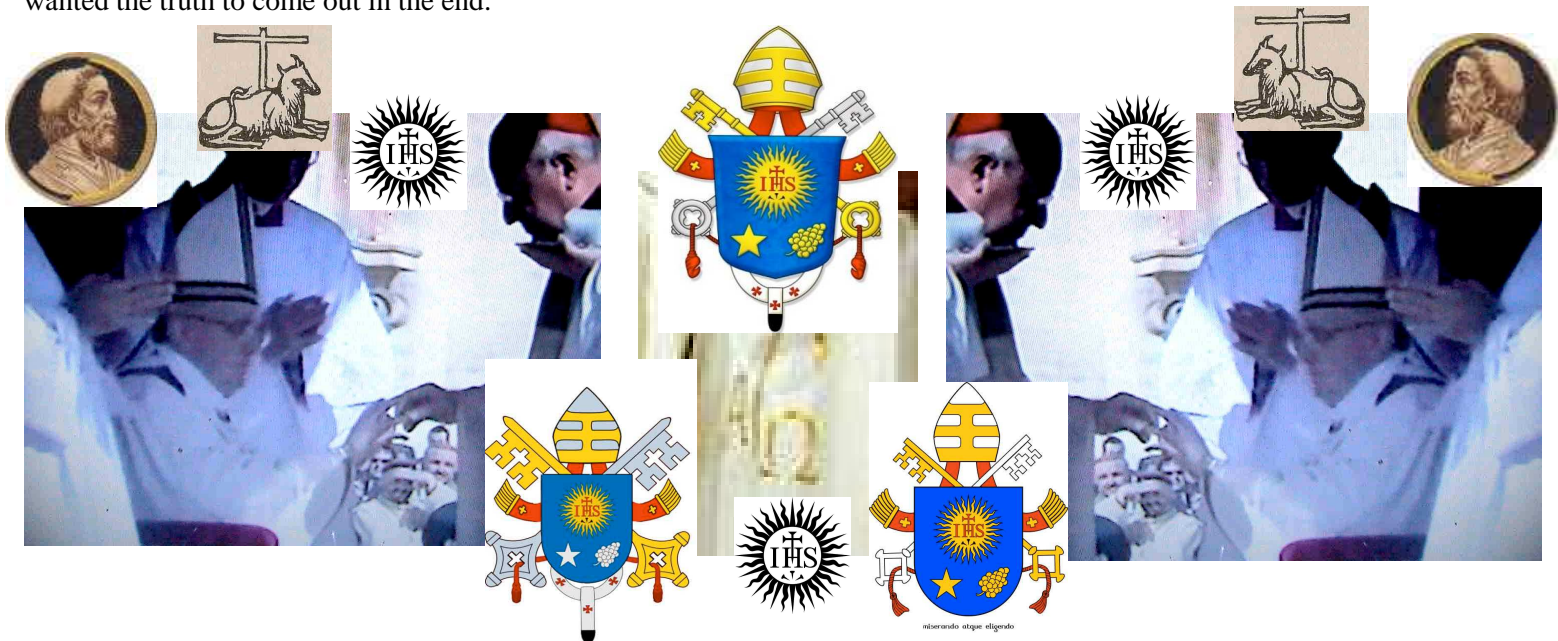
"My linguistic-philosophical understanding is important. The statement 'Jesus is the Son of God' did not mean the same thing 1,000 or 500 years ago as it means today. Our knowledge of the world is different and we have other experiences. We cannot avoid problems by just repeating old creeds. We can never completely lock up the mystery of God in formulas. It does not matter how we express it. God is. And God lets us see and understand him in a small or large way."

I am fairly sure that not many, except for him, understood what he meant. He could keep apart the Lion Tibor E and the Lamb Krister R, i.e. he knew about the murder of the Lion Tibor E and that the Lamb Krister had taken over his identity. On his coat of arms there is a black cross against a white background. The black cross darkens the murder of the Lion Tibor E. The white background means that there is knowledge about the murder of Tibor E and that the Lamb Krister R took over his identity. Neither of them is the Son of God. Hammar was part of Pope John Paul II's cover-up plan of the murder of Tibor E. It is self-evident that the head of state, the king, assisted. 2,000 years ago, after the crucifixion and funeral of the Lion, Joseph Jr, the Lamb Izates II, Jesus, appeared at the Resurrection. Everybody knew that the Lamb and the Lion were not identical, and the cover-up of the original crucifixion was necessary. Neither of them was God's Son. 1,000 years ago they knew that the Pole Stephen/István was not the same person as the heathen Vajk. A cover-up was also necessary at that time, according to religion; Neither of them was God's son. And 500 years ago we find Luther's black cross which also covers up the crucifixion in Jerusalem. His message does not tell us who is the Son of God.

Both the Lamb/Serpent and the Bull call themselves God, the only God. The question is: How can you be your own son? If we go back to Sumer, to the Family of Gods, we find Anu, the Father of Gods, i.e. God/the Lord. His first-born daughter was Tiamat/Virgin and his first-born son was Enki, later known as Adam in the Bible and via reincarnation known as, for example, Cyrus the Great, Menroth the Great, Zoroaster, Julius Caesar, John (the Baptist), Árpád and vitéz Kemény Simon. There is no information stating that Anu ever abdicated from the title of God/the Lord. As far as I understand he is still God/Lord and he now is in our solar system awaiting the return of the neutron star. More info at *Obscure Magyar*, pp 1-6 and *Ancient Persia and its Secret*, pp 9 and 12.

KG Hammar questioned, among other things, the Resurrection, the Virgin birth and other improbable items in the gospels. He was actually not a controversial arch bishop, but his knowledge was better than the knowledge among those who did not understand what was coming up. He and Pope John Paul II had good relations, he visited the Vatican and, as arch bishop of the Church of Sweden, he took part in a mass together with the pope in St. Peter's Basilica.

During Pope Benedict XVI's pontificate plans were made to remove the Lamb and replace him by the Bull. Pope Benedict XVI, who was a pope of the Lamb, found it comfortable to abdicate and hand over to a pope who represented the Bull. As far as I understand, Arch Bishop KG Hammar resigned as arch bishop in 2006 for the same reason, he did not want to insert the Bull into the Church of Sweden. His motto was: *The Truth Will Liberate You*. The truth is that the Bull is not identical with the Lamb and the Lamb is not identical with the Lion, Christianity is a true fake religion. It is time to close the shop. The Lamb/Jesus, too, wanted the truth to come out in the end.



Francis was inaugurated to the last pontificate on March 19, 2013, Carpenter Joseph's namesday. Exactly 69 years ago, on March 19, 1944, Nazi Germany, commanded by Gustaf Hitler, occupied Hungary in order to kill Jewess Maria's family and other Jews and Romanis and engage Hungary in the Second World War. Joseph's namesday coincides with my father Tibor Kemény's paternity issue concerning the Lion Tibor E and the Lamb Krister R. St. Malachy's motto for this last pope is *Peter the Roman, Petrus Romanus*, the last pope in a line of 112. I believe this pope to be a reincarnation, probably of Linus who was a high priest around AD 67-79, shortly after Simon Peter, the first high priest, and also of Cardinal Pacca during the pontificate of Paul VII. Pope Francis belongs to the Society of Jesus, a Bull's pope. His blue and yellow coat of arms also confirms this. Blue and yellow are also the colors of the Swedish flag.



Francis 1, 2013-, Jorge Mario Bergoglio
268 112, Petrus Romanus

Anders Wejryd, Arch Bishop
Church of Sweden, 2006-2014

Carl Gustaf XVI, 1973 -
Motto: "For Sweden-With the Times"
Was not crowned

Despite the fact that Pope Francis is a Bull's pope, he must deal with the Church's 2000-year-long bloody activities, he is responsible for the long and bloody drama directed by the Dragon, the Mother Church. Someone has to be the last pope and he was chosen. He finds himself in an impossible situation when it comes to the *Foundation Stone*, which now bears upon the Bull Jesus Christ, i.e. the Bull Jesus as Antichrist in a church which is disintegrating. The co-operation with the Church of Sweden and the royal family gave as a result a Big Bang, a stumbling block. I will not be surprised if this pope, on a sunny day, will deliver the following message: "Each Christian nation must erect a statue like the one that was erected during the reign of Nebuchadnezzar in Babylonia. The Kingdom of Sweden could be first nation to erect a statue in front of the royal palace in Stockholm. More info at *The Hanging Gardens of Babylon*, page 7.



Anders Wejryd, Arch Bishop Church of Sweden, 2006-2014.

Motto: **Parate viam Domini**/ Prepare the Way of the Lord

On September 2, 2006, in Uppsala, Anders Wejryd was elected new arch bishop of the Church of Sweden, after KG Hammar. His motto is: Prepare the Way of the Lord.

If we analyze his coat of arms we find the dark, black cross on which the Lutheran Church finds its support. The whole background is dark, black as the night, the Lutheran Swedish Church now exists in total darkness, led by the arch bishop in the dark, in secrecy, as Prepare the Way of the Lord.

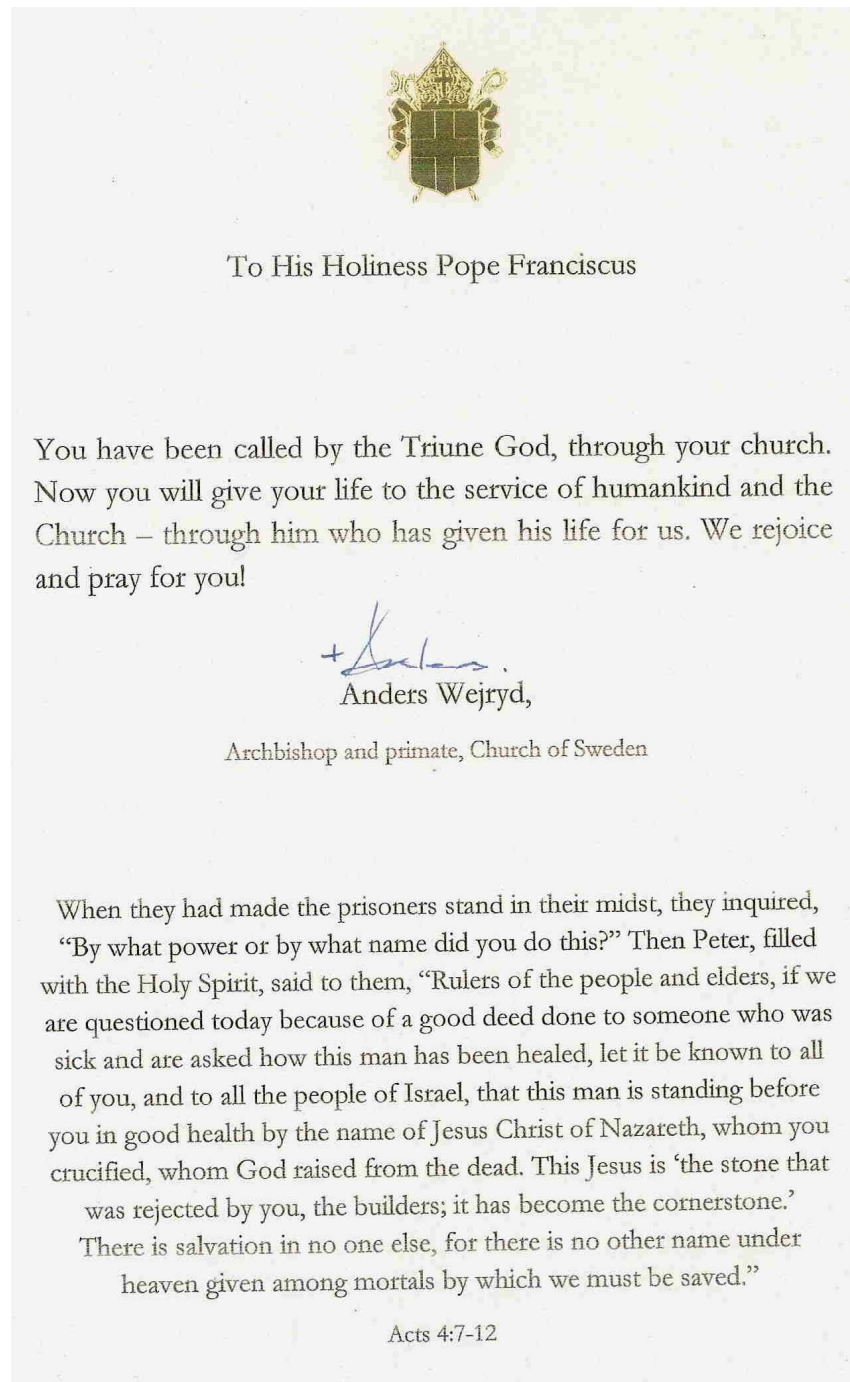
On March 13, 2013, in Rome, the Jesuit Francis was elected to become the new, and last, pope. Arch Bishop Wejryd sent a congratulation telegram to the new pope. At the same time he sent a message, a quotation from the *Acts of the Apostles, Acts 4:7-12*. The quotation states that Jesus Christ is the foundation stone and that the arch bishop will build on this stone in the dark Church of Sweden. My link *Foundation Stone* deals with this, an example is page 70. Jesus Christ is here Jesus the Bull, Antichrist Jesus, so the arch bishop's motto, coat of arms and the telegram quotation correspond to his dark church activities.

During the 1970's and 90's the authorities never mentioned the name Tibor E. Church of Sweden almost never mentioned that Jesus was a Jew and they did not say much about the Jews either. Now, during the management of this arch bishop, the name Krister R is gone, the courts of law never say anything about him, they have returned to the name Tibor E. The Church has started to talk about Jesus being a Jew, how important the Jews are. A message to all the world about the Jew Jesus, who never existed in real life. But the Church never mentions that the Jewish boy Tibor E was thrown away in a plastic bag into a grave at the cemetery of the Catholic congregation in Solna.

As far as I can understand, the Lamb Krister R is removed by the arch bishop and the king and the Bull appears, named Tibor E. In this way, *Prepare the Way of the Lord* goes from the arch bishop through the church, black as night, led by the power of the royal family. *In hoc signo vinces, in this sign you will conquer*. That is with the sign of the cross, with E.

Krister R är en reincarnation of, among others, Queen Christina. The day when the bubble bursts over the dark Church of Sweden, Arch Bishop KG Hammar's motto will come true: *The Truth will Liberate You*. Sweden, as a nation, must immediately become a republic and leave religion and the Church behind.

Note, that while Cardinal Siri, Pope Gregory XVII, was alive, the Lamb Krister R could not be removed.



To His Holiness Pope Francis

You have been called by the Triune God, through your church. Now you will give your life to the service of humankind and the Church – through him who has given his life for us. We rejoice and pray for you!

Anders Wejryd
Anders Wejryd,

Archbishop and primate, Church of Sweden

When they had made the prisoners stand in their midst, they inquired, "By what power or by what name did you do this?" Then Peter, filled with the Holy Spirit, said to them, "Rulers of the people and elders, if we are questioned today because of a good deed done to someone who was sick and are asked how this man has been healed, let it be known to all of you, and to all the people of Israel, that this man is standing before you in good health by the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, whom you crucified, whom God raised from the dead. This Jesus is 'the stone that was rejected by you, the builders; it has become the cornerstone.' There is salvation in no one else, for there is no other name under heaven given among mortals by which we must be saved."

Acts 4:7-12

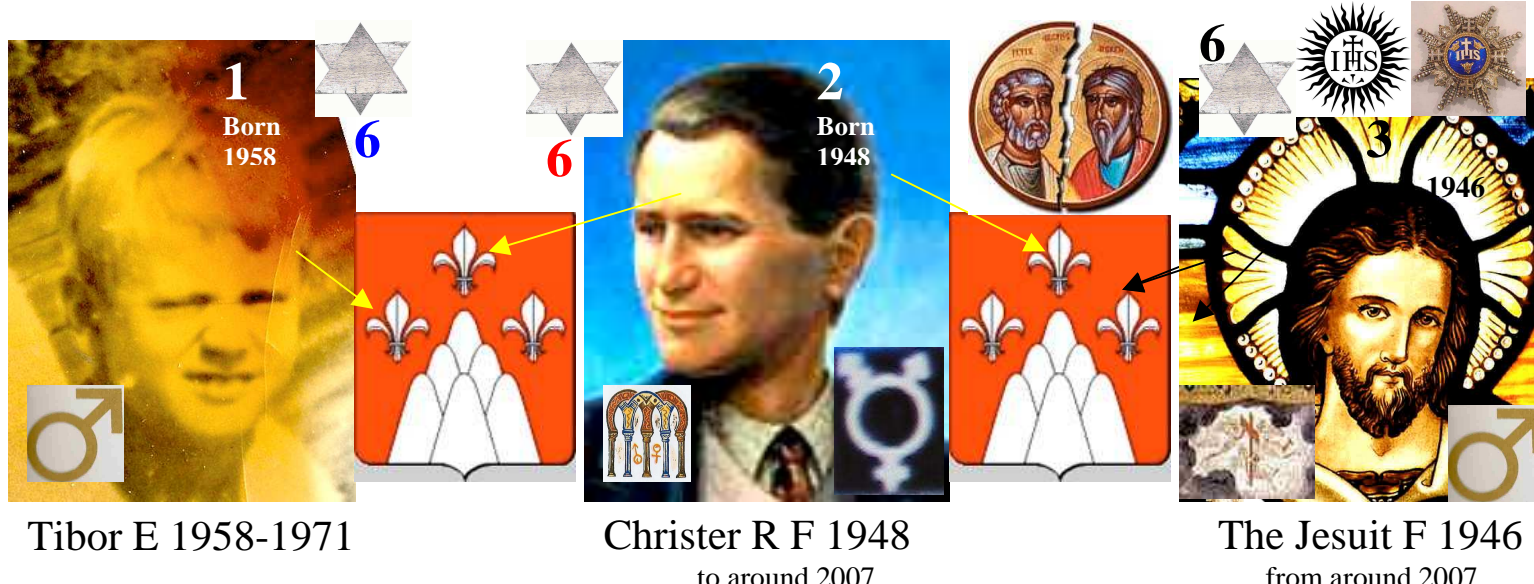
I. Uppgift om födelse Ifylles endast om barnet icke var fött, när erkännandet avgavs.

Födelsedatum/nr: 24/12-58
 Län/stad: Ögärde
 Linköping den 19 januari 1959
 För Linköpings barnavårdsnämnd
 Ordförande: *Piprid Molander*

This is one part of the settlement, signed on January 19, 1958, in Linköping. At the top (1): 'Information on the birth of the child to be filled out only if the child was not born when the acknowledgement was made.' Below the name of the child is Maria's surname E. and the child's date of birth: **December 24, 1958**. The first time my father saw this was during court proceedings about maintenance allowance to Krister R. The document does not state who has been born and to whom my father is the father. This has been secretly used against my father by, among others, Church of Sweden. Where is Krister R on the document? In correspondence, he is mentioned as being a woman. The Bull is a male individual. You normally never sign a paternity acknowledgement in a foreign language which you do not master and when there is no child around. There is no court of law on this planet, except in the kingdom of Sweden which will acknowledge and impose maintenance allowance as above to a child who does not exist or is not known. More info at *The Fourth Pyramid Which Disappeared*, pp 53-54.



When an avalanche starts there is no power which can stop it, it goes forth all the way to its goal. Symbolically, the avalanche started 1959 in Linköping and reached its goal at the cemetery of the Catholic congregation in Solna in 2013. This is basis of Christianity and reflects the crucifixion in Jerusalem and the burial of the Lion, the Jew Joseph Jr.



The digits $6 + 6 + 6 = 18$. 18 is my father's birthday, April 18, and September 18, when he was deceived to acknowledge paternity of and maintenance allowance for a child who had not yet been born. This corresponds to Rev. 13:17-18. If you add these numbers, the sum will be 666, the beast and the Mother Church, the Dragon. The Holy See and Church of Sweden belong to the Dragon.



Rev. 5:5-6

The Victorious Lion of Judah



The last discourse of Pius XII is as a dark vision.



VILLE D'AJACCIO



almost an apocalyptic prophecy about the Church and the world.



Judah/Francis I/Napoleon/Haile Selassie
The Lion of Judah



David/Joseph Jr/Attila/Vajk/Tibor E
The Lion of Judah



The Fullness of Time

Dan, 12:4 and 12:13

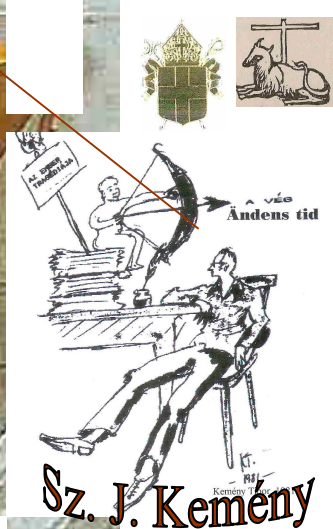
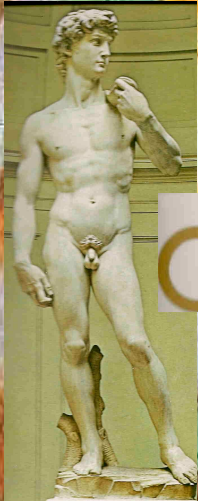
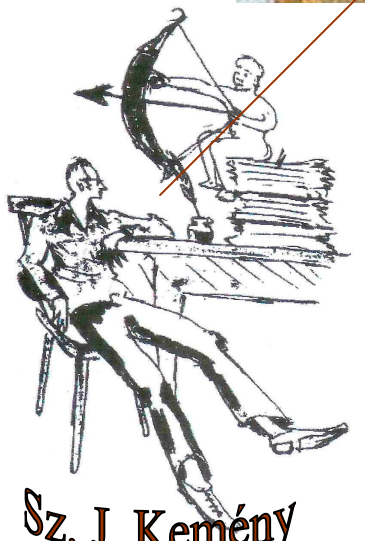
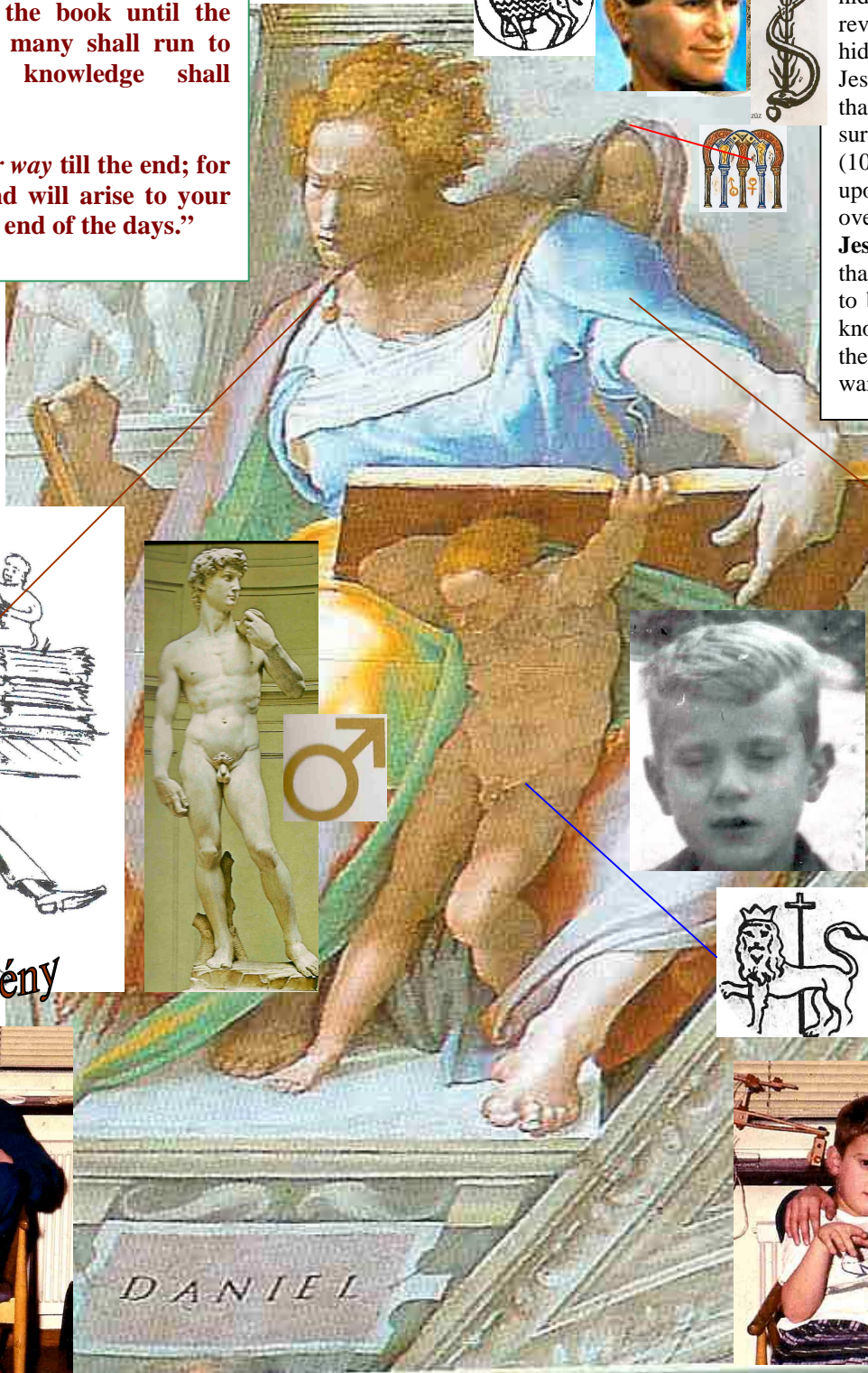
".../ But you, Daniel, shut up the words, and seal the book until the time of the end; many shall run to and fro, and knowledge shall increase."

"But you, go *your way* till the end; for you shall rest, and will arise to your inheritance at the end of the days."

Final:



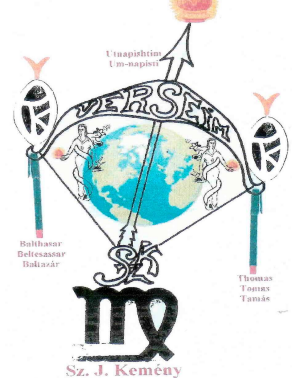
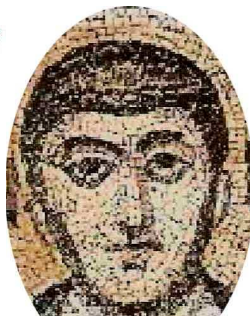
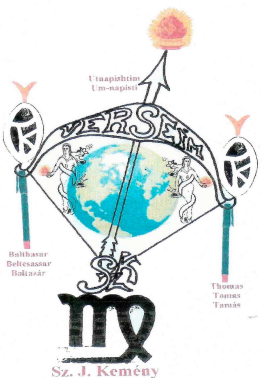
Jesus said: "Know that what is before Your face, and what is hidden from You will be revealed to You. For nothing hidden will fail to be revealed." Jesus also wanted everything that is revealed to come to the surface to let the world know. (10) Jesus said: "I have cast fire upon the world, and see, I watch over it until it blazes up." (16) Jesus said: "Men think, perhaps, that it is peace which I have come to bring to the world. They do not know that I have come to bring to the earth: discord, fire, sword, and war./.../ - .



Tibor E. and I, Szabolcs/ Josef
Photo: Tibor Kemény 1964
Stockholm

Michelangelo, Daniel, Sistine Chapel,
Rome, 1511

Tibor E. and I, Szabolcs/ Josef
Photo: Tibor Kemény 1964
Stockholm



Thomas, Tomas, Tamás